## SEARCH REQUEST FORM

# Scientific and Technical Information Center

Requester's Full Name:  Art Unit: 1752 Phone	Number W 2 71333	Examiner #: 76060 Date: 9-20-200 Serial Number: 10/646,307	
Mail Box and Bldg/Room Location	on: <u>9066</u> Resi	ults Format Preferred (circle): PAPER DISK E-MA	AIL
If more than one search is sub-	mitted, please prioritiz	ze searches in order of need.	
Please provide a detailed statement of th Include the elected species or structures,	*****************  The search topic, and describe  Reywords, synonyms, acron  That may have a special me  That may have a special me	as specifically as possible the subject matter to be searched.  nyms, and registry numbers, and combine with the concept or  eaning. Give examples or relevant citations, authors, etc. if  abstract.  SCIENTER	****
Title of Invention:	12. Ale Bik	abstract.  SCIENTIFIC REFERENCE  SEP 1807 111	
Inventors (please provide full names):		SEP 2 C K	91
Earliest Priority Filing Date:		Pat. & T.M. Office	
		parent, child, divisional, or issued patent numbers) along with the	
appropriate serial number.	in a second of the second of t	purent, chia, aivisional, or issuea patent numbers) along with the	!
		which contams	ηna
D poly carbosilan	es of gen.	formula	. —
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ts: tcH2	(r)	1 ≥1 , X≥1)	(-c
	(CH3)		= N ==================================
ar	Chromophore.	movety) Such as those of the attached spec. pg. 6	
-	named o	of the attached spec. pg. 6	
· @ . CrossImking	component	(Such as glycoluril, alcohols	
and the	aromatic alcol	1015, hydroxybenzyl, Phenol,	1
a cash wart. Cyc	loalipinhic al	cohois, aliphatic alcohois.	
if hits (Thinks!) Cycloh	exanoyl, propa	epoxides	1/40/001 ==================================
STAFF USE ONLY	Type of Scarch	**************************************	
Searcher:	NA Sequence (#)	STN # 703.71-	
Searcher Phone #:	AA Sequence (#)	Dialog	
Searcher Location:	Structure (#)	Questel/Orbit	
Date Searcher Picked Up. 9/28/05	Bibliographic	Dr.Link	
Date Completed: 9125 105	Litigation	Lexis/Nexis	
Searcher Prep & Review Time:	. Fulltext	Sequence Systems	
Clerical Prep Time:	Patent Family	WWW/Internet	****
Online Time:	Other	Other (specify)	
PTO-1590 (8-01)	•	·	



### UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1430 Alexandria, Vignais 22313-1450

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Bib Data Sheet

**CONFIRMATION NO. 9204** 

BID Data Sneet	·							
SERIAL NUMBEI 10/646,307	FILING DATE 08/22/2003 RULE		CLASS 430	GROI	UP ART 1752	UNIT	D	ATTORNEY OCKET NO. 1920020289US1
APPLICANTS								
Katherina Ba	abich, Chappaqua, NY;							
Arpan P. Ma Dirk Pfeiffer,	g, Tarrytown, NY; ahorowala, Bronxville, NY;C , Dobbs Ferry, NY; ole, Croton-on-Hudson, NY;		vledeiros, Oss	ining, N	IY;			
** CONTINUING D		37L						·
** FOREIGN APPL	ICATIONS	**** SJ	<u>_</u>					
IF REQUIRED, FO ** 11/13/2003	REIGN FILING LICENSE	GRANTE	ED					
Foreign Priority claimed 35 USC 119 (a-d) condition	— yes — nio — iviet alti	ter	STATE OR	SHE	ETS	тот	AL	INDEPENDENT
met Verified and Acknowledged	Allovance S	SJL itials	COUNTRY NY	1	DRAWING CLAI			CLAIMS 3
ADDRESS Ryan, Mason & Lev Suite 205 1300 Post Road Fairfield , CT 06824	wis, LLP						)	
TITLE	mask and uses thereof							
					☐ All F	Fees		
	·		•	1	□ 1.1	6 Fees (	Filing	,)
FILING FEE FEES: Authority has been given in Paper  to charge/credit DEPOSIT ACCOUNT								

The composition may comprise from about 50 weight percent (wt.%) to about 98 wt.%, on a solids basis, polymer. For example, the composition may comprise from about 70 wt.% to about 80 wt.% polymer.

As mentioned above, each R group can be either a chromophore moiety, a transparent moiety, or a crosslinking component. The carbosilane polymer backbone itself is generally transparent to most wavelengths employed. However, the introduction of fluorine-containing moieties or SiO-containing units, which are substantially transparent to the imaging radiation, may be desirable. In some instances, multiple moieties and/or crosslinking components may be present on the same carbosilane or SiO-containing unit. For example, a crosslinking component and a chromophore moiety may be present on the same carbosilane unit.

The chromophore moiety may comprise any suitable chromophore moiety which can be grafted onto the carbosilane or SiO-containing units with suitable radiation absorption characteristics and does not adversely affect the performance of either the antireflective hardmask composition, or any overlying radiation-sensitive layers. Suitable chromophore moieties include, but are not limited to, phenyl, chrysenes, pyrenes, fluoranthrenes, anthrones, benzophenones, thioxanthones, and anthracenes canthracene derivatives, for example those described in Renner, U.S. Patent 4,371,605 "Photopolymerizable Compositions Containing N-hydroxyamide and N-hydroxyamide Sulfonates," the disclosure of which is incorporated by reference herein, may also be used (e.g., 9-Anthracene methanol is a preferred chromophore for 248 nanometer (nm) lithography). The chromophore moiety preferably does not contain nitrogen, except for possibly deactivated amino nitrogen such as in phenol thiazine. For 193 nm lithography, non-aromatic compounds containing unsaturated carbon bonds, e.g., carbon to carbon double bonds, are also suitable chromophores. Highly crosslinked carbosilanes can have suitable optical properties at 193 nm without the addition of a chromophore. For 157 nm

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=> fil req
FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 15:49:59 ON 28 SEP 2005
=> d his ful
     FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 12:03:10 ON 28 SEP 2005
L1
              1 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON US20050042538/PN
               D SCAN
                SEL RN
     FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 12:03:31 ON 28 SEP 2005
L2
             10 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON (106-92-3/BI OR 1627-98-1/BI OR
                1628-01-9/BI OR 2530-83-8/BI OR 2996-92-1/BI OR
                62306-27-8/BI OR 845815-80-7/BI OR 845815-81-8/BI OR
                845815-82-9/BI OR 845815-83-0/BI)
               D SCAN
     FILE 'LREGISTRY' ENTERED AT 12:09:44 ON 28 SEP 2005
L3
               STR
     FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 12:10:41 ON 28 SEP 2005
               SCR 2043
L4
             50 SEA SSS SAM L3 AND L4
L5
L6
               STR L3
             50 SEA SSS SAM L6 AND L4
L7
               D QUE STAT L7
              1 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON 106-92-3/RN
L8
               D SCAN
L9
            50 SEA SSS SAM L6
L10
         602138 SEA SSS FUL L6
              3 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L10 AND L2
L11
               D SCAN
L12
         602138 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L10 OR L10
               D RN 300000
L13
         300000 SEA RAN=(163773-54-4,) ABB=ON PLU=ON L10 OR L10
         302138 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L12 NOT L13
L14
     FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 14:38:12 ON 28 SEP 2005
L15
         72410 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L13
     FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 14:39:59 ON 28 SEP 2005
       302138 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L14 OR L14
L16
               D RN 150000
         150000 SEA RAN=(114048-53-2,) ABB=ON PLU=ON L12 NOT L13
L17
L18
        152138 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L16 NOT L17
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         62271 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L17
L19
         201320 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L18
L20
L21
          2047 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L8
L22
         258114 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L15 OR L19 OR L20
           550 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L21 AND L22
L23
L24
            89 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L23 AND CROSSLINK?
L25
         16236 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L22(L)(CROSSLINK? OR ALCOHOL? OR
               ETHER? OR EPOXID? OR OXIRAN?)
L26
            34 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L25(L)ANTIREFLECT?
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23 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L26 AND PHOTO?/SC.SX

1 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L24 AND ANTIREFLECT?

L27

L28

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L29
            3 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L24 AND PHOTO?/SC,SX
            25 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L27 OR L28 OR L29
L30
             1 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L30 AND L1
L31
               D L1 ALL
L32
            58 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L25 AND (ANTIREFLECT? OR ANTI(A) REF
               LECT?)
L33
            31 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L32 AND PHOTO?/SC, SX
L34
             1 SEA ABB-ON PLU-ON L23 AND (ANTIREFLECT? OR ANTI(A) REF
               LECT?)
            33 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L30 OR L33 OR L34
L35
               D HITSTR
               D HIT
               D HIT 2-3
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FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 15:35:12 ON 28 SEP 2005 L36 62750 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L10 AND PMS/CI SAV L36 TEMP LEE307/A

NODE ATTRIBUTES:
CONNECT IS X2 RC AT 2
DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM
DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED

GRAPH ATTRIBUTES:
RING(S) ARE ISOLATED OR EMBEDDED
NUMBER OF NODES IS 4

STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE

L8	1	SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON PLU=ON 106-92-3/RN
L10	602138	SEA FILE=REGISTRY SSS FUL L6
L12	602138	SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON PLU=ON L10 OR L10
L13	300000	SEA FILE=REGISTRY RAN=(163773-54-4,) ABB=ON PLU=ON
		L10 OR L10
L14	302138	SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON PLU=ON L12 NOT L13
L15	72410	SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L13
L16	302138	SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON PLU=ON L14 OR L14
L17	150000	SEA FILE=REGISTRY RAN=(114048-53-2,) ABB=ON PLU=ON
		L12 NOT L13
L18	152138	SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON PLU=ON L16 NOT L17
L19	62271	SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L17
L20	201320	SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L18
L21	2047	SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L8
L22	258114	SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L15 OR L19 OR L20
L23	550	SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L21 AND L22
L24	89	SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L23 AND CROSSLINK?
L25	16236	SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L22(L)(CROSSLINK? OR
		ALCOHOL? OR ETHER? OR EPOXID? OR OXIRAN?)
L26	34	SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L25(L)ANTIREFLECT?
L27	23	SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L26 AND PHOTO?/SC,SX
L28	1	SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L24 AND ANTIREFLECT?

L29	3	SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON	PLU=ON	L24 AND PHOTO?/SC,SX
L30	25	SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON	PLU=ON	L27 OR L28 OR L29
L32	58	SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON	PLU=ON	L25 AND (ANTIREFLECT?
		OR ANTI(A)REFLECT?)		
L33	31	SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON	PLU=ON	L32 AND PHOTO?/SC,SX
L34	1	SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON	PLU=ON	L23 AND (ANTIREFLECT?
	(	OR ANTI(A)REFLECT?)		
L35	33	SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON	PLU=ON	L30 OR L33 OR L34

=> fil hcap

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 15:50:16 ON 28 SEP 2005

=> d 135 1-33 ibib abs hitstr hitind

L35 ANSWER 1 OF 33 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2005:822724 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

143:238781

TITLE:

Antireflective fluoropolymer layers,

films having them, and displays using the

films

INVENTOR(S):

Yoshizawa, Masataka

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Fuji Photo Film Co., Ltd., Japan

SOURCE:

Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 52 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 2005221963	A2	20050818	JP 2004-32107	2004
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 2004-32107	0209
				2004 0209

AB The layers, comprising plural layers having different refractive index, have low-refractive index layers containing fluoropolymers and other fluoropolymers containing units derived from CH2CR0L(CF2)nH (R0 = H, halo, Me; L = bivalent linkage; n = 1-18) with unit content ≥50% or F content ≥30% based on total polymer weight In the films, the layers showing good scratch resistance are uniformly formed on transparent substrates, resulting in displays, e.g., liquid crystal displays, forming high-contrast images.

IT 655244-59-0P, Glycidyl vinyl ether

-hexafluoropropylene-X 22-169AS copolymer **764650-49-9P**, Hexafluoropropylene-2-hydroxyethyl vinyl ether copolymer acrylate-X 22-164B copolymer

(antireflective films having low-refractive index layers comprising fluoropolymer blends for displays)

RN 655244-59-0 HCAPLUS

CN

Poly[oxy(dimethylsilylene)],  $\alpha$ -[dimethyl[3-(7-oxabicyclo[4.1.0]hept-3-ylmethoxy)propyl]silyl]- $\omega$ -[[dimethyl[3-(7-oxabicyclo[4.1.0]hept-3-

ylmethoxy)propyl]silyl]oxy]-, polymer with
[(ethenyloxy)methyl]oxirane and 1,1,2,3,3,3-hexafluoro-1-propene
(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 192120-80-2 CMF (C2 H6 O Si)n C24 H46 O5 Si2 CCI PMS

PAGE 1-A

PAGE 1-B

CM 2

CRN 3678-15-7 CMF C5 H8 O2

CM 3

CRN 116-15-4 CMF C3 F6

RN 764650-49-9 HCAPLUS

CN Ethanol, 2-(ethenyloxy)-, polymer with 1,1,2,3,3,3-hexafluoro-1-propene, 2-propenoate, polymer with α-[dimethyl[3-[(2-methyl-1-oxo-2-propenyl)oxy]propyl]silyl]-ω-[[dimethyl[3-[(2-methyl-1-oxo-2-propenyl)oxy]propyl]silyl]oxy]poly[oxy(dimethylsilylene)] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 58130-03-3 CMF (C2 H6 O Si)n C18 H34 O5 Si2 CCI PMS

CM 2

CRN 655247-42-0 CMF (C4 H8 O2 . C3 F6)x . x C3 H4 O2

CM 3

CRN 79-10-7 CMF C3 H4 O2

CM 4

CRN 613687-03-9 CMF (C4 H8 O2 . C3 F6)x CCI PMS

CM 5

CRN 764-48-7 CMF C4 H8 O2

 $HO-CH_2-CH_2-O-CH=-CH_2$ 

CM 6

CRN 116-15-4 CMF C3 F6

```
CF_2
F-C-CF3
IC
     ICM G02B001-11
     ICS B32B027-30; G02B001-10
CC
     74-13 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and
     Photographic and Other Reprographic Processes)
     Section cross-reference(s): 38, 73
ST
     fluoropolymer blend antireflective film display
IT
     Liquid crystal displays
     Optical imaging devices
        (antireflective films having low-refractive index
        layers comprising fluoropolymer blends for displays)
IT
     Fluoropolymers, preparation
        (antireflective films having low-refractive index
        layers comprising fluoropolymer blends for displays)
     Polymer blends
IT
        (antireflective films having low-refractive index
        layers comprising fluoropolymer blends for displays)
IT
     Acrylic polymers, preparation
        (silsesquioxane-, fluorine-containing; antireflective
        films having low-refractive index layers comprising
        fluoropolymer blends for displays)
IT
     26246-67-3P, 1H,1H,7H-Dodecafluoroheptyl acrylate homopolymer
     62725-57-9P 655244-59-0P, Glycidyl vinyl ether
     -hexafluoropropylene-X 22-169AS copolymer 764650-49-9P,
     Hexafluoropropylene-2-hydroxyethyl vinyl ether copolymer
     acrylate-X 22-164B copolymer 848664-31-3P
                                                   860473-66-1P
                                 862590-81-6P
     862582-61-4P 862582-62-5P
        (antireflective films having low-refractive index
        layers comprising fluoropolymer blends for displays)
L35 ANSWER 2 OF 33 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
                        2005:608834 HCAPLUS
ACCESSION NUMBER:
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
                         143:142869
TITLE:
                        Flat antireflective films, sheet
                        polarizers comprising same films, and liquid
                         crystal displays
                         Ando, Takumi
INVENTOR(S):
                         Fuji Photo Film Co., Ltd., Japan
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):
SOURCE:
                         Jpn. Kokai Tokkyø Koho, 66 pp.
                         CODEN: JKXXAF
DOCUMENT TYPE:
                         Patent
LANGUAGE:
                         Japanese
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:
PATENT INFORMATION:
     PATENT NO.
                         KIND
                                DATE
                                            APPLICATION NO.
                                                                   DATE
                         ____
                                20050714
     JP 2005186275
                          A2
                                            JP 2003-426627
                                                                   2003
                                                                   1224
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
                                           JP 2003-426627
                                                                   2003
                                                                   1224
```

The antireflective film comprises a transparent support, AB ≥1 hard coat layers, and an low-refractive-index outermost layer, wherein the support is made of a cellulose ester film formed by dope casting and treated by stretching in the width direction. The antireflective film has a central-line average surface roughness (Ra) of ≤0.10 µm. Also claimed is a sheet polarizer comprising a polarizing film, the antireflective film protectively formed on one side of the polarizing film, and another protective film on the other side. The another protective film may be made of a hybrid aligned discotic liquid crystalline compound Also claimed is a liquid crystal display employing the antireflective film or the sheet polarizer. The antireflective film provides high uniform images. IT 160716-45-0P, KBM 5103 homopolymer (crosslinked, in low-refractive-index outermost layer; in antireflective film containing dope-cast cellulose ester support, for sheet polarizer and LCD) RN 160716-45-0 HCAPLUS CN 2-Propenoic acid, 3-(trimethoxysilyl)propyl ester, homopolymer (CA INDEX NAME) (9CI)

CM 1

CRN 4369-14-6 CMF C9 H18 O5 Si

$$\begin{array}{c|c} \text{OMe} & \text{O} \\ | & | \\ \text{MeO-Si-(CH2)}_3 - \text{O-C-CH} \end{array} \\ \text{CH}_2 \\ | & \text{OMe} \end{array}$$

TT 764650-49-9P, Hexafluoropropylene-2-hydroxyethyl vinyl ether copolymer acrylate-X 22-164B copolymer
(in low-refractive-index outermost layer; in antireflective film containing dope-cast cellulose ester support, for sheet polarizer and LCD)
RN 764650-49-9 HCAPLUS

CN Ethanol, 2-(ethenyloxy)-, polymer with 1,1,2,3,3,3-hexafluoro-1-propene, 2-propenoate, polymer with  $\alpha$ -[dimethyl[3-[(2-methyl-1-oxo-2-propenyl)oxy]propyl]silyl]- $\omega$ -[[dimethyl[3-[(2-methyl-1-oxo-2-propenyl)oxy]propyl]silyl]oxy]poly[oxy(dimethylsilylene)] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 58130-03-3 CMF (C2 H6 O Si)n C18 H34 O5 Si2 CCI PMS

CM 2

CRN 655247-42-0 CMF (C4 H8 O2 . C3 F6)x . x C3 H4 O2

CM 3

CRN 79-10-7 CMF C3 H4 O2

CM 4

CRN 613687-03-9 CMF (C4 H8 O2 . C3 F6)x CCI PMS

CM 5

CRN 764-48-7 CMF C4 H8 O2

$$HO-CH_2-CH_2-O-CH=-CH_2$$

CM 6

CRN 116-15-4 CMF C3 F6

IC ICM B32B023-08 ICS B32B007-02; G02B001-10; G02B001-11; G02B005-30; G02F001-1335;

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G02F001-1336
```

- CC 74-13 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and Other Reprographic Processes) Section cross-reference(s): 38, 73
- ST antireflective film support cellulose ester dope casting stretching; sheet polarizer protective antireflective film support cellulose ester; liq crystal display antireflective film
- IT Polysiloxanes, preparation

(acrylic, fluorine-containing, in low-refractive-index outermost layer; in antireflective film containing dope-cast

cellulose ester support, for sheet polarizer and LCD)

IT Fluoropolymers, preparation

(acrylic-polysiloxane-, in low-refractive-index outermost layer; in **antireflective** film containing dope-cast cellulose ester support, for sheet polarizer and LCD)

IT Antireflective films

Liquid crystal displays

Polarizing films

(antireflective film containing dope-cast cellulose ester support, for sheet polarizer and LCD)

IT Casting of polymeric materials

(cellulose ester dopes; antireflective film containing dope-cast cellulose ester support, for sheet polarizer and LCD)

IT Polysiloxanes, preparation

(in low-refractive-index outermost layer; in antireflective film containing dope-cast cellulose ester support, for sheet polarizer and LCD)

IT 7631-86-9, KE-P 150, uses

(KE-P 150, in hard coat layer; in **antireflective** film containing dope-cast cellulose ester support, for sheet polarizer and LCD)

IT 9004-35-7DP, saponified

(antireflective film containing dope-cast cellulose ester support, for sheet polarizer and LCD)

IT 9003-53-6, Polystyrene

(crosslinked, in hard coat layer; in antireflective film containing dope-cast cellulose ester support, for sheet polarizer and LCD)

IT 160716-45-0P, KBM 5103 homopolymer

(crosslinked, in low-refractive-index outermost layer; in antireflective film containing dope-cast cellulose ester support, for sheet polarizer and LCD)

IT 1314-23-4, Zirconia, uses

(fine particles, in hard coat layer; in antireflective film containing dope-cast cellulose ester support, for sheet polarizer and LCD)

IT 188722-79-4P, Dipentaerythritol hexaacrylate-KBM 5103 copolymer (in hard coat layer; in **antireflective** film containing dope-cast cellulose ester support, for sheet polarizer and LCD)

IT 365440-38-6, DeSolite Z 7526 521322-95-2, Chemisnow MX 150 701913-07-7, DeSolite Z 7404 799764-53-7, MXS 300 847995-61-3, Chemisnow SX 350H

(in hard coat layer; in antireflective film containing dope-cast cellulose ester support, for sheet polarizer and LCD)

IT 121436-62-2P

(in high-refractive-index layer; in antireflective film containing dope-cast cellulose ester support, for sheet polarizer and LCD)

IT 847675-61-0, MPT 129C.

```
(in high-refractive-index layer; in antireflective
        film containing dope-cast cellulose ester support, for sheet
        polarizer and LCD)
IT
     764650-49-9P, Hexafluoropropylene-2-hydroxyethyl vinyl
     ether copolymer acrylate-X 22-164B copolymer
        (in low-refractive-index outermost layer; in
        antireflective film containing dope-cast cellulose ester
        support, for sheet polarizer and LCD)
     853299-87-3, Opstar JN 7228A
IT
        (in low-refractive-index outermost layer; in
        antireflective film containing dope-cast cellulose ester
        support, for sheet polarizer and LCD)
L35 ANSWER 3 OF 33 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER:
                         2005:408540 HCAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
                         142:472676
TITLE:
                         Antireflective and -glare films,
                         their manufacture, polarizer plates, and
                         displays therewith
INVENTOR(S):
                         Kato, Shinya; Nakamura, Kazuhiro
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):
                         Fuji Photo Film Co., Ltd., Japan
SOURCE:
                         Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 62 pp.
                         CODEN: JKXXAF
DOCUMENT TYPE:
                         Patent
LANGUAGE:
                         Japanese
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:
PATENT INFORMATION:
     PATENT NO.
                         KIND
                                DATE
                                            APPLICATION NO.
                                                                   DATE
     ______
                                            JP 2005122147
                                20/050512
                          A2
                                            JP 2004-273537
                                                                   2004
                                                                   0921
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
                                            JP 2003-331517
                                                                   2003
                                                                   0924
     The films have, on one side of transparent supports (via hardcoat
AB
     underlayers), antireflective layers of uniform
     thickness, arithmetic average surface roughness (Ra) 0.02-1 µm, average
     peak-valley pitch/5-65 μm, and Rz/Ra ≤10 (Rz =
     10-point-average surface roughness). The film surface may be embossed
     to have the maximum peak height ≤2 µm and emboss pattern
     profile having inclination angle distributed in
     ≤15°. The hardcoat underlayers may be formed from
     compns. containing polymers with repeating unit [CHA1CA2(LP)] [A1, A2
     = H, aliph, group, CO2R1, CH2CO2R1 (R1 = hydrocarbyl; P =
     monovalent ring-opening polymerizable group or ethylenically
     unsatd. group); L = single bond, bivalent linking group] and
     ethylenically unsatd. crosslinking monomers. Manufacture of the films,
     by surface embossing to make the said texture, is also claimed.
     Polarizers having the AR films and twisted discotic liquid
     crystal-employed retarder films as the pair of protective films,
     are further claimed.
IT
     4369-14-6, 3-Acryloyloxypropyltrimethoxysilane
        (crosslinking agents, low-n layers; manufacture of
        embossed antireflective films having high
        weatherability for polarizers and displays)
```

4369-14-6 HCAPLUS

RN

CN 2-Propenoic acid, 3-(trimethoxysilyl)propyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

$$\begin{array}{c|c} \text{OMe} & \text{O} \\ \mid & \mid \mid \\ \text{MeO-Si-(CH_2)}_3 - \text{O-C-CH} \end{array} \\ \text{CH}_2 \\ \mid & \text{OMe} \end{array}$$

IT 4369-14-6DP, KBM 5103, hydrolyzed, crosslinked with fluorine-containing polysiloxanes

(low-n layers; manufacture of embossed antireflective

films having high weatherability for polarizers and displays)

RN 4369-14-6 HCAPLUS

CN 2-Propenoic acid, 3-(trimethoxysilyl)propyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

$$\begin{array}{c|c} \text{OMe} & \text{O} \\ | & | | \\ \text{MeO-Si-} (\text{CH}_2)_3 - \text{O-C-CH} \end{array} \text{CH}_2 \\ | & \text{OMe} \end{array}$$

IC ICM G02B001-11

ICS G02B001-10; G02B005-30; G02F001-1335

- CC 74-13 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and Other Reprographic Processes)
  Section cross-reference(s): 38, 73
- ST antireflective antiglare film embossed surface weatherability; photocationically curable hardcoat underlayer antireflective film durability; thermally crosslinkable hardcoat underlayer antireflective flim; LCD polarizer antiglare embossed antireflective film

IT Polyurethanes, preparation

(acrylic, hardcoat underlayers; manufacture of embossed antireflective films having high weatherability for polarizers and displays)

IT Fluoropolymers, preparation

(di-Me siloxane-, Opstar JN 7228, acryloyloxypropyltrimethoxysi lane-crosslinked, low-n layers; manufacture of embossed antireflective films having high weatherability for polarizers and displays)

IT Polysiloxanes, preparation

(di-Me, fluorine-containing, Opstar JN 7228, acryloyloxypropyltrimethoxysilane-crosslinked, low-n layers; manufacture of embossed antireflective films having high weatherability for polarizers and displays)

IT Liquid crystals

(discotic, twisted, retarder films; manufacture of embossed antireflective films having high weatherability for polarizers and displays)

IT Polysiloxanes, preparation

(fluorine-containing, JSR-JTA 113, reaction products with acryloyloxypropyltrimethoxysilane, low-n layers; manufacture of embossed antireflective films having high weatherability for polarizers and displays)

```
IT
     Antireflective films
     Embossing
     Liquid crystal displays
     Optical imaging devices
     Polarizers
        (manufacture of embossed antireflective films having high
        weatherability for polarizers and displays)
IT
     Polysiloxanes, preparation
        (methacrylate-, X 22 164C, polymers with unsatd.
        fluoropolymers, low-n layers; manufacture of embossed
        antireflective films having high weatherability for
        polarizers and displays)
IT
     Fluoropolymers, preparation
        (polysiloxane-, JSR-JTA 113, reaction products with
        acryloyloxypropyltrimethoxysilane, low-n layers; manufacture of
        embossed antireflective films having high
        weatherability for polarizers and displays)
     13463-67-7, Titania, uses
IT
        (alumina- and stearic acid-modified, hardcoat underlayers;
        manufacture of embossed antireflective films having high
        weatherability for polarizers and displays)
     851627-08-2
IT
        (composite oxides modified with; manufacture of embossed
        antireflective films having high weatherability for
        polarizers and displays)
IT
     4369-14-6, 3-Acryloyloxypropyltrimethoxysilane
        (crosslinking agents, low-n layers; manufacture of
        embossed antireflective films having high
        weatherability for polarizers and displays)
IT
     37268-90-9, S 45C, uses
        (emboss plates; manufacture of embossed antireflective
        films having high weatherability for polarizers and displays)
IT
     851627-05-9P
        (hardcoat layers; manufacture of embossed antireflective
        films having high weatherability for polarizers and displays)
IT
     187106-56-5P 851627-06-0P 851632-27-4P
        (hardcoat underlayers; manufacture of embossed
        antireflective films having high weatherability for
        polarizers and displays)
IT
     184247-27-6, Tipaque TTO 55B
        (hardcoat underlayers; manufacture of embossed
        antireflective films having high weatherability for
        polarizers and displays)
     835617-38-4P
TT
        (high-n layers; manufacture of embossed antireflective
        films having high weatherability for polarizers and displays)
IT
     851632-19-4P
        (high-n layers; manufacture of embossed antireflective
        films having high weatherability for polarizers and displays)
IT
     9002-89-5, Poly(vinyl alcohol)
        (iodine-adsorbed, polarizers; manufacture of embossed
        antireflective films having high weatherability for
       polarizers and displays)
     77641-99-7DP, Kayarad DPHA, crosslinked with methacrylate-containing
TT
     silicones
                 646508-62-5DP, crosslinked with methacrylate-containing
     silicones
        (low-n layers; manufacture of embossed antireflective
        films having high weatherability for polarizers and displays)
TΤ
     7631-86-9, MEK-ST, uses
        (low-n layers; manufacture of embossed antireflective
```

```
films having high weatherability for polarizers and displays)
IT
     4369-14-6DP, KBM 5103, hydrolyzed, crosslinked
     with fluorine-containing polysiloxanes
        (low-n layers; manufacture of embossed antireflective
        films having high weatherability for polarizers and displays)
IT
     37247-93-1P, Cobalt titanium oxide 37368-09-5P, Titanium
                      218275-60-6P, Aluminum cobalt titanium oxide
     zirconium oxide
     403857-81-8P, Bismuth titanium zirconium oxide
        (medium-n layers; manufacture of embossed antireflective
        films having high weatherability for polarizers and displays)
                    851632-21-8P 851632-23-0P 851632-24-1P
TΤ
     851632-20-7P
     851632-26-3P
        (medium-n layers; manufacture of embossed antireflective
        films having high weatherability for polarizers and displays)
     851627-07-1P, Cobalt tantalum titanium oxide
IT
        (modified with silyl compds., medium-n layers; manufacture of
        embossed antireflective films having high
        weatherability for polarizers and displays)
IT
     799763-20-5, Wide View Film SA 12B
        (retarder films; manufacture of embossed antireflective
        films having high weatherability for polarizers and displays)
     9004-34-6D, Cellulose, acylates
IT
        (substrates; manufacture of embossed antireflective films
        having high weatherability for polarizers and displays)
     9012-09-3, TD 80UF
IT
        (substrates; manufacture of embossed antireflective films
        having high weatherability for polarizers and displays)
     57-11-4, Stearic acid, uses 1344-28-1, Alumina, uses
TΤ
        (titania modifiers; manufacture of embossed antireflective
        films having high weatherability for polarizers and displays)
L35 ANSWER 4 OF 33 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER:
                         2005:340697 HCAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
                         142:400724
                         Antireflective films, their optical
TITLE:
                         interference layers, their coatings, and
                         polarizers and displays equipped with the same
                         Maejima, Katsumi; Shibue, Toshiaki; Saito,
INVENTOR(S):
                         Koichi
                         Konica Minolta Opto Inc., Japan
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):
SOURCE:
                         Jpn. Kokai Tøkkyo Koho, 52 pp.
                         CODEN: JKXXAF
DOCUMENT TYPE:
                         Patent
LANGUAGE:
                         Japanese
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:
PATENT INFORMATION:
     PATENT NO.
                         KIND
                                DATE
                                            APPLICATION NO.
                                                                   DATE
     JP 2005107093
                                20050421
                                            JP 2003-339557
                                                                   2003
                                                                   0930
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
                                            JP 2003-339557
                                                                   2003
                                                                   0930
AB
     The coatings contain oxide microparticles (e.g., silica, Sb oxide,
     ATO, P-doped St oxide, ITO, etc.), organometallic compds., and
     diacetone alc / (I) and are prepared through a step where the oxide
```

USHA SHRESTHA EIC 1700 REM 4B28

microparticles are dispersed in I-containing solvents. The microparticles may have titania-based cores and metal oxide (A)-based shells and satisfy Ti/A (atomic) (60-95):(5-40). Interference layers formed from the coatings by UV irradiation, and antireflective films having sequential layers of high-n layers of the above layers and silica-based low-n layers on supports, are sep. claimed. The coatings show fine and stable dispersion of the microparticles and form layers with good strength and high refractive index, producing displays with less white spots.

IT **52004-97-4P**, KBM 503 homopolymer

(high-n layer coatings; diacetone alc.-containing high-n coatings with stable dispersion of oxide particles for AR films of polarizers)

RN 52004-97-4 HCAPLUS

CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, 3-(trimethoxysilyl)propyl ester, homopolymer (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 2530-85-0 CMF C10 H20 O5 Si

$$\begin{array}{c|c} ^{H_2C} & \text{O} & \text{OMe} \\ \parallel & \parallel & \parallel \\ \text{Me-} & \text{C-} & \text{C-} & \text{O-} & \text{(CH}_2)_3 - \text{Si-} & \text{OMe} \\ & & \parallel & & \parallel \\ \text{OMe} \end{array}$$

#### IT 188722-81-8P

(high-n layers; diacetone **alc.**-containing high-n coatings with stable dispersion of oxide particles for AR films of polarizers)

RN 188722-81-8 HCAPLUS

CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, 3-(trimethoxysilyl)propyl ester, polymer with 2-[[3-[(1-oxo-2-propenyl)oxy]-2,2-bis[[(1-oxo-2-propenyl)oxy]methyl]propoxy]methyl]-2-[[(1-oxo-2-propenyl)oxy]methyl]-1,3-propanediyl di-2-propenoate (9CI) (CAINDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 29570-58-9 CMF C28 H34 O13

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CM 2
```

CRN 2530-85-0 CMF C10 H20 O5 Si

$$^{
m H_2C}_{\parallel}$$
 O OMe  $^{
m CMe}_{\parallel}$  Me-C-C-O-(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>3</sub>-Si-OMe  $^{
m CMe}_{\parallel}$  OMe

IC ICM G02B001-11

ICS B05D007-04; B05D007-24; B32B007-02; G02B005-30

CC 74-13 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and Other Reprographic Processes)
Section cross-reference(s): 73

ST antireflective film core shell oxide particle dispersibility; organometallic compd oxide dispersion interference coating; diacetone alc dispersed microparticulate oxide. interference coating

IT Antireflective films
Liquid crystal displays

Polarizers

(diacetone alc.-containing high-n coatings with stable dispersion of oxide particles for AR films of polarizers)

IT 52004-97-4P, KBM 503 homopolymer

(high-n layer coatings; diacetone alc.-containing high-n coatings with stable dispersion of oxide particles for AR films of polarizers)

IT 188722-81-8P

(high-n layers; diacetone alc.-containing high-n coatings with stable dispersion of oxide particles for AR films of polarizers)

L35 ANSWER 5 OF 33 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2005:281064 /HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

142:326115

TITLE:

Antiglare and antireflective films,

their manufacture, polarizers therewith, and

liquid crystal displays

INVENTOR(S):

Kawanishi, Naoyuki; Hayashi, Tadashi;

Fujiwara, Kazuhiko

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Fuji Photo Film Co., Ltd., Japan Jpn./Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 39 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

SOURCE:

Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 2005084113	A2	20050331	JP 2003-312868	2003 0904

USHA SHRESTHA EIC 1700 REM 4B28

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:

JP 2003-312868

2003 0904

AB Polymer (e.g., cellulose actylates) films are knurled by hot rollers under conditions of contact time 0.1-10 s and film temperature (TE - 30)-TE (°; TE = roller temperature) at the beginning of the knurling to have microunevenness on surface. Polarizers having the films as protective films on one or both sides are further claimed. Displays including the polarizers exhibit improved image quality.

IT 655244-59-0P, Glycidyl vinyl ether

-hexafluoropropylene-X 22 169AS copolymer

(low-n layers; manufacture of antiglare and antireflective films by knurling under prescribed temperature conditions for LCD)

RN 655244-59-0 HCAPLUS

Poly[oxy(dimethylsilylene)],  $\alpha$ -[dimethyl[3-(7-oxabicyclo[4.1.0]hept-3-ylmethoxy)propyl]silyl]- $\omega$ -[[dimethyl[3-(7-oxabicyclo[4.1.0]hept-3-ylmethoxy)propyl]silyl]oxy]-, polymer with [(ethenyloxy)methyl]oxirane and 1,1,2,3,3,3-hexafluoro-1-propene (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CN

CRN 192120-80-2

CMF (C2 H6 O Si)n C24 H46 O5 Si2

CCI PMS

PAGE 1-A

PAGE 1-B

CM 2

CRN 3678-15-7 CMF C5 H8 O2

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CM
          3
     CRN 116-15-4
     CMF C3 F6
  CF<sub>2</sub>
F-C-CF3
IC
     ICM G02B005-02
     ICS G02B001-10; G02B001-11; G02B005-30; G02F001-1335; H05B033-14;
          H05B033-02
CC
     74-13 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and
     Photographic and Other Reprographic Processes)
     Section cross-reference(s): 38, 73
ST
     antiglare antireflective polymer film display quality;
     knurling temp condition emboss roll antiglare film; cellulose
     triacetate antiglare film LCD polarizer
     Antireflective films
IT
        (antiglare; manufacture of antiglare and antireflective
        films by knurling under prescribed temperature conditions for LCD)
IT
     Electroluminescent devices
        (displays; manufacture of antiglare and antireflective
        films by knurling under prescribed temperature conditions for LCD)
     Luminescent screens
TΤ
        (electroluminescent; manufacture of antiglare and
        antireflective films by knurling under prescribed temperature
        conditions for LCD)
TT
     Polysiloxanes, processes
        (fluorine-containing, low-n layers; manufacture of antiglare and
        antireflective films by knurling under prescribed temperature
        conditions for LCD)
     Embossing
IT
     Liquid crystal displays
     Polarizers
        (manufacture of antiglare and antireflective films by
        knurling under prescribed temperature conditions for LCD)
IT
     Fluoropolymers, processes
        (polysiloxane-, low-n layers; manufacture of antiglare and
        antireflective films by knurling under prescribed temperature
        conditions for LCD)
     655247-42-0P, Hexafluoropropylene-2-hydroxyethyl vinyl ether
IT
     copolymer acrylate
        (cured, low-n layers; manufacture of antiglare and
        antireflective films by knurling under prescribed temperature
        conditions for LCD)
IT
     88583-06-6P, Kayarad DPHA homopolymer
        (hardcoat layers; manufacture of antiglare and
        antireflective films by knurling under prescribed temperature
        conditions for LCD)
IT
     7631-86-9, MEK-ST, uses
        (hardcoat layers; manufacture of antiglare and
        antireflective films by knurling under prescribed temperature
        conditions for LCD)
IT
     13463-67-7, Titania, uses 184247-27-6, Tipaque TTO 55B
        (high-n layers; manufacture of antiglare and antireflective
        films by knurling under prescribed temperature conditions for LCD)
IT
     9002-89-5, Poly(vinyl alcohol)
```

```
(iodine-adsorbed, polarizers; manufacture of antiglare and
        antireflective films by knurling under prescribed temperature
        conditions for LCD)
IT
     655244-59-0P, Glycidyl vinyl ether
     -hexafluoropropylene-X 22 169AS copolymer
        (low-n layers; manufacture of antiglare and antireflective
        films by knurling under prescribed temperature conditions for LCD)
IT
     9004-34-6D, Cellulose, acylates 9012-09-3, TAC TD 80U
        (substrates; manufacture of antiglare and antireflective
        films by knurling under prescribed temperature conditions for LCD)
L35 ANSWER 6 OF 33 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER:
                         2005:177131 HCAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
                         142:269522
TITLE:
                         Optical films and their scratch-resistant
                         antireflective films for polarizers
                         and display devices
                         Noro, Masaki; Yasuda, Jomokazu; Ibuki,
INVENTOR(S):
                         Shuntaro
                         Fuji Photo Film Co.,/Ltd., Japan
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):
                         Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 48 pp.
SOURCE:
                         CODEN: JKXXAF
DOCUMENT TYPE:
                         Patent
LANGUAGE:
                         Japanese
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:
PATENT INFORMATION:
     PATENT NO.
                         KIND
                                DATE
                                            APPLICATION NO.
                                                                    DATE
                         ----
                                 20050303
                                            JP 2003-286798
     JP 2005053105
                          A2
                                                                    2003
                                                                    0805
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
                                            JP 2003-286798
                                                                    2003
                                                                    0805
     The optical films have optically functional layers containing 0.01-10%
AB
     polymers with Mw 500,000-5,000,000 on transparent substrates. The
     antireflective films are useful as protective films for
     polarizers of liquid crystal displays.
     655244-59-0P, Glycidyl vinyl ether
IT
     -hexafluoropropylene-X 22-169AS copolymer 764650-49-9P,
     Hexafluoropropylene-2-hydroxyethyl vinyl ether copolymer
     acrylate-X 22/164B copolymer
        (low-n lager; optical films and their scratch-resistant
        antireflective films for polarizers and display
        devices/
RN
     655244-59/0 HCAPLUS
CN
     Poly[oxy(dimethylsilylene)], \alpha-[dimethyl[3-(7-
     oxabicyclo[4.1.0]hept-3-ylmethoxy)propyl]silyl]-\omega-
     [[dimethyl[3-(7-oxabicyclo[4.1.0]hept-3-
     ylmethoxy)propyl]silyl]oxy]-, polymer with
     [(ethenyloxy)methyl]oxirane and 1,1,2,3,3,3-hexafluoro-1-propene
     (9CI)
           (CA INDEX NAME)
    CM
          1
     CRN 192120-80-2
     CMF (C2 H6 O Si)n C24 H46 O5 Si2
```

CCI PMS

PAGE 1-A

PAGE 1-B

CM 2

CRN 3678-15-7 CMF C5 H8 O2

CM 3

CRN 116-15-4 CMF C3 F6

CN

RN 764650-49-9 HCAPLUS

Ethanol, 2-(ethenyloxy)-, polymer with 1,1,2,3,3,3-hexafluoro-1-propene, 2-propenoate, polymer with  $\alpha$ -[dimethyl[3-[(2-methyl-1-oxo-2-propenyl)oxy]propyl]silyl]- $\omega$ -[[dimethyl[3-[(2-methyl-1-oxo-2-propenyl)oxy]propyl]silyl]oxy]poly[oxy(dimethylsilylene)] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 58130-03-3

CMF (C2 H6 O Si)n C18 H34 O5 Si2

CCI PMS

CM 2

CRN 655247-42-0 CMF (C4 H8 O2 . C3 F6)x . x C3 H4 O2

CM 3

CRN 79-10-7 CMF C3 H4 O2

CM 4

CRN 613687-03-9 CMF (C4 H8 O2 . C3 F6)x CCI PMS

CM 5

CRN 764-48-7 CMF C4 H8 O2

$$HO-CH_2-CH_2-O-CH-CH_2$$

CM 6

CRN 116-15-4 CMF C3 F6

IC ICM B32B027-20
 ICS C09D005-00; C09D201-00; G02B001-10; G02B001-11; G02B005-02;

USHA SHRESTHA EIC 1700 REM 4B28

```
G02B005-30; G02F001-1335; G09F009-00; H05B033-02; H05B033-14
CC
     74-13 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and
     Photographic and Other Reprographic Processes)
     Section cross-reference(s): 38, 73
ST
     optical film antireflective scratch resistance
     polarizer; liq crystal display polarizer cellulose triacetate
     film; polyethyl methacrylate silica PMMA particle film;
     dipentaerythritol acrylate zirconia acryloxypropyltrimethoxysilane
     antireflective film; polysiloxane fluoropolymer
     antireflective film cellulose triacetate
     Polysiloxanes, preparation
TT
        (acrylic, fluorine-containing, low-n layer; optical films and their
        scratch-resistant antireflective films for polarizers
        and display devices)
IT
     Fluoropolymers, preparation
        (acrylic-polysiloxane-, low-n layer; optical films and their
        scratch-resistant antireflective films for polarizers
        and display devices)
IT
     Silsesquioxanes
        (acrylic; optical films and their scratch-resistant
        antireflective films for polarizers and display
        devices)
IT
     Fluoropolymers, uses
        (di-Me siloxane-, JN 7228, low-n layer; optical films and their
        scratch-resistant antireflective films for polarizers
        and display devices)
IT
     Polysiloxanes, uses
        (di-Me, fluorine-containing, JN 7228, low-n layer; optical films
        and their scratch-resistant antireflective films for
        polarizers and display devices)
IT
     Electroluminescent devices
        (displays, organic; optical films and their scratch-resistant
        antireflective films for polarizers and display
        devices)
IT
     Luminescent screens
        (electroluminescent, organic; optical films and their
        scratch-resistant antireflective films for polarizers
        and display devices)
IT
     Polysiloxanes, preparation
        (epoxy, fluorine-containing, low-n layer; optical films and their
        scratch-resistant antireflective films for polarizers
        and display devices)
IT
     Fluoropolymers, preparation
        (epoxy-polysiloxane-, low-n layer; optical films and their
        scratch-resistant antireflective films for polarizers
        and display devices)
IT
    Antireflective films
     Liquid crystal displays
     Optical films
     Optical imaging devices
     Polarizers
        (optical films and their scratch-resistant
        antireflective films for polarizers and display
        devices)
IT
     Epoxy resins, preparation
        (polysiloxane-, fluorine-containing, low-n layer; optical films and
        their scratch-resistant antireflective films for
        polarizers and display devices)
IT
     7631-86-9, Silica, uses
        (Seahostar KE-P 150; optical films and their scratch-resistant
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antireflective films for polarizers and display
        devices)
     9011-14-7, Poly(methyl methacrylate)
IT
        (crosslinked; optical films and their scratch-resistant
        antireflective films for polarizers and display
        devices)
     655244-59-0P, Glycidyl vinyl ether
TΥ
     -hexafluoropropylene-X 22-169AS copolymer 764650-49-9P,
     Hexafluoropropylene-2-hydroxyethyl vinyl ether copolymer
     acrylate-X 22-164B copolymer
        (low-n layer; optical films and their scratch-resistant
        antireflective films for polarizers and display
        devices)
     4369-14-6DP, KBM 5103, polymers with UV-curable monomers and
IT
     dipentaerythritol acrylate 9003-42-3P, Poly(ethyl methacrylate)
     9011-15-8P, Poly(isobutyl methacrylate) 9012-09-3DP, TAC-TD 80U,
                  52004-97-4P, 3-Methacryloyloxypropyltrimethoxysilane
                   77641-99-7DP, Kayarad DPHA, polymers with UV-curable
     homopolymer
     monomers and acryloxyloxypropyltrimethoxysilane
                                                       88583-06-6P,
     Kayarad DPHA homopolymer 159338-14-4P, 3-
     Methacryloyloxypropyltrimethoxysilane homopolymer ladder sru
     160716-45-0P, 3-Acryloyloxypropyltrimethoxysilane homopolymer
     602305-48-6P, 3-Acryloyloxypropyltrimethoxysilane homopolymer
     ladder sru
        (optical films and their scratch-resistant
        antireflective films for polarizers and display
        devices)
     1314-23-4, Zirconia, uses 799764-53-7, MXS 300
ΙT
        (optical films and their scratch-resistant
        antireflective films for polarizers and display
        devices)
IT
     701913-07-7, DeSolite Z 7404
        (optical films and their scratch-resistant
        antireflective films for polarizers and display
        devices)
TΤ
     613687-03-9P, Hexafluoropropylene-2-hydroxyethyl vinyl ether
     copolymer
                 655244-55-6P, Glycidyl vinyl ether-hexafluoropropylene
                 655247-42-0P, Hexafluoropropylene-2-hydroxyethyl vinyl
     copolymer
     ether copolymer acrylate
        (optical films and their scratch-resistant
        antireflective films for polarizers and display
        devices)
TΤ
     9012-09-3, TAC-TD 80U
        (transparent substrate; optical films and their
        scratch-resistant antireflective films for polarizers
        and display devices)
L35 ANSWER 7 OF 33 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER:
                         2005:160708 HCAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
                         142:269217
TITLE:
                         Antireflective hard mask and uses
                         thereof
INVENTOR(S):
                         Babich, Katherina; Huang, Elbert; Mahorowala,
                         Arpan P.; Medeiros, David R.; Pfeiffer, Dirk;
                         Temple, Karen
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):
                         International Business Machines Corporation,
SOURCE:
                         U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 12 pp.
                         CODEN: USXXCO
DOCUMENT TYPE:
                         Patent
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LANGUAGE:

English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 2005042538	A1	20050224	US 2003-646307	2003
JP 2005070776	A2	20050317	JP 2004-237692	0822
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 2003-646307 A	2004 0817
				2003 0822

- AB Antireflective hard mask compns. and techniques for the use of antireflective hard mask compns. for processing of semiconductor devices are provided. In one aspect of the invention, an antireflective hard mask layer for lithog. is provided. The antireflective hard mask layer comprises a carbosilane polymer backbone comprising at least one chromophore moiety and at least one transparent moiety, and a crosslinking component. In another aspect of the invention, a method for processing a semiconductor device is provided. The method comprises the steps of: providing a material layer on a substrate and forming an antireflective hard mask layer over the material layer.
- IT 2530-83-8D, Glycidoxypropyltrimethoxysilane, reaction products with dimethoxypolycarbosilane (antireflective hard mask for extreme-UV photolithog.)

2530-83-8 HCAPLUS RN

CN Silane, trimethoxy[3-(oxiranylmethoxy)propyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX

$$\begin{array}{c|c} \text{OMe} & \text{OMe} \\ \hline \text{CH}_2\text{-O-(CH}_2)_3\text{-Si-OMe} \\ \hline \\ \text{OMe} \end{array}$$

ΙŤ 106-92-3P, Allyl glycidyl ether 62306-27-8DP, Poly[(methylsilylene)(methylene)], reaction product with allyl glycidyl ether 845815-83-0P

(antireflective hard mask for extreme-UV photolithoq.)

RN 106-92-3 HCAPLUS

CN Oxirane, [(2-propenyloxy)methyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 62306-27-8 HCAPLUS Poly[(methylsilylene) (methylene)] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN845815-83-0 HCAPLUS

CN Poly[[methyl[3-(oxiranylmethoxy)propyl]silylene]methylene] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

IT 106-92-3D, Allyl glycidyl ether, reaction products with poly(Me hydrogencarbosilanes)

(preparation of hard masks for extreme-UV photolithog.)

RN 106-92-3 HCAPLUS

Oxirane, [(2-propenyloxy)methyl] - (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) CN

ICM G03F007-00 IC

INCL 430270100; 430322000; 430950000

74-5 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and Other Reprographic Processes) Section cross-reference(s): 35, 38, 76

ST antireflective hard mask photolithog semiconductor device fabrication

IT Antireflective films

Semiconductor device fabrication

(antireflective hard mask for extreme-UV photolithog.)

IT Photolithography

> (extreme-UV; antireflective hard mask for extreme-UV photolithog.)

IT Silsesquioxanes

> (polycarbosilane-; antireflective hard mask for extreme-UV photolithog.)

ΙT Polycarbosilanes

(silsesquioxane-; antireflective hard mask for

extreme-UV photolithog.)

2530-83-8D, Glycidoxypropyltrimethoxysilane, reaction IT products with dimethoxypolycarbosilane 2996-92-1D, Phenyltrimethoxysilane, reaction products with dimethoxypolycarbosilane

(antireflective hard mask for extreme-UV

```
photolithog.)
     106-92-3P, Allyl glycidyl ether 62306-27-8DP,
IT
     Poly[(methylsilylene)(methylene)], reaction product with allyl
     glycidyl ether 845815-81-8P 845815-82-9P
     845815-83-0P
        (antireflective hard mask for extreme-UV
        photolithoq.)
IT
     1627-98-1 1628-01-9
        (antireflective hard mask for extreme-UV
        photolithog.)
IT
     845815-80-7P
        (antireflective hard mask for extreme-UV
        photolithog.)
IT
     106-92-3D, Allyl glycidyl ether, reaction products with
     poly(Me hydrogencarbosilanes)
        (preparation of hard masks for extreme-UV photolithog.)
L35 ANSWER 8 OF 33 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER:
                         2005:135754 HCAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
                         142:229105
                         Curable block copolyester compositions,
TITLE:
                         articles and having cured layers therefrom,
                         weather-resistant antireflective
                         (AR) films, polarizers, and displays therewith
INVENTOR(S):
                         Kato, Eiichi
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):
                         Fuji Photo Film Co., Ltd.; Japan
SOURCE:
                         Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 74 pp.
                         CODEN: JKXXAF
DOCUMENT TYPE:
                         Patent
LANGUAGE:
                         Japanese
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:
PATENT INFORMATION:
     PATENT NO.
                         KIND
                                DATÆ
                                            APPLICATION NO.
                                                                   DATE
                         - - - -
     JP 2005042072
                         A2
                                /20050217
                                            JP 2003-280476
                                                                    2003
                                                                    0725
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
                                            JP 2003-280476
                                                                    2003
                                                                    0725
     The curable compns./contain (1) AB, ABA, or comb-shaped block
AB
     copolymers composed of block A comprising radically polymerizable
    monomers and block B of polyesters and (2) compds. which cure with
     light or heat. The AR film comprises a transparent support having
     thereon a multidayer composed of a high-refractive index (n.)
     layer formed by application and curing of the curable compns. and
     showing n. 1.$5-2.50 and a low-n. layer, provided in this order.
     In another afternative, the AR film comprises a transparent
     support having thereon a multilayer composed of an antiglare layer
     formed by application and curing of the curable compns. which
     further contains mat particles with diameter 0.5-10 \mu m and a
     low-n. layer, provided in this order. Preferably, a hard coat is
    disposed between the transparent support and the high-n. layer.
    The polarizer of the display employs the AR film as at least one
    of the protective films.
IT
    1185-55-3DP, Methyltrimethoxysilane, block copolymers
```

crosslinked with

```
(curable block copolyester compns. for weather-resistant
        antireflective or antiglare films for protection of
        display polarizers)
RN
     1185-55-3 HCAPLUS
     Silane, trimethoxymethyl- (6CI, 8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
CN
     OMe
MeO-Si-Me
     OMe
IC
     ICM C08L087-00
         B32B007-02; B32B027-36; C08L055-00; C08L101-02; G02B001-10;
          G02B001-11; G02B005-30
CC
     74-13 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and
     Photographic and Other Reprographic Processes)
     Section cross-reference(s): 37, 38
ST
     block polyester curable antireflective film polarizer;
     display polarizer antireflective film block polyester;
     antiglare film curable block polyester compn; liq crystal display
     polarizer protection film
TT
     Polyurethanes, preparation
        (acrylates, crosslinked, hard coat; curable block copolyester
        compns. for weather-resistant antireflective or
        antiglare films for protection of display polarizers)
IT
     Polyesters, preparation
        (acrylic, block, diblock; curable block copolyester compns. for
        weather-resistant antireflective or antiglare films
        for protection of display polarizers)
IT
     Polyesters, preparation
        (acrylic, block, triblock; curable block copolyester compns.
        for weather-resistant antireflective or antiglare
        films for protection of display polarizers)
IT
     Polyesters, preparation
        (acrylic, graft, comb; curable block copolyester compns. for
       weather-resistant antireflective or antiglare films
        for protection of display polarizers)
IT
     Antireflective films
    Liquid crystal displays
     Polarizers
        (curable block copolyester compns. for weather-resistant
       antireflective or antiglare films for protection of
       display polarizers)
IT
    Polyesters, uses
        (curable block copolyester compns. for weather-resistant
       antireflective or antiglare films for protection of
       display polarizers)
IT
    Fluoropolymers, preparation
        (di-Me siloxane-, JSR-JN 7228, crosslinked, low-refractive
       index layer; curable block copolyester compns. for
       weather-resistant antireflective or antiglare films
       for protection of display polarizers)
IT
    Polysiloxanes, preparation
        (di-Me, fluorine-containing, JSR-JN 7228, crosslinked,
       low-refractive index layer; curable block copolyester compns.
       for weather-resistant antireflective or antiglare
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films for protection of display polarizers)

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402829-66-7, SX 200HS
IT
     365441-47-0, DeSolite Z 7402
        (antiglare coating component; curable block copolyester compns.
        for weather-resistant antireflective or antiglare
        films for protection of display polarizers)
     77641-99-7, Kayarad DPHA
ΙT
        (antiglare layer-forming composition containing; curable block
        copolyester compns. for weather-resistant
        antireflective or antiglare films for protection of
        display polarizers)
IT
     843652-11-9DP, reaction products with qlycidyl mercaptoethyl ether
                   843652-16-4DP, reaction products with
     843652-15-3P
     3-mercaptopropyltrimethoxysilane
                                        844465-65-2P
        (assumed and actual monomers, comb; curable block copolyester
        compns. for weather-resistant antireflective or
        antiglare films for protection of display polarizers)
     843663-39-8P
IT
        (assumed and actual monomers, crosslinked, hard coat; curable
        block copolyester compns. for weather-resistant
        antireflective or antiglare films for protection of
        display polarizers)
IT
     843652-18-6P
        (assumed and actual monomers, crosslinked; curable block
        copolyester compns. for weather-resistant
        antireflective or antiqlare films for protection of
        display polarizers)
IT
     791853-65-1P
                   843651-99-0P
                                  843652-00-6P
                                                 843652-02-8DP,
     reaction products with Et carbamate 843652-06-2P
                                                         843661-18-7P
     843662-08-8P
                   844465-57-2P
        (assumed and actual monomers; curable block copolyester compns.
        for weather-resistant antireflective or antiglare
        films for protection of display polarizers)
     7631-86-9, Aerosil 200, uses
ΙT
        (colloidal, Aerosil 200, MEK-ST fine particles, hard coat
        containing; curable block copolyester compns. for weather-resistant
        antireflective or antiglare films for protection of
        display polarizers)
TΤ
     4420-74-0DP, 3-Mercaptopropyltrimethoxysilane, reaction products
     with acrylic graft copolymer 843652-09-5P 843652-10-8DP,
     reaction products with glycidyl mercaptoethyl ether
     843652-12-0DP, reaction products with acrylic polyester graft
                843652-14-2P 844465-59-4DP, reaction products with
     copolymers
     3-mercaptopropyltrimethoxysilane 844465-61-8DP, reaction
     products with 3-mercaptopropyltrimethoxysilane
                                                      844465-63-0P
     844476-62-6DP, reaction products with 3-
     mercaptopropyltrimethoxysilane
        (comb; curable block copolyester compns. for weather-resistant
        antireflective or antiglare films for protection of
        display polarizers)
IT
     254887-33-7P
        (crosslinked, hard coat; curable block copolyester compns. for
        weather-resistant antireflective or antiglare films
        for protection of display polarizers)
IT
     3454-29-3DP, Trimethylolpropane triglycidyl ether, reaction
     products with comb acrylic polyester graft copolymer and
     p-cyclohexanedimethanol diglycidyl ether
                                                14228-73-0DP, reaction
     products with comb acrylic polyester graft copolymer and
     trimethylolpropane triglycidyl ether
                                           843652-17-5P
                                                           843652-19-7P
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843652-22-2P

843652-23-3P

(crosslinked; curable block copolyester compns. for weather-resistant antireflective or antiglare films

```
for protection of display polarizers)
IT
     1185-55-3DP, Methyltrimethoxysilane, block copolymers
     crosslinked with 843663-43-4P 844465-68-5P
     844465-70-9P
        (curable block copolyester compns. for weather-resistant
        antireflective or antiglare films for protection of
        display polarizers)
TΤ
     51-79-6DP, Ethyl carbamate, reaction products with block
     copolymers 791853-61-7P 843651-96-7P 843651-97-8P
     843652-03-9P 843652-05-1P 843652-20-0P
        (curable block copolyester compns. for weather-resistant
        antireflective or antiglare films for protection of
        display polarizers)
IT
     1344-28-1, Alumina, uses
        (fine particles, hard coat containing; curable block copolyester
        compns. for weather-resistant antireflective or
        antiglare films for protection of display polarizers)
     844499-17-8
IT
        (low-refractive index layer; curable block copolyester compns.
        for weather-resistant antireflective or antiglare
        films for protection of display polarizers)
     766509-47-1, MPT 129
TT
        (medium refractive index layer component; curable block
        copolyester compns. for weather-resistant
        antireflective or antiglare films for protection of
        display polarizers)
IT
     4986-89-4DP, Pentaerythritol tetraacrylate, block copolymers
     crosslinked with
        (medium refractive index layer; curable block copolyester
        compns. for weather-resistant antireflective or
        antiglare films for protection of display polarizers)
IT
     9002-89-5, Poly(vinyl alcohol)
        (polarizer; curable block copolyester compns. for
        weather-resistant antireflective or antiglare films
        for protection of display polarizers)
     9012-09-3, Fuji Tac TD 80UF 25038-59-9, uses
TΤ
        (substrate film; curable block copolyester compas. for
        weather-resistant antireflective or antiglare /films
        for protection of display polarizers)
L35 ANSWER 9 OF 33 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER:
                       2004:1080587 HCAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
                        142:65302
TITLE:
                        Antireflective film material and
                        pattern formation méthod
INVENTOR(S):
                        Ogihara, Tsutomu; /Asano, Takeshi; Iwabuchi,
                        Motoaki; Yagihashi, Fujio
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):
                        Japan
SOURCE:
                        U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 28 pp.
                        CODEN: USXXCO
DOCUMENT TYPE:
                        Patent
LANGUAGE:
                        English
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:
PATENT INFORMATION:
    PATENT NO.
                        KIND
                               DATE
                                           APPLICATION NO.
                                                                 DATE
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                               -----
                                           -----
    US 2004253461
                        A1
                               20041216
                                          US 2004-859531
                                                                  2004
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JP 2005015779 A2 20050120 JP 2004-158639

2004
0528

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:

JP 2003-157808

A

2003
0603

AB The object of the present invention is to provide a material for an antireflective film that has high etching selectivity with respect to the resist, i.e., that has a faster etching speed than the resist, and a pattern formation method for forming an antireflective film layer on a substrate using this antireflective film material, and a pattern formation method using this antireflective film as a hard mask for substrate processing. The present invention provides a silicone resin for preventing reflection comprising/an organic group comprising a carbon-oxygen single bond and/or a carbon-oxygen double bond; a light-absorbing group; and a silicon atom whose terminal end or ends are Si-OH and/or S/OR. It also provides an antireflective film material comprising this silicone resin (A), an organic solvent (B) and/an acid generator (C). IT 143848-14-0DP, ether with methanol

181258-32-2DP, ether with methanol

(antireflective film material and pattern formation method)

RN 143848-14-0 HCAPLUS

CN Silane, trimethoxy[2-(7-oxabicyclo[4.1.0]hept-3-yl)ethyl]-, polymer with trimethoxyphenyls; lane (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 3388-04-3 CMF C11 H22 O4 Si

$$\begin{array}{c|c} \text{OMe} & \\ | \\ \text{CH}_2\text{--}\text{CH}_2\text{--}\text{Si--}\text{OMe} \\ | \\ \text{OMe} \end{array}$$

CM 2

CRN 2996-92-1 CMF C9 H14 O3 Si

RN 181258-32-2 HCAPLUS
CN Silane, trimethoxy[3-(oxiranylmethoxy)propyl]-, polymer with

trimethoxyphenylsilane (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 2996-92-1 CMF C9 H14 O3 Si

CM 2

CRN 2530-83-8 CMF C9 H20 O5 Si

$$CH_2-O-(CH_2)_3-Si-OMe$$
OMe
OMe

IC ICM B32B009-04 ICS B05D003-02

INCL 428447000; 427387000; 430396000

74-5 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and Other Reprographic Processes) Section cross-reference(s): 38

ST antireflective film photolithog photoresist silicone resin silsesquioxane

IT Antireflective films

Photoresists

(antireflective film material and pattern formation method)

IT Silsesquioxanes

(antireflective film material and pattern formation

IT143848-14-ODP, ether with methanol 143848-14-0P 181258-32-2DP, ether with

methanol 181258-32-2P 807368-91-8P 808142-19-0P (antireflective film material and pattern formation method)

L35 ANSWER 10 OF 33 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:1060580 HCAPLUS

142:45916 DOCUMENT NUMBER:

TITLE: A silsesquioxane-based antireflective

film having high etching selection ratio with

respect to the photoresist and acting as

effective hard mask for substrate

Ogihara, Tsutomu; Asano, Takeshi; Iwabuchi, INVENTOR (S):

Motoaki; Yagihashi, Fujio

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Japan SOURCE:

U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 27 pp.

CODEN: USXXCO

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent English

LANGUAGE:

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 2004247900	A1	20041209	US 2004-858997	2004
JP 2005018054	A2	20050120	JP 2004-165524	2004
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 2003-157807	0 0 0/3 2 0 0 3
				0603

AB A material is provided for an antireflective film that has high etching selectivity with respect to the resist (it has a faster etching speed than the resist), along with a pattern formation method for forming an antireflective film layer on a substrate using this material, and a pattern formation method using this antireflective film as a hard mask for substrate processing. Thus, the antireflective film composition includes: silsesquioxane polymer, an organic solvent, an acid generator and a crosslinking agent.

IT 143848-14-0P 181258-32-2DP, ether with methanol 181258-32-2P 807366-07-0P 807368-91-8P

(antireflective film composition based on silsesquioxane polymer and containing acid generator and crosslinker and photolithog. imaging using this film)

RN 143848-14-0 HCAPLUS

CN Silane, trimethoxy[2-(7-oxabicyclo[4.1.0]hept-3-yl)ethyl]-, polymer with trimethoxyphenylsilane (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 3388-04-3 CMF C11 H22 O4 Si

CM 2

CRN 2996-92-1 CMF C9 H14 O3 Si

RN 181258-32-2 HCAPLUS

CN Silane, trimethoxy[3-(oxiranylmethoxy)propyl]-, polymer with trimethoxyphenylsilane (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 2996-92-1 CMF C9 H14 O3 Si

CM 2

CRN 2530-83-8 CMF C9 H20 O5 Si

$$CH_2-O-(CH_2)_3-Si-OMe$$
OMe
OMe

RN 181258-32-2 HCAPLUS

CN Silane, trimethoxy[3-(oxiranylmethoxy)propyl]-, polymer with trimethoxyphenylsilane (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 2996-92-1 CMF C9 H14 O3 Si

CM 2

CRN 2530-83-8 CMF C9 H20 O5 Si

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{OMe} \\ \text{CH}_2\text{-O-(CH}_2)_3\text{-Si-OMe} \\ \text{OMe} \end{array}$$

RN 807366-07-0 HCAPLUS

CN Silane, trimethoxy[2-(7-oxabicyclo[4.1.0]hept-3-yl)ethyl]-, polymer with trimethoxyphenylsilane, acetate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 64-19-7 CMF C2 H4 O2

CM 2

CRN 143848-14-0

CMF (C11 H22 O4 Si . C9 H14 O3 Si)x

CCI PMS

CM 3

CRN 3388-04-3 CMF C11 H22 O4 Si

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{OMe} \\ | \\ \text{CH}_2\text{-}\text{CH}_2\text{-}\text{Si-}\text{OMe} \\ | \\ \text{OMe} \end{array}$$

CM 4

CRN 2996-92-1 CMF C9 H14 O3 Si

RN 807368-91-8 HCAPLUS

CN Silane, trimethoxy[3-(oxiranylmethoxy)propyl]-, polymer with trimethoxyphenylsilane, acetate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 64-19-7 CMF C2 H4 O2

CM 2

CRN 181258-32-2

CMF (C9 H20 O5 Si . C9 H14 O3 Si)x

CCI PMS

CM 3

CRN 2996-92-1 CMF C9 H14 O3 Si

CM 4

CRN 2530-83-8 CMF C9 H20 O5 Si

$$\begin{array}{c} O \\ CH_2-O-(CH_2)_3-Si-OMe \\ \\ OMe \\ \end{array}$$

IT 143848-14-0DP, ether with methanol

(photolithog. antireflective film composition based on silsesquioxane polymer and containing acid generator and crosslinker)

RN 143848-14-0 HCAPLUS

CN Silane, trimethoxy[2-(7-oxabicyclo[4.1.0]hept-3-yl)ethyl]-, polymer with trimethoxyphenylsilane (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 3388-04-3

CMF C11 H22 O4 Si

CM 2

CRN 2996-92-1 CMF C9 H14 O3 Si

IC ICM B32B009-04

/ ICS B05D003-02

INCL 428447000; 427387000; 430396000

CC 74-5 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and Other Reprographic Processes)
Section cross-reference(s): 76

ST photolithog antireflective film silsesquioxane polymer acid generator crosslinking agent

IT Antireflective films

(antireflective film composition based on silsesquioxane polymer and containing acid generator and crosslinker and photolithog. imaging using this film)

IT Silsesquioxanes

(antireflective film composition based on silsesquioxane polymer and containing acid generator and crosslinker and photolithog. imaging using this film)

IT Silsesquioxanes

(epoxy-; photolithog. imaging using antireflective film based on silsesquioxane polymer and containing acid generator and crosslinker)

IT Refractive index

Thickness

(photolithog. antireflective film composition based on silsesquioxane polymer and containing acid generator and crosslinker)

IT Photoresists

(photolithog. imaging using antireflective film based on silsesquioxane polymer and containing acid generator and crosslinker)

IT Semiconductor device fabrication

(photolithog. imaging using antireflective film based on silsesquioxane polymer and containing acid generator and crosslinker in relation to)

IT Etching

(plasma; A silsesquioxane-based antireflective film

having high etching selection ratio with respect to the photoresist and acting as effective hard mask for substrate)

IT Epoxy resins, preparation

(silsesquioxane-; photolithog. imaging using antireflective film based on silsesquioxane polymer and containing acid generator and crosslinker)

IT 603-44-1

(OH-additive; photolithog. antireflective film composition based on silsesquioxane polymer and containing acid generator and crosslinker)

IT 194999-85-4, Bis(4-tert-butylphenyl)iodonium perfluorobutanesulfonate 524067-95-6

(acid generator; photolithog. antireflective film composition based on silsesquioxane polymer and containing acid generator and crosslinker)

IT 143848-14-0P 181258-32-2DP, ether with methanol 181258-32-2P 807366-07-0P 807368-91-8P

(antireflective film composition based on silsesquioxane polymer and containing acid generator and crosslinker and photolithog. imaging using this film)

IT 3089-11-0 17464-88-9

(crosslinker; photolithog. antireflective film composition based on silsesquioxane polymer and containing acid generator and crosslinker)

IT 75-59-2, Tetramethylammonium hydroxide
 (developer; photolithog. imaging using antireflective
 film based on silsesquioxane polymer and containing acid generator
 and crosslinker)

IT 144317-44-2, Triphenylsulfonium perfluorobutanesulfonate (photoacid generator; photolithog. imaging using antireflective film based on silsesquioxane polymer and containing acid generator and crosslinker)

IT 143848-14-0DP, ether with methanol

(photolithog. antireflective film composition based on silsesquioxane polymer and containing acid generator and crosslinker)

IT 75-46-7, Trifluoromethane

(plasma etch; antireflective film composition based on silsesquioxane polymer and containing acid generator and crosslinker and photolithog. imaging using this film)

L35 ANSWER 11 OF 33 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:1037186 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 142:24727

TITLE: Nano-structured and/or nanoporous coating and

its preparation and applications

INVENTOR(S): Thies, Jens Christoph; Meijers, Guido Jozefina

Wilhelmus; Nijenhuis, Atze Jan; Currie, Edwin; Tronche, Christopher Frederic; Southwell, John

Edmor

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): SOURCE: DSM IP Assets B.V., Neth. PCT Int. Appl., 42 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE: Patent English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 2

PATENT INFORMATION:

PAT	PATENT NO.				KIND DATE		APPLICATION NO.						DATE			
		_				-										
WO :	2004	1041	13		A1		2004	1202	1	WO 2	004-1	NL32	9		2.6	0.04
																004 513
	W:	CA, ES, KE,	CH, FI, KG,	CN, GB, KP,	CO, GD, KR,	CR, GE, KZ,	CU, GH, LC,	CZ, GM, LK,	DE, HR, LR,	BB, DK, HU, LS,	DM, ID, LT,	DZ, IL, LU,	EC, IN, LV,	EE, IS, MA,	EG, JP, MD,	
	₽W•	PT, TT,	RO, TZ,	RU, UA,	SC, UG,	SD, US,	SE, UZ,	SG, VC,	SK, VN,	NO, SL, YU, SD,	SY, ZA,	TJ, ZM,	TM, ZW	TN,	TR,	
		ZW, CY, MC,	AM, CZ, NL,	AZ, DE, PL,	BY, DK, PT,	KG, EE, RO,	KZ, ES, SE,	MD, FI, SI,	RU, FR, SK,	TJ, GB, TR, SN,	TM, GR, BF,	AT, HU, BJ,	BE, IE,	BG,	CH, LU,	
EP	1479				A1					EP 2			0		_	
																003 520
	R:	MC,		IE,		-	-		-	GR, MK,				•	-	
PRIORITY	APP	LN.	INFO	<b>. :</b>					]	EP 20	003-	7651	0	1		003 520
									1	US 20	003-4	47174 -	46P			003 520
								•	1	EP 20	004-'	75534	4		20	004 220

AB A nano-structured and/or nano-porous coating or film is prepared by applying a mixture, which is composed of reactive nanoparticles having reactive groups on the surface, a solvent, and a compound having ≥1 polymerizable group, to a substrate, followed by polymerizing the mix. by UV-radiation on the substrate, and the coating increase the transmission of the substrate by ≥0.5 % and has a contact angle of <60°. The above coating can be used as anti-reflective coating, membrane, non-crosslinkable species, and displays including light emitting diode display and liquid crystal display. Thus, silica nanoparticles (MT ST) was grafted with a coupling agent Int-12A and methyltrimethoxysilane to obtain modified nanoparticles, which were mixed with photoinitiator (Irgacure 184) and solvent to

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receive a coating composition
IT
     1185-55-3DP, Methyltrimethoxysilane, reactions with
     acrylic trimethoxysilane and colloidal silica
        (surface modification, crosslinked; preparation of
        nano-structured and/or nanoporous coating for membrane and
        displays)
RN
     1185-55-2
               HCAPLUS
     Silane, /trimethoxymethyl- (6CI, 8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
CN
     OMe
MeO-Si
        Me
     ЮМе
IC
     ICM C09D004-00
     ICS C09D007-12
ØC.
     42-10 (Coatings, Inks, and Related Products)
     Section cross-reference(s): 38, 74
st
     methyltrimethoxysilane alkoxysilane acrylate silica nanoparticle
     antireflective coating display membrane
IT
     Antireflective films
     Liquid crystal displays
     Membranes, nonbiological
     Nanoparticles
     Optical imaging devices
        (preparation of nano-structured and/or nanoporous coating for
        membrane and displays)
     1185-55-3DP, Methyltrimethoxysilane, reactions with
IT
     acrylic trimethoxysilane and colloidal silica
        (surface modification, crosslinked; preparation of
        nano-structured and/or nanoporous coating for membrane and
        displays)
REFERENCE COUNT:
                               THERE ARE 4 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE
                               FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE
                               IN THE RE FORMAT
L35 ANSWER 12 OF 33 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHX 2005 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER:
                         2004:842333 /HCAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
                         141:366904
TITLE:
                         Curable compositions with good hardness and
                         low cure/shrinkage and cure-treated articles
                         Kato, Exichi
INVENTOR (S):
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):
                         Fuji Photo Film Co., Ltd., Japan
SOURCE:
                         Jpn./Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 64 pp.
                         CODEN: JKXXAF
DOCUMENT TYPE:
                         Patent
LANGUAGE:
                         Jápanese
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:
PATENT INFORMATION:
     PATENT NO.
                         KIND
                                                                    DATE
                                DATE
                                            APPLICATION NO.
     JP 200428532Ø
                          A2
                                20041014
                                            JP 2003-321972
                                                                    2003
                                                                    0912
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
                                             JP 2002-277507
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2002 0924

JP 2003-59014

2003 0305

AB Title compns. comprise (A) monofunctional polyester macromers having weight average mol. weight ≤2 + 104 and polymerizable group at one end and (B) polymerization initiators. Thus, 26.4 g 1,6-hexanediol and 38 g tricyclo[5.2.1.02.6]decane-8,9dicarboxylic acid were polymerized to give a copolymer with hydroxy value 500 µmol/g and carboxy value 500 µmol/g, 50 g of which was mixed with 4.3 g methacrylic acid and 1.0 g tert-butylhydroquinone and reacted in the presence of dicyclohexylcarbodiimide and 4-(N,N-dimethyl)aminopyridine to give a macromonomer with Mw 5 + 103 and hydroxy value 5 μmol/g, 50 g of the macromonomer was mixed with cyclohexyl acrylate 25, Me methacrylate 25, fine particle dispersion comprising Me iso-Bu ketone 234, anionic group-containing surface treatment agent 36, and alumina particle 180 g 40 (solid base), Me iso-Bu ketone 300, and Irgacure 184 8.5 g, applied on a polyethylene terephthalate film, dried at 120° for 2 min, irradiated, and heated at 120° for 10 min to give a test piece with pencil hardness 3H, good crack and scratch resistance and adhesion, and low shrinkage.

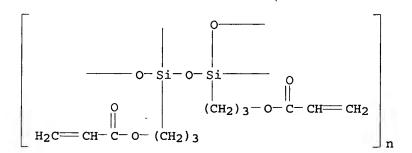
IT 602305-48-6P

RN

CN

(crosslinked, refractive coat; curable compns. with
 good hardness and low cure shrinkage and cure-treated articles)
602305-48-6 HCAPLUS

CN Poly[[1,3-bis[3-[(1-oxo-2-propenyl)oxy]propyl]-1,3:1,3-disiloxanediylidene]-1,3-bis(oxy)] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



IT 776316-91-7P 776316-93-9P 776316-95-1P 776316-97-3P 776316-99-5P 776317-01-2P 777091-39-1P

(crosslinked; curable compns. with good hardness and low cure shrinkage and cure-treated articles)

RN 776316-91-7 HCAPLUS

4,7-Methano-1H-indene-5,6-dicarboxylic acid, octahydro-, polymer with cyclohexyl 2-propenoate, 1,6-hexanediol, methyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate and 3-(trimethoxysilyl)propyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 168196-18-7

CMF C12 H16 O4

CM 2

CRN 3066-71-5 CMF C9 H14 O2

CM 3

CRN 2530-85-0 CMF C10 H20 O5 Si

CM 4

CRN 629-11-8 CMF C6 H14 O2

 $HO-(CH_2)_6-OH$ 

CM 5

CRN 80-62-6 CMF C5 H8 O2

$$\begin{array}{c|c} \text{H}_2\text{C} & \text{O} \\ \parallel & \parallel \\ \text{Me--} & \text{C--} & \text{C--} & \text{OMe} \end{array}$$

RN 776316-93-9 HCAPLUS CN Hexanedioic acid, pol

Hexanedioic acid, polymer with cyclohexyl 2-propenoate, 2,2'-[(1-methylethylidene)bis(4,1-cyclohexanediyloxy-2,1-ethanediyloxy)]bis[ethanol], methyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate and 3-(trimethoxysilyl)propyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 692778-71-5 CMF C23 H44 O6

PAGE 1-A
HO-CH<sub>2</sub>-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-CH<sub>2</sub>-O
Me
O-CH<sub>2</sub>-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub></sub>

PAGE 1-B

CM 2

CRN 3066-71-5 CMF C9 H14 O2

CM 3

CRN 2530-85-0 CMF C10 H20 O5 Si

$$\begin{array}{c|c} ^{H_2C} & \text{O} & \text{OMe} \\ \parallel & \parallel & \parallel \\ \text{Me-C-C-O-(CH}_2)_3 - \text{Si-OMe} \\ \parallel & \parallel \\ \text{OMe} \end{array}$$

CM 4

CRN 124-04-9 CMF C6 H10 O4

 $HO_2C^-$  (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>4</sub>- $CO_2H$ 

CM 5

CRN 80-62-6 CMF C5 H8 O2

$$\begin{array}{c|c} ^{H_2C} & \text{O} \\ & \parallel & \parallel \\ \text{Me-} & \text{C-} & \text{C-} & \text{OMe} \end{array}$$

RN 776316-95-1 HCAPLUS
CN 1,3-Cyclopentanedicarboxylic acid, 1,2,2,3-tetramethyl-, polymer
with 1,4-butanediol, cyclohexyl 2-propenoate, methyl
2-methyl-2-propenoate and 3-(trimethoxysilyl)propyl
2-methyl-2-propenoate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 98900-82-4 CMF C11 H18 O4

CM 2

CRN 3066-71-5 CMF C9 H14 O2

CM 3

CRN 2530-85-0

CMF C10 H20 O5 Si

$$^{\rm H_2C}_{||\ ||}$$
 O OMe | Me-C-C-O-(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>3</sub>-Si-OMe | OMe

CM 4

CRN 110-63-4 CMF C4 H10 O2

 $_{
m HO^-}$  (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>4</sub>-OH

CM 5

CRN 80-62-6 CMF C5 H8 O2

$$\begin{array}{c|c} ^{H_2C} & \text{O} \\ \parallel & \parallel \\ \text{Me} - \text{C} - \text{C} - \text{OMe} \end{array}$$

RN 776316-97-3 HCAPLUS
CN Pentanedioic acid, polymer with cyclohexyl 2-propenoate,
1,5-cyclooctanediol, methyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate and
3-(trimethoxysilyl)propyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 55343-44-7 CMF C8 H16 O2

CM 2

CRN 3066-71-5 CMF C9 H14 O2

CRN 2530-85-0 CMF C10 H20 O5 Si

$$\begin{array}{c|c} ^{H_2C} & \text{O} & \text{OMe} \\ \parallel & \parallel & \parallel \\ \text{Me-C-C-C-O-(CH}_2) \ _3 - \text{Si-OMe} \end{array}$$

CM 4

CRN 110-94-1 CMF C5 H8 O4

 $HO_2C^-$  (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>3</sub>- $CO_2H$ 

CM 5

CRN 80-62-6 CMF C5 H8 O2

$$\begin{array}{ccc} ^{H_2C} & \text{O} \\ & \parallel & \parallel \\ \text{Me-} & \text{C-} & \text{C-} & \text{OMe} \end{array}$$

RN 776316-99-5 HCAPLUS

CN Butanedioic acid, methyl-, polymer with bicyclo[2.2.1]heptane-2,3-dimethanol, cyclohexyl 2-propenoate, methyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate and 3-(trimethoxysilyl)propyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 45849-05-6 CMF C9 H16 O2

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{CH}_2\text{-OH} \\ \\ \text{CH}_2\text{-OH} \end{array}$$

CRN 3066-71-5 CMF C9 H14 O2

$$0 = CH = CH_2$$

CM 3

CRN 2530-85-0 CMF C10 H20 O5 Si

CM 4

CRN 498-21-5 CMF C5 H8 O4

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{Me} \\ | \\ \text{HO}_2\text{C---} \text{CH----} \text{CH}_2\text{----} \text{CO}_2\text{H} \end{array}$$

CM 5

CRN 80-62-6 CMF C5 H8 O2

$$\begin{array}{c|c} ^{H_2C} & \text{O} \\ \parallel & \parallel \\ \text{Me-} & \text{C-} & \text{C-} & \text{OMe} \end{array}$$

776317-01-2 HCAPLUS RN

CN 1,2-Cyclohexanedicarboxylic acid, polymer with

1,4-benzenedimethanol, cyclohexyl 2-propenoate, methyl

2-methyl-2-propenoate and 3-(trimethoxysilyl)propyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 3066-71-5 CMF C9 H14 O2

CM 2

CRN 2530-85-0  $\mathtt{CMF}$ C10 H20 O5 Si

$$egin{array}{c|cccc} H_2C & O & OMe \\ \parallel & \parallel & \parallel & \parallel \\ Me-C-C-O-(CH_2)_3-Si-OMe \\ & & OMe \\ \end{array}$$

CM 3

CRN 1687-30-5 CMF C8 H12 O4

CM 4

CRN 589-29-7 CMF C8 H10 O2

CRN 80-62-6 CMF C5 H8 O2

$$^{\text{H}_2\text{C}}_{||}$$
  $^{\text{O}}_{||}$   $^{\text{Me}-\text{C}-\text{C}-\text{OMe}}$ 

RN 777091-39-1 HCAPLUS

CN Pentanedioic acid, polymer with cyclohexyl 2-propenoate, methyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate, 2,2'-[(octahydro-4,7-methano-1H-indene-5,?-diyl)bis(oxy)]bis[ethanol] and 3-(trimethoxysilyl)propyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 693243-46-8 CMF C14 H24 O4 CCI IDS

CM 2

CRN 3066-71-5 CMF C9 H14 O2

CM 3

CRN 2530-85-0 CMF C10 H20 O5 Si

$$\begin{array}{c|c} ^{H_2C} & \text{O} & \text{OMe} \\ \parallel & \parallel & \parallel \\ \text{Me-C-C-O-(CH}_2)_3 - \text{Si-OMe} \\ \parallel & \parallel \\ \text{OMe} \end{array}$$

CM 4

CRN 110-94-1 CMF C5 H8 O4

$$HO_2C-(CH_2)_3-CO_2H$$

CM 5

CRN 80-62-6 CMF C5 H8 O2

$$^{\text{H}_2\text{C}}_{||}$$
  $^{\text{O}}_{||}$   $^{\text{Me}-\text{C}-\text{C}-\text{OMe}}$ 

IC ICM C08F290-06

ICS C09D004-00; C09D005-00; C09D007-12; C09D167-06; G02B001-10

CC 37-6 (Plastics Manufacture and Processing)

Section cross-reference(s): 38, 74

IT Antireflective films

Optical imaging devices

Polarizers

Polarizing films

(curable compns. with good hardness and low cure shrinkage and cure-treated articles)

IT 602305-48-6P

(crosslinked, refractive coat; curable compns. with

good hardness and low cure shrinkage and cure-treated articles)

IT 776316-91-7P 776316-93-9P 776316-95-1P

776316-97-3P 776316-99-5P 776317-01-2P

776317-11-4P 776317-13-6P 776317-15-8P 776317-17-0P

776317-21-6P **777091-39-1P** 777945-28-5P

(crosslinked; curable compns. with good hardness and low cure shrinkage and cure-treated articles)

L35 ANSWER 13 OF 33 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2004:801619 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

141:322708

TITLE:

High-refractive index cured films, preparation of curable coating compositions for films, and antireflective films, polarizers, and

displays assembled with the same INVENTOR(S):

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

SOURCE:

Kato, Eiichi
Fuji Photo Film Co., Ltd., Japan
Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 36 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE: Patent Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
	/		
A2	20040930	JP 2003-60351	
			2003
			0306
		JP 2003-60351	
			2003
			0306
			A2 20040930 JP 2003-60351

The cured films with refractive index 1.6-2.4 are formed from AB curable coating compns. containing (A) TiO2-based inorg. fine particles containing Co/ Zr, and/or Al, (B) hydrolyzable functional group-containing organometallic compds. and/or their partial condensates, and optionally, (C) actinic energy ray-reactive and hydrolyzable functional group-containing organosilicon compds. and/or their partial condensates and photopolymn. initiators. The preparation of the curable coating compns. involves a step of inorg. ultrafine particle dispersions with mean particle size ≤100 nm by wet dispersion of the inorg. particles and dispersing agents containing ≥1 polar group's by using media with mean particle size <1 mm. The antireflective (AR) film comprises a transparent support having thereon a bilayered structure composed of the cured film layer topped with a low-refractive index (n.) layer having n. <1.55. In another alternative, the AR film comprises a transparent support having thereon a 3-layered structure composed of bilayers of the cured film layers with different n. topped with a low-n. layer having n. <1.55. The polarizer employs the AR film as at least one of the protective films of the polarizing film. In another alternative, the polarizer employs the AR film as one of the protective films of the polarizing film and an optically compensating film having optical anisotropy as the other protective film of the polarizing film. The display is assembled with the AR film or the polarizer on the imaging surface.

IT 4369-14-6DP, KBM 5103, hydrolytic condensate, polymer with heat-crosslinkable polysiloxane-fluoropolymers

(low refractive index layer; preparation of curable coating compns. for antireflective protective films for display polarizers)

RN 4369-14-6 HCAPLUS

CN 2-Propenoic acid, 3-(trimethoxysilyl)propyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

```
OMe
    Si- (CH2) 3-O-C-CH= CH2
     OMe
IC
     ICM G02B001-10
     ICS B32B009-00; B32B027-04; C08J005-18; C09D004-00; C09D005-00;
          C09D007-12; C09D143-04; C09D183-04; C09D185-00; G02B005-30;
          G02F001-1335; C08L083-04
CC
     74-13 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and
     Photographic and Other Reprographic Processes)
     Section cross-reference(s): 38, 73
     cobalt contg titania cured antireflective film;
ST
     zirconium contg titania cured antireflective film;
     aluminum contg titania cured antireflective film; UV
     curable coating antireflective film display; display
     polarizer protection antireflective film titania
TΤ
     Fluoropolymers, preparation
        (crosslinked, antisoiling layer; preparation of curable coating
        compns. for antireflective protective films for
        display polarizers)
IT
     Fluoropolymers, preparation
        (di-Me siloxane-, Opstar JN 7228, crosslinked, low refractive
        index layer; preparation of curable coating compns. for
        antireflective protective films for display polarizers)
IT
     Polysiloxanes, preparation
        (di-Me, fluorine-containing, Opstar JN 7228, crosslinked, low
        refractive index layer; preparation of curable coating compns. for
        antireflective protective films for display polarizers)
IT
     Antireflective films
     Optical imaging devices
     Polarizers
        (preparation of curable coating compns. for antireflective
        protective films for display polarizers)
IT
     Silsesquioxanes
        (silicate-, high refractive index layer; preparation of curable
        coating compns. for antireflective protective films
        for display polarizers)
IT
     Silicates, preparation
        (silsesquioxane-, high refractive index layer, preparation of
        curable coating compns. for antireflective protective
        films for display polarizers)
     9012-09-3, Fuji Tac TD 80UF
IT
        (base film; preparation of curable coating compns. for
        antireflective protective films for display polarizers)
IT
     251981-52-9P, Opstar JSR-JN 7214
        (crosslinked, antisoiling layer; preparation of curable coating
        compns. for antireflective protective films for
        display polarizers)
IT
     758705-19-0
                  763271-19-8
                                 763271-35-8
                                               763271-42-7
        (dispersing agents; preparation of curable coating compns. for
        antireflective protective films for display polarizers)
TΤ
     13463-67-7, Titania, uses
        (fine particles, containing Co, Zr, and/or Al; preparation of curable
        coating compns. for antireflective protective films
        for display polarizers)
     254887-33-7P, DPHA-UV 6300B copolymer
IT
```

```
(hard coat layer; preparation of curable coating compns. for
        antireflective protective films for display polarizers)
     67653-78-5P, DPHA homopolymer
TΤ
        (hard coating; preparation of curable coating compns. for
        antireflective protective films for display polarizers)
IT
     152791-95-2P
                   763271-62-1P 763271-69-8P
        (high refractive index layer; preparation of curable coating compns.
        for antireflective protective films for display
        polarizers)
     9002-89-5, Poly(vinyl alcohol)
TΤ
        (iodine-doped, polarizing film; preparation of curable coating
        compns. for antireflective protective films for
        display polarizers)
     4369-14-6DP, KBM 5103, hydrolytic condensate, polymer with
IT
     heat-crosslinkable polysiloxane-fluoropolymers
        (low refractive index layer; preparation of curable coating compns.
        for antireflective protective films for display
        polarizers)
IT
     763271-49-4P
        (medium refractive index layer; preparation of curable coating
        compns. for antireflective protective films for
        display polarizers)
IT
     766509-47-1, MPT 129
        (preparation of curable coating compns. for antireflective
        protective films for display polarizers)
IT
     9012-09-3DP, Fuji Tac TD 80UF, saponified
        (protective film; preparation of curable coating compns. for
        antireflective protective films for display polarizers)
IT
     7429-90-5, Aluminum, uses 7440-48-4, Cobalt, uses 7440-67-7,
     Zirconium, uses
        (titania fine particles containing; preparation of curable coating
        compns. for antireflective protective films for
        display polarizers)
IT
     194739-90-7, YTZ
        (wet milling ball; preparation of curable coating compns. for
        antireflective protective films for display polarizers)
L35 ANSWER 14 OF 33 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER:
                        2004:759183 HCAPLÚS
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
                         141:268689
                         Antisoiling optical films with good oil
TITLE:
                         repellency and/displays equipped therewith
INVENTOR(S):
                         Oka, Shigeki;/Ikeda, Toshiyuki
                         Konica Minolta Holdings, Inc., Japan
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):
SOURCE:
                         Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 55 pp.
                         CODEN: JKXXAF
DOCUMENT TYPE:
                         Patent
LANGUAGE:
                         Japanese,
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:
PATENT INFORMATION:
    PATENT NO.
                         KIND
                                DATE
                                            APPLICATION NO.
                                                                   DATE
                                            -----
     JP 2004258348
                         'A2
                                20040916
                                           JP 2003-49281
                                                                   2003
                                                                   0226
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
                                            JP 2003-49281
                                                                   2003
                                                                   0226
```

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OTHER SOURCE(S):
                         MARPAT 141:268689
     The optical films (e.g., antireflective films) show
     soiling resistance obtained by treating their surfaces (comprising
     metal oxides prepared by CVD or sol-gel process) with 0.01-10%
     fluoroalkyl(ether)-containing silane solns. in (environmentally
     friendly) F-free organic solvents, without loss of optical/mech.
     properties. The treatment may be proceeded with the above solns.
     of concentration 0.01-5%, incorporated with 0.01-15% (alkyl)alkoxysilanes
     or 0.01-5% Si-isocyanates. PH of the solns. may be adjusted to
     ≤5 by acids.
IT
     187817-23-8P, Dimethyldimethoxysilane-2-
     perfluorooctylethyltrimethoxysilane copolymer 756527-29-4P
     756527-31-8P
        (antisoiling coatings; oxide-surfaced antireflective
        films equipped with antisoiling coatings of fluoroalkyl(
        ether) -containing silanes for displays)
     187817-23-8 HCAPLUS
RN
CN
     Silane, dimethoxydimethyl-, polymer with
     (3,3,4,4,5,5,6,6,7,7,8,8,9,9,10,10,10-
     heptadecafluorodecyl)trimethoxysilane (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
     CM
          1
     CRN 83048-65-1
     CMF C13 H13 F17 O3 Si
     OMe
MeO-Si-CH_2-CH_2-(CF_2)_7-CF_3
     OMe
          2
     CM
     CRN 1112-39-6
     CMF C4 H12 O2 Si
    OMe
Me-Si-Me
    OMe
RN
     756527-29-4 HCAPLUS
     Silane, dimethoxydimethyl-, polymer with
CN
     (3,3,4,4,5,5,6,6,7,7,8,8,9,9,10,10,10-heptadecafluorodecyl)tris(1-
     methylethoxy) silane (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
     CM
         1
     CRN 246234-80-0
     CMF C19 H25 F17 O3 Si
```

CRN 1112-39-6 CMF C4 H12 O2 Si

RN 756527-31-8 HCAPLUS
CN Silane, dimethoxydimethyl-, polymer with
(3,3,4,4,5,5,6,6,7,7,8,8,9,9,10,10,10heptadecafluorodecyl)dimethoxy(1-methylethoxy)silane (9CI) (CA
INDEX NAME)

CM '1

CRN 756527-30-7 CMF C15 H17 F17 O3 Si

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{OMe} \\ | \\ \text{i-PrO-Si-CH}_2\text{-CH}_2\text{-(CF}_2)}_{7}\text{-CF}_3 \\ | \\ \text{OMe} \end{array}$$

CM 2

CRN 1112-39-6 CMF C4 H12 O2 Si

IC ICM G02B001-10 ICS B05D005-00; B05D007-04; B32B027-00; C08J007-06; G02B001-11; G02F001-1335; C08L001-10

CC 74-13 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and Other Reprographic Processes)
Section cross-reference(s): 42, 43, 73

```
cellulose acetate antireflective film antisoiling
     coating fluoroalkylsilane; silicon oxide surface
     antireflective film antisoiling coating; display
     antireflective film antisoiling oil repellent coating;
     methoxysilane fluorodecylsilane isopropoxide copolymer antisoiling
     coating
IT
     Silanes
        (alkoxy, antisoiling coatings; oxide-surfaced
        antireflective films equipped with antisoiling coatings
        of fluoroalkyl(ether)-containing silanes for displays)
IT
     Oxides (inorganic), preparation
        (antireflective surface layers; oxide-surfaced
        antireflective films equipped with antisoiling coatings
        of fluoroalkyl(ether)-containing silanes for displays)
IT
     Coating materials
        (antisoiling; oxide-surfaced antireflective films
        equipped with antisoiling coatings of fluoroalkyl (ether) -containing
        silanes for displays)
TΤ
     Silanes
        (fluoroalkyl, antisoiling coatings; oxide-surfaced
        antireflective films equipped with antisoiling coatings
        of fluoroalkyl(ether)-containing silanes for displays)
TT
     Acids, uses
        (for adjusting pH of antisoiling coatings; oxide-surfaced
        antireflective films equipped with antisoiling coatings
        of fluoroalkyl(ether)-containing silanes for displays)
IT
     Coating materials
        (oil-resistant; oxide-surfaced antireflective films
        equipped with antisoiling coatings of fluoroalkyl(ether)-containing
        silanes for displays)
IT
     Antireflective films
     Optical imaging devices
        (oxide-surfaced antireflective films equipped with
        antisoiling coatings of fluoroalkyl(ether)-containing silanes for
        displays)
IT
     Silsesquioxanes
        (polysiloxane-, fluorine-containing, antisoiling coatings;
        oxide-surfaced antireflective films equipped with
        antisoiling coatings of fluoroalkyl (ether) - containing silanes for
        displays)
IT
     Fluoropolymers, preparation
        (polysiloxane-silsesquioxane-, antisoiling coatings;
        oxide-surfaced antireflective films equipped with
        antisoiling coatings of fluoroalkyl(ether)-containing silanes for
        displays)
     Isocyanates
ΙT
        (silicon-containing, antisoiling coatings; oxide-surfaced
        antireflective films equipped with antisoiling coatings
        of fluoroalkyl(ether)-containing silanes for displays)
ΙT
     Polysiloxanes, preparation
        (silsesquioxane-, fluorine-containing, antisoiling coatings;
        oxide-surfaced antireflective films equipped with
        antisoiling coatings of fluoroalkyl(ether)-containing silanes for
        displays)
ΙT
    9012-09-3, Cellulose triacetate
        (Konica Tac KC 8UF-HA, film substrate; oxide-surfaced
        antireflective films equipped with antisoiling coatings
        of fluoroalkyl(ether)-containing silanes for displays)
IT
     7631-86-9P, Silica, preparation 13463-67-7P, Titanium oxide,
    preparation
```

```
(antireflective surface layers; oxide-surfaced
        antireflective films equipped with antisoiling coatings
        of fluoroalkyl(ether)-containing silanes for displays)
IT
     1320-67-8, Propylene glycol monomethyl ether
        (antisoiling coatings, solvents; oxide-surfaced
        antireflective films equipped with antisoiling coatings
        of fluoroalkyl (ether) - containing silanes for displays)
     187817-23-8P, Dimethyldimethoxysilane-2-
IT
     perfluorooctylethyltrimethoxysilane copolymer 756527-29-4P
     756527-31-8P
        (antisoiling coatings; oxide-surfaced antireflective
        films equipped with antisoiling coatings of fluoroalkyl(
        ether) - containing silanes for displays)
     7697-37-2, Nitric acid, uses
ΙT
        (for adjusting pH of antisoiling coatings; oxide-surfaced
        antireflective films equipped with antisoiling coatings
        of fluoroalkyl(ether)-containing silanes for displays)
L35 ANSWER 15 OF 33 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER:
                         2004:756784 HCAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
                         141:279149
TITLE:
                         Curable compositions giving hard cured coat
                         films with high refractive index and good
                         scratch resistance and adhesion to substrate
                         and antireflective laminates using
                         them
                         Shinohara, Noriyasu; Suzuki, Yasunobu; Tanabe,
INVENTOR(S):
                         Takayoshi
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):
                         DSM IP Assets B.V., Neth.; JSR Corporation;
                         Japan Fine Coatings Co., Ltd.
SOURCE:
                         PCT Int. Appl., 35 pp.
                         CODEN: PIXXD2
DOCUMENT TYPE:
                         Patent
LANGUAGE:
                         English
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:
PATENT INFORMATION:
     PATENT NO.
                         KIND
                                             APPLICATION NO.
                                                                    DATE
                                DATE
     _____
     WO 2004078855
                          A1
                                 2004/0916
                                            WO 2004-NL125
                                                                    2004
                                                                    0218
            AE, AE, AG, AL, AL, \cancel{A}M, AM, AM, AT, AT, AU, AZ, AZ, BA,
             BB, BG, BG, BR, BR, BW, BY, BY, BZ, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CN,
             CO, CO, CR, CR, CU/, CU, CZ, CZ, DE, DE, DK, DK, DM, DZ,
             EC, EC, EE, EE, EG, ES, ES, FI, FI, GB, GD, GE, GE, GH,
             GM, HR, HR, HU, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, KE, KE, KG, KG, KP,
             KP, KP, KR, KR, KZ, KZ, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LS, LT, LU,
             LV, MA, MD, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MX, MZ, MZ, NA, NI,
             NI, NO
         RW: BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW,
             AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR,
             HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ,
             CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, SQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG,
             BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN,
             TD, TG
    JP 2004269644
                                 20040930 🤇
                                            JP 2003-60897
                                                                    2003
                                                                    0307
```

USHA SHRESTHA EIC 1700 REM 4B28

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:

JP 2003-60897

2003 0307

The compns. with good curability and coatability, are used together with a low-refractive-index film to form laminates useful as antireflection members of LCD devices, touch panels, optical devices, etc. with low reflectance and good chemical resistance. The curable compns. comprise: (A) particles obtained by bonding oxide particles of Si, Al, Zr, Ti, Zn, Ge, In, Sn, Sb or/and Ce with an organic compound having a polymerizable unsatd. group, (B) a melamine compound having no polymerizable unsatd. group, and (C) a compound which has a polymerizable unsatd. group and has a OH number of ≥110 mg-KOH/g.

IT 4420-74-0DP,  $\gamma$ -Mercaptopropyltrimethoxysilane, reaction products with IPDI and triacrylate, crosslinked compds. with polyacrylates

(surface treatment for oxides; manufacture of curable compns. giving hard cured coat films with high refractive index and good scratch resistance and adhesion to substrate and antireflective laminates using them)

RN 4420-74-0 HCAPLUS

CN 1-Propanethiol, 3-(trimethoxysilyl)- (7CI, 8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{OMe} \\ | \\ \text{MeO-Si- (CH}_2)_3 - \text{SH} \\ | \\ \text{OMe} \end{array}$$

IC ICM C09D004-06

CS C08F230-08; G02B001-11; C08F290-06; C09C003-12; B32B007-10; C08F292-00; C08K003-00; C08K009-04

CC 42-10 (Coatings, Inks, and Related Products)
Section cross-reference(s): 74

ST antireflection film laminate surface coated metal oxide particle coating; melamine surface coated metal oxide particle antireflective coating

IT Antireflective films

(laminates; manufacture of curable compns. giving hard cured coat films with high refractive index and good scratch resistance and adhesion to substrate and antireflective laminates using them)

IT Fluoropolymers, uses

(low-refractive index film; manufacture of curable compns. giving hard cured coat films with high refractive index and good scratch resistance and adhesion to substrate and antireflective laminates using them)

IT Aminoplasts

(manufacture of curable compns. giving hard cured coat films with high refractive index and good scratch resistance and adhesion to substrate and antireflective laminates using them)

IT Polyesters, uses

(manufacture of curable compns. giving hard cured coat films with high refractive index and good scratch resistance and adhesion to substrate and antireflective laminates using them)

IT 9003-08-1, Cymel 238

(Cymel 303 and; manufacture of curable compns. giving hard cured coat films with high refractive index and good scratch resistance and adhesion to substrate and antireflective laminates using them)

IT 7631-86-9, Snowtex MEK-ST, uses

(colloidal; manufacture of curable compns. giving hard cured coat films with high refractive index and good scratch resistance and adhesion to substrate and antireflective laminates using them)

IT 25038-59-9, A 4300, uses

(film substrate; manufacture of curable compns. giving hard cured coat films with high refractive index and good scratch resistance and adhesion to substrate and antireflective laminates using them)

IT 87605-70-7DP, Aronix M 215, crosslinked compds. with unsatd. group-containing thiourethane compds. 757232-00-1P, Ethyl vinyl ether-hexafluoropropylene-2-hydroxyethyl vinyl ether-Adeka Reasoap NE 30-perfluoro(propyl vinyl ether) graft copolymer 757247-00-0P, Ethyl vinyl ether; ethylene oxide; hexafluoropropylene; 2-hydroxyethyl vinyl ether; perfluoro(propyl vinyl ether) graft copolymer nonylphenyl ether

(manufacture of curable compns. giving hard cured coat films with high refractive index and good scratch resistance and adhesion to substrate and antireflective laminates using them)

IT 1306-38-3, Cerium oxide, uses 1309-64-4, Antimony oxide, uses 1310-53-8, Germanium oxide, uses 1312-43-2, Indium oxide 1314-13-2, Zinc oxide, uses 1314-23-4, Zirconia, uses 1332-29-2, Tin oxide 1344-28-1, Alumina, uses 13463-67-7, Titania, uses

(manufacture of curable compns. giving hard cured coat films with high refractive index and good scratch resistance and adhesion to substrate and antireflective laminates using them)

3524-68-3DP, Kayarad PET 30, crosslinked compds. with unsatd. IT group-containing thiourethane compds. 3524-68-3DP, Pentaerythritol triacrylate, reaction products with IPDI and mercaptopropyltrimethoxysilane, crosslinked compds. with 4098-71-9DP, IPDI, reaction products with polyacrylates mercaptopropyltrimethoxysilane and triacrylate, crosslinked compds. with polyacrylates 4420-74-0DP,  $\gamma$ -Mercaptopropyltrimethoxysilane, reaction products with IPDI and triacrylate, crosslinked compds. with polyacrylates 4986-89-4DP, Pentaerythritol tetraacrylate, crosslinked compds. with unsatd. group-containing thiourethane compds. 29570-58-9DP, Dipentaerythritol hexaacrylate, crosslinked compds. with unsatd. group-containing thiourethane compds. 60506-81-2DP, Dipentaerythritol pentaacrylate, crosslinked compds. with unsatd. group-containing thiourethane compds.

(surface treatment for oxides; manufacture of curable compns. giving hard cured coat films with high refractive index and good scratch resistance and adhesion to substrate and

antireflective laminates using them)

REFERENCE COUNT:

THERE ARE 4 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L35 ANSWER 16 OF 33 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2004:391585 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

140:365831

TITLE:

Imaging devices and their
antireflective films producing

reflection light with clear tone

INVENTOR(S):
Hirano, Satomi

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Fuji Photo Film Co., Ltd., Japan SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 17 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent Japanese

LANGUAGE: FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 2004138662	A2	20040,513	JP 2002-300747	
			•	2002
				1015
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 2002-300747	
				2002
		/		1015

The films satisfy average specular reflectance at incident angle 5° in 450-650 nm ≤0.5% and produce specular reflection with CIE-L\*a\*b\* color system (standard light source D 65, 380-780 nm) 0 ≤ a\* ≤ // and -10 ≤ b\* ≤ 0 at incident angle /5° and a\* ≥0 and b\* ≤0 at 5-45°. Each of antireflective layers may be prepared from radiation- and/or heat-curable coatings.

IT 4369-14-6, 3-Acryloyloxypropyltrimethoxysilane (crosslinking agents, low-n layers; imaging devices and their antireflective films imparting reflection light with clear color tone)

RN 4369-14-6 HCAPLUS

CN 2-Propenoic acid, 3-(trimethoxysilyl)propyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

$$\begin{array}{c|c} \text{OMe} & \text{O} \\ \mid & \mid \mid \\ \text{MeO-Si-} (\text{CH}_2)_3 - \text{O-C-CH} \end{array} \\ \text{CH}_2 \\ \text{OMe} \\ \end{array}$$

IC ICM G02B001-11

ICS B32B007-02; G02F001-1335

CC 74-13 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and Other Reprographic Processes) Section cross-reference(s): 38, 73

ST imaging device antireflective film reflection color tone; specular reflectance color tone display antireflective film

IT Fluoropolymers, preparation

(di-Me siloxane-, Opstar JN 7228, acryloyloxypropyltrimethoxysi lane-crosslinked, low-n layers; imaging devices and their antireflective films imparting reflection light with clear color tone)

IT Polysiloxanes, preparation

(di-Me, fluorine-containing, Opstar JN 7228, acryloyloxypropyltrimethoxysilane-crosslinked, low-n layers; imaging devices and their antireflective films

```
imparting reflection light with clear color tone)
IT
     Antireflective films
        (imaging devices and their antireflective films
        imparting reflection light with clear color tone)
IT
     Optical imaging devices
        (imaging devices and their antireflective films
        imparting reflection light with clear tone)
IT
     4369-14-6, 3-Acryloyloxypropyltrimethoxysilane
        (crosslinking agents, low-n layers; imaging devices
        and their antireflective films imparting reflection
        light with clear color tone)
     7631-86-9, MEK-ST, uses
IT
        (high-n layers; imaging devices and their
        antireflective films imparting reflection light with
        clear color tone)
IT
     682354-08-1P, Allyl methacrylate-DMAEA-methacrylic acid-Kayarad
     DPHA copolymer
        (intermol. crosslinked, reflective layers; imaging devices and
        their antireflective films imparting reflection light
        with clear color tone)
IT
     13463-67-7, TTO 55B, uses
        (medium- and high-n layers; imaging devices and their
        antireflective films imparting reflection light with
        clear color tone)
     9012-09-3, TAC TD 80U
IT
        (substrates; imaging devices and their antireflective
        films imparting reflection light with clear color tone)
L35 ANSWER 17 OF 33 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER:
                        2004:330785 HCAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
                         140:347680
TITLE:
                         Antireflective antiglare films,
                         polarizing films sandwiched in between
                         antiglare protective /films, and liquid crystal
                         displays
INVENTOR(S):
                         Moto, Takahiro
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):
                         Fuji Photo Film Co., Ltd., Japan
SOURCE:
                         Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 35 pp.
                         CODEN: JKXXAF
DOCUMENT TYPE:
                         Patent
LANGUAGE:
                         Japanese
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:
PATENT INFORMATION:
     PATENT NO.
                         KIND
                                DATE
                                            APPLICATION NO.
                                                                   DATE
     JP 2004125958
                                20040422
                                            JP 2002-286936
                                                                    2002
                                                                    0930
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
                                            JP 2002-286936
                                                                    2002
                                                                    0930
AB
     The film has surface roughness (Ra) 0.02-1.00 µm and Rz/Ra
     ≤30 and comprises a transparent substrate, ≥1
     antiglare layers comprising transparent binder matrix containing
     transparent fine-grain particle dispersions, and a layer having
     lower refractive index than the underlayer. The title polarizing
     film is sandwiched in between protective films, either or both
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comprising the said antiglare film. Liquid crystal display with its liquid cell laminated to the polarizing film on its optically anisotropic side is also claimed. Displays with clear images can be obtained with wide view angle.

IT 4369-14-6, KBM 5103

(crosslinking agent; antireflective

antiglare films for polarizing films in liquid crystal displays)

RN 4369-14-6 HCAPLUS

CN 2-Propenoic acid, 3-(trimethoxysilyl)propyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{OMe} & \text{O} \\ | & | | \\ \text{MeO-Si-(CH}_2)_3 - \text{O-C-CH} \end{array} \\ \text{CH}_2 \\ | & \text{OMe} \end{array}$$

IC ICM G02B001-11

ICS B32B007-02; G02B005-02; G02B005-30; G02F001-1335

CC 74-13 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and Other Reprographic Processes)
Section cross-reference(s): 38, 73

ST antireflective antiglare film polarizer LCD; liq crystal display polarizer antiglare protective film

IT Polysiloxanes, uses

(acrylic; antireflective antiglare films for polarizing films in liquid crystal displays)

IT Antireflective films

Liquid crystal displays

Polarizing films

(antireflective antiglare films for polarizing films in liquid crystal displays)

IT Fluoropolymers, uses

(di-Me siloxane-, JN 7228, crosslinked; antireflective

antiglare films for polarizing films in liquid crystal displays)

IT Polysiloxanes, uses

(di-Me, fluorine-containing, JN 7228, crosslinked; antireflective antiglare films for polarizing films in liquid crystal displays)

IT 9012-09-3, TD 80U

(antiglare film base; antireflective antiglare films for polarizing films in liquid crystal displays)

IT 160716-45-0, KBM 5103 homopolymer 188722-79-4, DPHA-KBM 5103 copolymer

(antiglare film; antireflective antiglare films for polarizing films in liquid crystal displays)

IT 1314-23-4, Zirconia, uses

(antiglare films containing; antireflective antiglare films for polarizing films in liquid crystal displays)

IT 158721-79-0, KBM 5103-Trimethylolpropane triacrylate copolymer 365440-38-6, DeSolite Z 7526 511270-62-5, DeSolite KZ 7114A (antireflective antiglare films for polarizing films in liquid crystal displays)

IT 4369-14-6, KBM 5103

(crosslinking agent; antireflective

antiglare films for polarizing films in liquid crystal displays)

TT 7631-86-9, Silica, uses 9011-14-7, Poly(methyl methacrylate) 439912-99-9, SX 130H 462109-01-9, SX 500H 521322-93-0, MX 300

```
521322-95-2, MX 150
                           847995-61-3, Chemisnow SX 350H
        (fine-grain particle in antiglare film; antireflective
        antiglare films for polarizing films in liquid crystal displays)
IT
     174079-42-6
        (optically anisotropic layer in polarizing film;
        antireflective antiquare films for polarizing films in
        liquid crystal displays)
L35 ANSWER 18 OF 33 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER:
                         2004:310366 HCAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
                         140:329348
TITLE:
                         Optical filter laminates having transparent
                         adhesive layers with smooth surface, no
                         optical strain, and excellent impact
                         resistance
                         Kawaguchi, Toshiyuki;/Tahara, Kazutoki;
INVENTOR(S):
                         Yoshida, Kazuyoshi
                         Shin-Etsu Polymer %o., Ltd., Japan
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):
                         Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo/Koho, 17 pp.
SOURCE:
                         CODEN: JKXXAF
DOCUMENT TYPE:
                         Patent
                         Japanese
LANGUAGE:
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:
PATENT INFORMATION:
     PATENT NO.
                         KIND
                                DATE
                                             APPLICATION NO.
                                                                    DATE
     JP 2004117681
                          A2
                                 20040415
                                             JP 2002-279231
                                                                    2002
                                                                    0925
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
                                             JP 2002-279231
                                                                    2002
                                                                    0925
     The laminates consist of display elements (including 1st optical
AB
     layers), transparent/adhesive layers with thickness 1-3 mm,
     consisting of transparent substrates with thickness 0.25-1.3 mm
     unified with cross inked organopolysiloxanes, and 2nd optical
     layers on the side of the substrates, wherein the
     organopolysiloxanes may have units derived from
     diorganopolysiloxanes (A) bearing ≥2 alkenyl groups bonded
     to Si, resin-type organopolysiloxanes bearing ≥1 alkenyl
     groups bonded to Si (B) consisting of SiO4/2 units and R3SiO1/2
     units (R = hydrocarbyl, alkenyl), and organohydrogenpolysiloxanes
     (C) bearing ≥2 H bonded to Si.
TT
     573936-03-5DP, Dimethylvinylsilyl-terminated dimethyl
     siloxane SRU-dimethylsilanediol-methylsilanediol-silicic acid
     dimethylvinylsilyl trimethylsilyl ester copolymer,
     trimethylsilyl-terminated
        (adhesive layer; optical filter laminates having
        crosslinked organopolysiloxane adhesive layers with
        smooth surface, no optical strain, and good impact resistance
        for displays)
     573936-03-5 HCAPLUS
RN
     Silicic acid, ethenyldimethylsilyl trimethylsilyl ester, polymer
CN
     with dimethylsilanediol, \alpha-(ethenyldimethylsilyl)-\omega-
     [(ethenyldimethylsilyl)oxy]poly[oxy(dimethylsilylene)] and
     methylsilanediol (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
```

CRN 59942-04-0 CMF (C2 H6 O Si)n C8 H18 O Si2 CCI PMS

CM 2

CRN 43641-90-3 CMF C H6 O2 Si

CM 3

CRN 1066-42-8 CMF C2 H8 O2 Si

CM 4

CRN 107712-53-8 CMF C4 H10 O Si . x C3 H10 O Si . x Unspecified

CM 5

CRN 5906-75-2 CMF C4 H10 O Si

```
CM 6
```

CRN 1343-98-2 CMF Unspecified

CCI MAN

## \*\*\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE \*\*\*

CM 7

CRN 1066-40-6 CMF C3 H10 O Si

IC ICM G02B001-10 ICS G02B001-11

CC 73-11 (Optical, Electron, and Mass Spectroscopy and Other Related Properties)

Section cross-reference(s): 38, 74

IT Optical materials

(antireflective; optical filter laminates having crosslinked organopolysiloxane adhesive layers with smooth surface, no optical strain, and good impact resistance for displays)

IT 573936-03-5DP, Dimethylvinylsilyl-terminated dimethyl siloxane SRU-dimethylsilanediol-methylsilanediol-silicic acid dimethylvinylsilyl trimethylsilyl ester copolymer, trimethylsilyl-terminated

(adhesive layer; optical filter laminates having crosslinked organopolysiloxane adhesive layers with smooth surface, no optical strain, and good impact resistance for displays)

L35 ANSWER 19 OF 33 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005/ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2004:250276 HCAPLŲŚ

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

140:294890

TITLE:

SOURCE:

Antisoiling and antiscratch antireflection films and display

devices having them

INVENTOR(S):

Kato, Eiichi

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Fuji Photo Film Co., Ltd., Japan Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 52 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND / DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 2004093773	A2 20040325	JP 2002-253388	2002
	USHA SHRESTHA	EIC 1700 REM 4B28	

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:

JP 2002-253388

2002 0830

0830

The antireflection film has a top coating layer containing graft polymers, which are manufactured from (A) monofunctional monomers having siloxane structures selected from OSiR11R12 and OSiR13R14R15 (R11-15 = aliphatic or aromatic group) and (B) monofunctional macromonomers with Mw ≤20,000 having in their main chains repeating units CF2CFRf0 (Rf0 = F, C1-7-perfluoroalkyl, ORf1; Rf1 = F-containing C1-22-aliphatic group).

IT 675876-59-2P

(crosslinked; antisoiling and antiscratch
antireflection films for displays)

RN 675876-59-2 HCAPLUS

2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, 3-[5-butyl-1,1,3,5,5-pentamethyl-3-(2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)trisiloxanyl]propyl ester, polymer with 1,1,2,3,3,4,4,4-octafluoro-1-butene, oxiranylmethyl 2-propenoate and tetrafluoroethene, graft (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CN

CRN 667457-08-1 CMF C18 H37 F3 O4 Si3

CM 2

CRN 357-26-6 CMF C4 F8

CM 3

CRN 116-14-3 CMF C2 F4

CRN 106-90-1 CMF C6 H8 O3

IC ICM G02B001-11

ICS B32B027-00; B32B027-30; G09F009-00

CC 74-13 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and Other Reprographic Processes) Section cross-reference(s): 38, 73

ST antireflection film antisoiling fluoropolymer siloxane graft; antiscratch antireflection film macromer fluoropolymer siloxane

IT Polysiloxanes, reactions

(acrylic, fluorine-containing, graft; antisoiling and antiscratch antireflection films for displays)

IT Fluoropolymers, reactions

(acrylic-polysiloxane-, graft; antisoiling and antiscratch antireflection films for displays)

IT Fluoropolymers, uses

(antireflection layer; antisoiling and antiscratch antireflection films for displays)

IT Antireflective films

Optical imaging devices

Polarizers

(antisoiling and antiscratch antireflection films for displays)

IT Macromonomers

(antisoiling and antiscratch antireflection films for displays)

IT Polysiloxanes, preparation

(epoxy, fluorine-containing, acrylic, graft; antisoiling and antiscratch antireflection films for displays)

IT Fluoropolymers, preparation

(epoxy-polysiloxane-, acrylic, graft; antisoiling and antiscratch antireflection films for displays)

IT Epoxy resins, preparation

(polysiloxane-, fluorine-containing, acrylic, graft; antisoiling and antiscratch antireflection films for displays)

IT 9012-09-3, Triacetyl cellulose

(TAC-TD 80U, substrate film; antisoiling and antiscratch antireflection films for displays)

IT 67653-78-5P, DPHA homopolymer 254887-78-0P, DMAEA-DPHA-PM 21 copolymer

```
(antireflection layer; antisoiling and antiscratch
        antireflection films for displays)
     294172-90-0, JSR JN 7221
IT
        (antireflection layer; antisoiling and antiscratch
        antireflection films for displays)
IT
     667457-05-8P 667457-07-0P
                                   667457-11-6P
                                                  675876-58-1P
     675876-61-6P · 675876-63-8P
                                   675876-64-9P
                                                  675876-65-0P
                                   676120-94-8P
     675876-66-1P 675876-67-2P
        (antisoiling and antiscratch antireflection films for
        displays)
TT
     675876-68-3P
                    675876-69-4P
                                   675876-70-7P
                                                  675876-71-8P
     675876-72-9P 675876-73-0P
                                   675876-74-1P
                                                  675876-75-2P
     675876-76-3P 675876-77-4P
                                   676120-96-0P
        (antisoiling and antiscratch antireflection films for
        displays)
IT
     675876-59-2P
        (crosslinked; antisoiling and antiscratch
        antireflection films for displays)
IT
     77-99-6D, Trimethylolpropane, glycidyl ether
        (crosslinking agent; antisoiling and antiscratch
        antireflection films for displays)
IT
     20882-04-6, Butanedioic acid, mono[2-[(2-methyl-1-oxo-2-
     propenyl)oxy]ethyl] ester
        (esterification with acrylic graft polymers; antisoiling and
        antiscratch antireflection films for displays)
IT
     667457-02-5DP, methacryloyloxy-terminated 667457-04-7DP,
     methacryloyloxy-terminated 667458-44-8DP, methacryloyloxy-
     terminated
        (macromer; antisoiling and antiscratch antireflection
        films for displays)
L35 ANSWER 20 OF 33 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER:
                        2004:180440 HCAPLÚS
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
                         140:243668
TITLE:
                        Antireflective Layer of
                         polysiloxane-grafted fluoropolymers,
                         antireflective film provided with the
                         antireflective layer by solvent
                         casting, and its optical imaging device
                         Kato, Eiichi
INVENTOR(S):
                         Fuji Photo Film Co., Ltd., Japan
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):
                         Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 48 pp.
SOURCE:
                         CODEN: JKXXAF
DOCUMENT TYPE:
                         Patent A
LANGUAGE:
                         Japanese
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:
PATENT INFORMATION:
     PATENT NO.
                         KIND
                                DATE
                                           APPLICATION NO.
                                                                   DATE
                         A2
                                20040304
     JP 2004069983
                                            JP 2002-228813
                                                                   2002
                                                                   0806
                                            JP 2002-228813
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
                                                                   2002
                                                                   0806
AB
     The antireflective layer has a low-refractive index
```

layer formed by application and curing of a film-forming composition

```
containing (i) graft copolymers (GP) prepared by copolymg. ≥1
     monofunctional monomers (A) bearing ≥1 groups selected from
     OSiR11R12 and OSiR13R14R15 (R11-R15 = aliphatic or aromatic group) and
     ≥1 monofunctional macromonomers (MM) with Mw ≤2.0
     + 104 and involving mer units represented by CF2CFR0f (CFR0f
     = F, C1-7 perfluoroalkyl, ORf1; ORf1 = C1-22 F-containing aliphatic
     group) and (ii) hardeners and/or curing accelerators. The optical
     imaging devices such as CRT, PDP, and LCD has the
     antireflective film showing high scratch resistance and
     antisoiling property.
     667457-24-1P 667457-25-2P 667457-26-3P
     667457-27-4P 667457-28-5P 667457-29-6P
     667457-30-9P 667457-31-0P 667457-32-1P
     667457-33-2P
        (crosslinked; antireflective film provided
        with antireflective layer of polysiloxane-grafted
        fluoropolymers by solvent casting for displays)
RN
     667457-24-1 HCAPLUS
     2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, 3-(nonamethyltetrasiloxanyl)propyl
CN
     ester, polymer with DEX 314, 1,1,1,2,2,3,3-heptafluoro-4-
     [(trifluoroethenyl)oxy]butane, 1,1,2,3,3,3-hexafluoro-1-propene
     and oxiranylmethyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
     CM
          1
     CRN
          658076-22-3
     CMF
          Unspecified
     CCI
        PMS, MAN
*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***
     CM
          2
     CRN 126323-50-0
     CMF C6 H2 F10 O
  CF<sub>2</sub>
F-C-O-CH2-CF2-CF2-CF3
     CM
          3
```

CRN 77865-90-8 CMF C16 H38 O5 Si4

CRN 116-15-4 CMF C3 F6

CM 5

CRN 106-91-2 CMF C7 H10 O3

RN 667457-25-2 HCAPLUS

CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, 6-hydroxyhexyl ester, polymer with DEX 314, 4-[difluoro[(trifluoroethenyl)oxy]methoxy]-1,1,1,2,2,3,3-heptafluorobutane, 1,1,2,3,3,4,4,4-octafluoro-1-butene and 3-[3,3,3-trimethyl-1,1-bis[(trimethylsilyl)oxy]disiloxanyl]propyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 667457-06-9 CMF C7 H2 F12 O2

CM 2

CRN 658076-22-3 CMF Unspecified CCI PMS, MAN

## \*\*\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE \*\*\*

CM 3

CRN 17096-07-0 CMF C16 H38 O5 Si4

CM 4

CRN 13092-57-4 CMF C10 H18 O3

$$\begin{array}{c|c} & \text{O} & \text{CH}_2 \\ & \parallel & \parallel \\ \text{HO- (CH}_2)_6 - \text{O-C-C-Me} \end{array}$$

CM 5

CRN 357-26-6 CMF C4 F8

RN 667457-26-3 HCAPLUS

CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, 3-(nonamethyltetrasiloxanyl)propyl ester, polymer with 1,1,1,2,2,3,3-heptafluoro-4[(trifluoroethenyl)oxy]butane, 1,1,2,3,3,3-hexafluoro-1-propene, oxiranylmethyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate and 1,1,3,3-tetramethyl-1,3-bis[2-(7-oxabicyclo[4.1.0]hept-3-yl)ethyl]disiloxane (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 126323-50-0 CMF C6 H2 F10 O

$$F-C-O-CH_2-CF_2-CF_2-CF_3$$

CRN 77865-90-8 CMF C16 H38 O5 Si4

$$\begin{tabular}{c|cccc} Me & & & & & & \\ & O-Si-Me & & & & \\ & & O-SiMe_3 & & & \\ & O-Si-Me & & & & \\ & & Me & & & & \\ & & Me & & & & & \\ Me-Si-(CH_2)_3-O-C-C-Me & & & \\ & & Me & & & \\ & & Me & & & \\ \end{tabular}$$

CM 3

CRN 18724-32-8 CMF C20 H38 O3 Si2

CM 4

CRN 116-15-4 CMF C3 F6

CM 5

CRN 106-91-2 CMF C7 H10 O3

RN 667457-27-4 HCAPLUS

CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, 6-hydroxyhexyl ester, polymer with 4-[difluoro[(trifluoroethenyl)oxy]methoxy]-1,1,1,2,2,3,3-heptafluorobutane, 1,1,2,3,3,4,4,4-octafluoro-1-butene, Takenate DHO and 3-[3,3,3-trimethyl-1,1-bis[(trimethylsilyl)oxy]disiloxanyl propyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 667457-06-9 CMF C7 H2 F12 O2

CM 2

CRN 658078-60-5 CMF Unspecified CCI PMS, MAN

\*\*\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE \*\*\*

CM 3

CRN 17096-07-0 CMF C16 H38 O5 Si4

CM 4

CRN 13092-57-4 CMF C10 H18 O3

$$\begin{array}{c|c} & \text{O} & \text{CH}_2 \\ || & || & || \\ \text{HO- (CH}_2)_6 - \text{O-C-C-Me} \end{array}$$

CM 5

CRN 357-26-6 CMF C4 F8

RN 667457-28-5 HCAPLUS

CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, oxydi-2,1-ethanediyl ester, polymer with cyclohexyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate, 1,1,2,3,3,3-hexafluoro-1-propene, 1,1,2,2,3,3-hexafluoro-4-[(trifluoroethenyl)oxy]butane, 3-[1,1,3,5,5,5-hexamethyl-3-[(trimethylsilyl)oxy]trisiloxanyl]prop yl 2-methyl-2-propenoate and 2-propenyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 667457-10-5 CMF C6 H3 F9 O

$$|CF_{2}|$$
  
||  
F-C-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-CF<sub>2</sub>-CF<sub>2</sub>-CHF<sub>2</sub>

CM 2

CRN 111481-56-2 CMF C16 H38 O5 Si4

CM 3

CRN 2358-84-1 CMF C12 H18 O5

CM 4

CRN 116-15-4 CMF C3 F6

CRN 101-43-9 CMF C10 H16 O2

CM 6

CRN 96-05-9 CMF C7 H10 O2

RN 667457-29-6 HCAPLUS
CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, 2-aminoethyl ester, polymer with disocyanatocyclohexane, 1-[3-(4-ethenylphenyl)propyl]1,1,3,3,5,5,7,7,7-nonamethyltetrasiloxane, 1,1,2,3,3,3-hexafluoro1-propene and 1-[(trifluoroethenyl)oxy]pentane (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 667457-13-8 CMF C7 H11 F3 O

$$\begin{picture}(1,0) \put(0,0){\line(0,0){100}} \put(0,0){\line(0,0){100}$$

CM 2

CRN 667457-12-7 CMF C20 H40 O3 Si4

CRN 53823-29-3 CMF C8 H10 N2 O2 CCI IDS

CM 4

CRN 7659-36-1 CMF C6 H11 N O2

$$\begin{array}{ccc} ^{\rm H_2C} & {\rm O} \\ \parallel & \parallel \\ ^{\rm Me-} & {\rm C-C-O-CH_2-CH_2-NH_2} \end{array}$$

CM 5

CRN 116-15-4 CMF C3 F6

RN 667457-30-9 HCAPLUS

7-Oxabicyclo[4.1.0]heptane-3-carboxylic acid, 7-oxabicyclo[4.1.0]hept-3-ylmethyl ester, polymer with

1-[(2,2-difluoroethenyl)oxy]-1,1,2,2,3,3,4,4,5,5,6,6,6-tridecafluorohexane, 1,1,2,3,3,3-hexafluoro-1-propene,

2-(7-oxabicyclo[4.1.0]hept-3-yl)ethyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate and

3-[3,3,3-trimethyl-1,1-bis[(trimethylsilyl)oxy]disiloxanyl]propyl

2-methyl-2-propenoate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CRN 667457-18-3 CMF C8 H F15 O

 $F_2C = CH - O - (CF_2)_5 - CF_3$ 

CM 2

CRN 59620-20-1 CMF C12 H18 O3

CM 3

CRN 17096-07-0 CMF C16 H38 O5 Si4

CM 4

CRN 2386-87-0 CMF C14 H20 O4

$$\circ \qquad \circ \\ \circ \\ \circ \\ \circ \\ \circ \\ \circ$$

CM 5

CRN 116-15-4 CMF C3 F6

RN 667457-31-0 HCAPLUS

CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, 2-[2-[2-(ethenyloxy)ethoxy]ethoxy]eth yl ester, polymer with 1,4-bis[[2-(ethenyloxy)ethoxy]methyl]cycloh exane, 1-[(2,2-difluoroethenyl)oxy]-1,1,2,2,3,3,4,4,5,5,6,6,6-tridecafluorohexane, 1,1,2,3,3,3-hexafluoro-1-propene and 3-[3,3,3-trimethyl-1,1-bis[(trimethylsilyl)oxy]disiloxanyl]propyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 667457-20-7 CMF C12 H20 O5

CM 2

CRN 667457-18-3 CMF C8 H F15 O

$$F_2C = CH - O - (CF_2)_5 - CF_3$$

CM 3

CRN 658075-08-2 CMF C16 H28 O4

$$\label{eq:ch2} \begin{array}{c} \text{CH$_2$-O-CH$_2$-CH$_2$-O-CH$_2$-CH$_2$-O-CH$_2$-CH$_2$-O-CH$$$

CM 4

CRN 17096-07-0 CMF C16 H38 O5 Si4

CRN 116-15-4 CMF C3 F6

RN 667457-32-1 HCAPLUS
CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, hexyl ester, polymer with
1-[(2,2-difluoroethenyl)oxy]-1,1,2,2,3,3,4,4,5,5,6,6,6tridecafluorohexane, 1,1,2,3,3,3-hexafluoro-1-propene,
7-oxabicyclo[4.1.0]hept-3-ylmethyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate,
2-(oxiranylmethoxy)ethyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate and
3-[3,3,3-trimethyl-1,1-bis[(trimethylsilyl)oxy]disiloxanyl]propyl
2-methyl-2-propenoate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 667457-18-3 CMF C8 H F15 O

$$F_2C = CH - O - (CF_2)_5 - CF_3$$

CM 2

CRN 82428-30-6 CMF C11 H16 O3

CM 3

CRN 30491-79-3 CMF C9 H14 O4

17096-07-0 CRN C16 H38 O5 Si4 CMF

CM 5

CRN 142-09-6 CMF C10 H18 O2

CM 6

CRN 116-15-4 CMF C3 F6

RN

Dodecanoic acid, 12-[(2-methyl-1-oxo-2-propenyl)oxy]-, ethenyl

667457-33-2 HCAPLUS

ester, polymer with 1-[(2,2-difluoroethenyl)oxy]-1,1,2,2,3,3,4,4,5,5,6,6,6-tridecafluorohexane, 1,2-ethanediyl bis(2-methyl-2-propenoate), ethenyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate, 1,1,2,3,3,3-hexafluoro-1-propene and 3-[3,3,3-trimethyl-1,1bis[(trimethylsilyl)oxy]disiloxanyl]propyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate (CA INDEX NAME) (9CI)

CM 1

CRN 667457-18-3 CMF C8 H F15 O

$$F_2C = CH - O - (CF_2)_5 - CF_3$$

CRN 130949-32-5 CMF C18 H30 O4

CM 3

CRN 17096-07-0 CMF C16 H38 O5 Si4

CM 4

CRN 4245-37-8 CMF C6 H8 O2

CM 5

CRN 116-15-4 CMF C3 F6

CM 6

CRN 97-90-5 CMF C10 H14 O4

```
H<sub>2</sub>C O
Me-C-C-O-CH_2-CH_2-O-C-C-Me
IC
     ICM G02B001-11
     ICS B32B007-02; B32B027-00; G02F001-1335
     74-13 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and
CC
     Photographic and Other Reprographic Processes)
     Section cross-reference(s): 38, 73
ST
     polysiloxane fluoropolymer graft antireflective film
     optical imaging device; liq crystal display antireflective
     film
IT
     Polysiloxanes, preparation
        (acrylic, fluorine-containing, graft, crosslinked;
        antireflective film provided with
        antireflective layer of polysiloxane-grafted
        fluoropolymers by solvent casting for displays)
IT
     Fluoropolymers, preparation
        (acrylic-polysiloxane-, graft, crosslinked;
        antireflective film provided with
        antireflective layer of polysiloxane-grafted
        fluoropolymers by solvent casting for displays)
TT
     Antireflective films
     Liquid crystal displays
     Optical imaging devices
     Polarizers
        (antireflective film provided with
        antireflective layer of polysiloxane-grafted
        fluoropolymers by solvent casting for displays)
IT
     9012-09-3, TAC-DU
        (TAC-DU, TAC-TD 80U, substrate film; antireflective
        film provided with antireflective layer of
        polysiloxane-grafted fluoropolymers by solvent casting for
        displays)
TT
     332363-57-2P, DMAEA-Kayamer PM 21 copolymer
        (TiO2 dispersion; antireflective film provided with
        antireflective layer of polysiloxane-grafted
        fluoropolymers by solvent casting for displays)
IT
     402829-66-7, SX 200HS
        (antiglare hard coat containing; antireflective film
        provided with antireflective layer of
        polysiloxane-grafted fluoropolymers by solvent casting for
        displays)
IT
     404900-61-4, DeSolite Z 7042 404901-40-2, DeSolite Z 7041
        (antiglare hard coat; antireflective film provided
        with antireflective layer of polysiloxane-grafted
        fluoropolymers by solvent casting for displays)
IT
     104-15-4, p-Toluenesulfonic acid, uses 947-19-3
                                                         5593-70-4
     6175-45-7
                 10409-07-1
                              17501-44-9, Zirconium (IV)
     acetylacetonate
                      71868-10-5, Irgacure 907
                                                  82799-44-8, Kayacure
            100093-00-3
                          667457-34-3
                                        667457-35-4
        (antireflective film provided with
        antireflective layer of polysiloxane-grafted
        fluoropolymers by solvent casting for displays)
IT
     88583-06-6P
        (antireflective film provided with
        antireflective layer of polysiloxane-grafted
        fluoropolymers by solvent casting for displays)
```

```
30674-80-7DP, 2-(Methacryloyloxy)ethyl isocyanate, ester with
     carboxy-terminated fluoropolymer 667457-02-5DP,
     carboxy-terminated, ester with with 2-(methacryloyloxy)ethyl
                 667457-04-7DP, carboxyphenyl-terminated, ester with
     isocyanate
     glycidyl methacrylate
        (antireflective film provided with
        antireflective layer of polysiloxane-grafted
        fluoropolymers by solvent casting for displays)
                   667457-07-0P
IT
     667457-05-8P
                                   667457-09-2P
                                                  667457-11-6P
     667457-14-9P
                    667457-17-2P
                                   667457-19-4P
                                                  667457-21-8P
     667457-22-9P
                    667457-23-0P
        (antireflective film provided with
        antireflective layer of polysiloxane-grafted
        fluoropolymers by solvent casting for displays)
TΤ
     667458-46-0P
        (antireflective film provided with
        antireflective layer of polysiloxane-grafted
        fluoropolymers by solvent casting for displays)
IT
     658078-60-5, Takenate DHO
        (antireflective film provided with
        antireflective layer of polysiloxane-grafted
        fluoropolymers by solvent casting for displays)
     667457-24-1P 667457-25-2P 667457-26-3P
IT
     667457-27-4P 667457-28-5P 667457-29-6P
     667457-30-9P 667457-31-0P 667457-32-1P
     667457-33-2P
        (crosslinked; antireflective film provided
        with antireflective layer of polysiloxane-grafted
        fluoropolymers by solvent casting for displays)
TΤ
     254887-33-7P, DPHA-UV 6300B copolymer
        (hard coat; antireflective film provided with
        antireflective layer of polysiloxane-grafted
        fluoropolymers by solvent casting for displays)
     77-99-6D, Trimethylolpropane, polyglycidyl ethers
IΤ
                                                         97-90-5,
     Ethylene glycol dimethacrylate 101-43-9, Cyclohexyl methacrylate
                2358-84-1, Diethylene glycol dimethacrylate
                                                              2386-87-0
     4245-37-8, Vinyl methacrylate 18724-32-8 53823-29-3,
     Cyclohexyl diisocyanate
                              82428-30-6
                                           658075-08-2
                                                          658076-22-3,
     DEX 314
        (hardener; antireflective film provided with
        antireflective layer of polysiloxane-grafted
        fluoropolymers by solvent casting for displays)
L35 ANSWER 21 OF 33 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER:
                         2004:180421 HCAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
                         140:243667
TITLE:
                         Antireflective layer,
                         antireflective film provided with the
                         layer by solvent casting, and optical imaging
                         device assembled with the same
INVENTOR(S):
                         Obayashi, Tatsuhiko; Hosokawa, Takashi
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):
                         Fuji Photo Film Co., Ltd., Japan
SOURCE:
                         Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 29 pp.
                         CODEN: JKXXAF
DOCUMENT TYPE:
                         Patent
LANGUAGE .
                         Japanese
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:
PATENT INFORMATION:
     PATENT NO.
                         KIND
                                                                   DATE
                                DATE
                                            APPLICATION NO.
```

USHA SHRESTHA EIC 1700 REM 4B28

1

JP 2004069866 A2 20040304 JP 2002-226746

2002
0802

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:

JP 2002-226746

2002
0802

AB The antireflective (AR) layer has a low refractive index layer of a cured copolymer involving polysiloxane moiety in the main chain, mer units derived from F-containing vinyl monomers, and mer units bearing (meth)acryloyl group in the side chain 30-70 mol% per all of the mer units other than the polysiloxane moieties. The AR film with the AR layer is suitable for CRT, PDP, EL displays, and LCD.

IT 667400-89-7P 667401-52-7P 667401-84-5P 667401-85-6P 667401-86-7P 667401-87-8P 667401-88-9P

(crosslinked; antireflective film provided
with polysiloxane-fluoropolymer-based antireflective
layer by solvent casting for displays)

RN 667400-89-7 HCAPLUS
CN Pentanoic acid, 4.4'-azobis[4-cyano-, polymer with α-[(3-aminopropyl) dimethylsilyl]-ω-[[(3-aminopropyl) dimethylsilyl] oxy]poly[oxy(dimethylsilylene)], 2-(ethenyloxy)ethanol and 1,1,2,3,3,3-hexafluoro-1-propene, 2-propenoate (ester), polymer with 2-[[3-[(1-oxo-2-propenyl)oxy]-2,2-bis[[(1-oxo-2-propenyl)oxy]methyl]propoxy]methyl]-2-[[(1-oxo-2-propenyl)oxy]methyl]-1,3-propanediyl di-2-propenoate (9CI) (CA

CM 1

INDEX NAME)

CRN 29570-58-9 CMF C28 H34 O13

CM 2

CRN 667400-65-9
CMF (C12 H16 N4 O4 . C4 H8 O2 . C3 F6 . (C2 H6 O Si)n C10 H28 N2 O Si2)x . x C3 H4 O2

CM 3

CRN 79-10-7 CMF C3 H4 O2

CM 4

CRN 667400-64-8
CMF (C12 H16 N4 O4 . C4 H8 O2 . C3 F6 . (C2 H6 O Si)n C10 H28 N2 O Si2)x

CCI PMS

CM 5

CRN 97917-34-5 CMF (C2 H6 O Si)n C10 H28 N2 O Si2 CCI PMS

CM 6

CRN 2638-94-0 CMF C12 H16 N4 O4

CM 7

CRN 764-48-7 CMF C4 H8 O2

$${\tt HO-CH_2-CH_2-O-CH-CH_2}$$

CM 8

CRN 116-15-4 CMF C3 F6

RN 667401-52-7 HCAPLUS CN Pentanoic acid, 4,4'-azobis[4-cyano-, polymer with  $\alpha$ -[(3-aminopropyl)dimethylsilyl]- $\omega$ -[[(3-aminopropyl)dimethylsilyl]oxy]poly[oxy(dimethylsilylene)], 4-(ethenyloxy)-1-butanol and 1,1,2,3,3,3-hexafluoro-1-propene, 2-propenoate (ester), homopolymer (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 667400-68-2 CMF (C12 H16 N4 O4 . C6 H12 O2 . C3 F6 . (C2 H6 O Si)n C10 H28 N2 O Si2)x . x C3 H4 O2

CM 2

CRN 79-10-7 CMF C3 H4 O2

CM 3

CRN 667400-67-1
CMF (C12 H16 N4 O4 . C6 H12 O2 . C3 F6 . (C2 H6 O Si)n C10
H28 N2 O Si2)x
CCI PMS

CM 4

CRN 97917-34-5 CMF (C2 H6 O Si)n C10 H28 N2 O Si2 CCI PMS

CM 5

CRN 17832-28-9 CMF C6 H12 O2  $H_2C = CH - O - (CH_2)_4 - OH$ 

CM 6

CRN 2638-94-0 CMF C12 H16 N4 O4

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{Me} \\ | \\ \text{N} = \text{N} - \text{C} - \text{CH}_2 - \text{CH}_2 - \text{CO}_2 \text{H} \\ | \\ | \\ \text{HO}_2 \text{C} - \text{CH}_2 - \text{CH}_2 - \text{C} - \text{Me} \\ | \\ \text{CN} \end{array}$$

CM 7

CRN 116-15-4 CMF C3 F6

RN 667401-84-5 HCAPLUS CN Pentanoic acid, 4,4'-azobis[4-cyano-, polymer with  $\alpha$ -[(3-aminopropyl)dimethylsilyl]- $\omega$ -[[(3-aminopropyl)dimethylsilyl]oxy]poly[oxy(dimethylsilylene)], 2-[2-(ethenyloxy)ethoxy]ethanol and 1,1,2,3,3,3-hexafluoro-1-propene, 2-propenoate (ester), homopolymer (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 667400-70-6

CMF (C12 H16 N4 O4 . C6 H12 O3 . C3 F6 . (C2 H6 O Si)n C10 H28 N2

O Si2)x . x C3 H4 O2

CM 2

CRN 79-10-7 CMF C3 H4 O2

CM 3

CRN 667400-69-3

CMF (C12 H16 N4 O4 . C6 H12 O3 . C3 F6 . (C2 H6 O Si)n C10

H28 N2 O Si2)x

CCI PMS

CM 4

CRN 97917-34-5

CMF (C2 H6 O Si)n C10 H28 N2 O Si2

CCI PMS

CM 5

CRN 2638-94-0 CMF C12 H16 N4 O4

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{Me} \\ | \\ \text{N} = \text{N} - \text{C} - \text{CH}_2 - \text{CH}_2 - \text{CO}_2 \text{H} \\ | \\ \text{HO}_2 \text{C} - \text{CH}_2 - \text{CH}_2 - \text{C} - \text{Me} \\ | \\ \text{CN} \end{array}$$

CM 6

CRN 929-37-3 CMF C6 H12 O3

$$H_2C = CH - O - CH_2 - CH_2 - O - CH_2 - CH_2 - OH$$

CM 7

CRN 116-15-4 CMF C3 F6

RN 667401-85-6 HCAPLUS

CN Pentanoic acid, 4,4'-azobis[4-cyano-, polymer with  $\alpha$ -[(3-aminopropyl)dimethylsilyl]- $\omega$ -[[(3-

aminopropyl)dimethylsilyl]oxy]poly[oxy(dimethylsilylene)],
2-(ethenyloxy)ethyl (3-hydroxypropyl)carbamate and
1,1,2,3,3,3-hexafluoro-1-propene, 2-methyl-2-propenoate (ester),
homopolymer (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 667400-82-0 CMF (C12 H16 N4 O4 . C8 H15 N O4 . C3 F6 . (C2 H6 O Si)n C10 H28 N2 O Si2)x . x C4 H6 O2

CM 2

CRN 79-41-4 CMF C4 H6 O2

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{CH}_2 \\ || \\ \text{Me-} \text{C-} \text{CO}_2 \text{H} \end{array}$$

CM 3

CRN 667400-81-9
CMF (C12 H16 N4 O4 . C8 H15 N O4 . C3 F6 . (C2 H6 O Si)n C10
H28 N2 O Si2)x
CCI PMS

CM 4

CRN 667400-80-8 CMF C8 H15 N O4

$$\begin{array}{c} \scriptsize 0 \\ \mid \mid \\ \scriptsize \text{HO- (CH}_2)_3-\text{NH-C-O-CH}_2-\text{CH}_2-\text{O-CH} \\ \hline \end{array}$$

CM 5

CRN 97917-34-5 CMF (C2 H6 O Si)n C10 H28 N2 O Si2 CCI PMS

CM 6

CRN 2638-94-0

CMF C12 H16 N4 O4

CM 7

CRN 116-15-4 CMF C3 F6

RN 667401-86-7 HCAPLUS
CN Pentanoic acid, 4,4'-azobis[4-cyano-, polymer with  $\alpha$ -[(3-aminopropyl)dimethylsilyl]- $\omega$ -[[(3-aminopropyl)dimethylsilyl]oxy]poly[oxy(dimethylsilylene)], 3-(ethenyloxy)-1,2-propanediol and 1,1,2,3,3,3-hexafluoro-1-propene, 2-propenoate (ester), homopolymer (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 667400-84-2 CMF (C12 H16 N4 O4 . C5 H10 O3 . C3 F6 . (C2 H6 O Si)n C10 H28 N2 O Si2)x . x C3 H4 O2

CM 2

CRN 79-10-7 CMF C3 H4 O2

CM 3

CRN 667400-83-1
CMF (C12 H16 N4 O4 . C5 H10 O3 . C3 F6 . (C2 H6 O Si)n C10
H28 N2 O Si2)x
CCI PMS

CM 4

CRN 136917-94-7 CMF C5 H10 O3

$$_{\mathrm{OH}}$$
 O  $_{\mathrm{CH}_{2}}$ 

CRN 97917-34-5 CMF (C2 H6 O Si)n C10 H28 N2 O Si2 CCI PMS

CM 6

CRN 2638-94-0 CMF C12 H16 N4 O4

$$\begin{array}{c|c} & \text{Me} \\ & | \\ & \text{N} = \text{N} - \text{C} - \text{CH}_2 - \text{CH}_2 - \text{CO}_2 \text{H} \\ & | \\ & \text{HO}_2 \text{C} - \text{CH}_2 - \text{CH}_2 - \text{C} - \text{Me} \quad \text{CN} \\ & | \\ & \text{CN} \end{array}$$

CM 7

CRN 116-15-4 CMF C3 F6

RN 667401-87-8 HCAPLUS CN Pentanoic acid, 4,4'-azobis[4-cyano-, polymer with \$\alpha - [(3-aminopropyl) dimethylsilyl] -\alpha - [[(3-aminopropyl) dimethylsilyl] oxy] poly[oxy(dimethylsilylene)], 2-(ethenyloxy) ethanol and 1,1,2,3,3,3-hexafluoro-1-propene, [3-[(1-oxo-2-propenyl)oxy] propyl] carbamate (ester), homopolymer (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 667400-86-4
CMF (C12 H16 N4 O4 . C4 H8 O2 . C3 F6 . (C2 H6 O Si)n C10 H28 N2
O Si2)x . x C7 H11 N O4

CM 2

CRN 667400-85-3 CMF C7 H11 N O4

$$0 \\ || \\ HO_2C-NH-(CH_2)_3-O-C-CH == CH_2$$

CM 3

CRN 667400-64-8

CMF (C12 H16 N4 O4 . C4 H8 O2 . C3 F6 . (C2 H6 O Si)n C10 H28 N2 O Si2)x

CCI PMS

CM 4

CRN 97917-34-5 CMF (C2 H6 O Si)n C10 H28 N2 O Si2 CCI PMS

CM 5

CRN 2638-94-0 CMF C12 H16 N4 O4

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{Me} \\ | \\ | \\ \text{N} = \text{N} - \text{C} - \text{CH}_2 - \text{CH}_2 - \text{CO}_2 \text{H} \\ | \\ | \\ \text{HO}_2 \text{C} - \text{CH}_2 - \text{CH}_2 - \text{C} - \text{Me} \quad \text{CN} \\ | \\ \text{CN} \end{array}$$

CM 6

CRN 764-48-7 CMF C4 H8 O2 HO-CH2-CH2-O-CH-CH2

CM 7

CRN 116-15-4 CMF C3 F6

CF<sub>2</sub> || F-C-CF<sub>3</sub>

RN 667401-88-9 HCAPLUS CN Pentanoic acid, 4,4'-

Pentanoic acid, 4,4'-azobis[4-cyano-, polymer with α-[(3-aminopropyl)dimethylsilyl]-ω-[[(3-aminopropyl)dimethylsilyl]oxy]poly[oxy(dimethylsilylene)], 3,3,4,4,5,5,6,6,7,7,8,8,9,9,10,10,10-heptadecafluorodecyl 2-propenoate and 2-hydroxyethyl 2-propenoate, 2-propenoate (ester), homopolymer (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 667400-88-6 CMF (C13 H7 F17 O2 . C12 H16 N4 O4 . C5 H8 O3 . (C2 H6 O Si)n C10 H28 N2 O Si2)x . x C3 H4 O2

CM 2

CRN 79-10-7 CMF C3 H4 O2

 $\begin{matrix} \circ \\ || \\ \text{ho-C-Ch} = \text{CH}_2 \end{matrix}$ 

CM 3

CRN 667400-87-5
CMF (C13 H7 F17 O2 . C12 H16 N4 O4 . C5 H8 O3 . (C2 H6 O Si)n C10 H28 N2 O Si2)x
CCI PMS

CM 4

CRN 97917-34-5 CMF (C2 H6 O Si)n C10 H28 N2 O Si2 CCI PMS

CRN 27905-45-9 CMF C13 H7 F17 O2

$$_{\mathrm{F_{3}C^{-}\ (CF_{2})}}^{\mathrm{O}}{}_{7^{-}\mathrm{CH_{2}^{-}\ CH_{2}^{-}\ O^{-}C^{-}CH^{==}}}^{\mathrm{O}}{}_{\mathrm{C^{+}CH^{=}\ CH_{2}^{-}}}^{\mathrm{O}}$$

CM 6

CRN 2638-94-0 CMF C12 H16 N4 O4

$$\begin{array}{c} & \text{Me} \\ | \\ \text{N} = \text{N} - \text{C} - \text{CH}_2 - \text{CH}_2 - \text{CO}_2 \text{H} \\ | \\ | \\ \text{HO}_2 \text{C} - \text{CH}_2 - \text{CH}_2 - \text{C} - \text{Me} \\ | \\ \text{CN} \end{array}$$

CM 7

CRN 818-61-1 CMF C5 H8 O3

$$\begin{array}{c} & \circ \\ || \\ \text{HO-CH}_2\text{--CH}_2\text{--}\text{--C-CH} \end{array} \\ \text{CH}_2$$

IC ICM G02B001-11

ICS B32B027-00; B32B027-28; G02F001-1335; C09D005-00; C09D153-00

- CC 74-13 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and
  Photographic and Other Reprographic Processes)
  Section cross-reference(s): 38, 73
- solvent casting antireflective layer fluoropolymer polysiloxane; optical imaging device antireflective film fluoropolymer polysiloxane; liq crystal display antireflective film fluoropolymer polysiloxane
- IT Antireflective films
  Optical imaging devices
  (antireflective film provided with

```
polysiloxane-fluoropolymer-based antireflective layer
        by solvent casting for displays)
IT
     Polysiloxanes, preparation
        (fluorine-containing, acrylic; antireflective film
        provided with polysiloxane-fluoropolymer-based
        antireflective layer by solvent casting for displays)
IT
     Fluoropolymers, preparation
        (polysiloxane-, acrylic; antireflective film provided
        with polysiloxane-fluoropolymer-based antireflective
        layer by solvent casting for displays)
IT
     332363-57-2P, DMAEA-Kayamer PM 21 copolymer
        (TiO2 fine dispersion, for hard coat; antireflective
        film provided with polysiloxane-fluoropolymer-based
        antireflective layer by solvent casting for displays)
IT
     67653-78-5P, DPHA homopolymer
        (antireflective film provided with
        polysiloxane-fluoropolymer-based antireflective layer
        by solvent casting for displays)
IT
     667400-65-9P
                    667400-66-0P
                                   667400-68-2P
                                                  667400-70-6P
     667400-82-0P
                    667400-84-2P
                                   667400-86-4P
                                                  667400-88-6P
        (antireflective film provided with
        polysiloxane-fluoropolymer-based antireflective layer
        by solvent casting for displays)
     667400-89-7P 667401-52-7P 667401-84-5P
IT
     667401-85-6P 667401-86-7P 667401-87-8P
     667401-88-9P
        (crosslinked; antireflective film provided
        with polysiloxane-fluoropolymer-based antireflective
        layer by solvent casting for displays)
IT
     254887-33-7P, DPHA-UV 6300B copolymer
        (hard coat; antireflective film provided with
        polysiloxane-fluoropolymer-based antireflective layer
        by solvent casting for displays)
     29570-58-9, DPHA
IT
        (hardener; antireflective film provided with
        polysiloxane-fluoropolymer-based antireflective layer
        by solvent casting for displays)
IT
     9012-09-3, Fuji TAC-TD 80U
        (substrate film; antireflective film provided with
        polysiloxane-fluoropolymer-based antireflective layer
        by solvent casting for displays)
L35 ANSWER 22 OF 33 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER:
                         2004:179851 HCAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
                         140:218942
TITLE:
                         Transparent bonding part, transparent
                         laminate, and its manufacture
INVENTOR(S):
                         Kawaguchi, Toshiyuki; Takahashi, Masayuki
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):
                         Shin-Etsu Polymer Co., Ltd., Japan
                         Jpn. Kokai Tókkyo Koho, 14 pp.
SOURCE:
                         CODEN: JKXXÁF
DOCUMENT TYPE:
                         Patent
LANGUAGE:
                         Japanese,
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:
PATENT INFORMATION:
                         кіую
     PATENT NO.
                                DATE
                                            APPLICATION NO.
                                                                   DATE
     -----
                                            -----
     JP 2004066556
                          A2
                                20040304
                                            JP 2002-226645
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USHA SHRESTHA EIC 1700 REM 4B28

2002 0802

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:

JP 2002-226645

2002 0802

AB The part for bonding an optical function layer-containing transparent substrate with a rigid transparent substrate, has a transparent plate body made of a 1-5 mm-thick crosslinked polyorganosiloxane plate having JIS K6301 rubber hardness ≤40° and JIS K 2220 penetration ≤20 when the rubber hardness is ≤0°. The laminate successively has an optical function layer-containing transparent substrate, the above part, and a release film. The laminate is manufactured by (a) deaerating and mixing raw materials for crosslinked polyorganosiloxane, (b) inserting the raw materials into a space between parallel-run 2 long films (at least one film is a release film), and (c) passing the raw material-sandwiched films through hot plates for crosslinking. Thus, a mixture containing vinyldimethylsiloxy-terminated di-Me polysiloxane, vinyl Me polysiloxane, trimethylsiloxyterminated Me H siloxane-dimethylsiloxane copolymer, and a catalyst was cast into a space between (1) a laminate of Cytop (acrylic film with F-containing antireflective layer) and a urethane film and (2) an X 70-201 (silicone release agent)-coated poly(ethylene terephthalate) film and crosslinked to give a transparent plate, which was released from the release film and bonded on a glass plate to give a laminate showing no optical strain.

59942-04-0DP, Dimethylsiloxane, vinyl-terminated, reaction products with vinyl Me siloxane and Me H siloxane-dimethylsiloxane copolymer 156118-35-3DP, Dimethylsilanediol-methylsilanediol copolymer, trimethylsilyl-terminated, reaction products with vinyl-terminated dimethylsiloxane and vinyl Me polysiloxane

(rubber; transparent **crosslinked** polysiloxane part used in laminate with release film for bonding optical material with rigid material)

RN 59942-04-0 HCAPLUS

CN

Poly[oxy(dimethylsilylene)],  $\alpha$ -(ethenyldimethylsilyl)- $\omega$ -[(ethenyldimethylsilyl)oxy]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 156118-35-3 HCAPLUS

CN Silanediol, dimethyl-, polymer with methylsilanediol (9CI) (CF INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 43641-90-3 CMF C H6 O2 Si

```
OH
|
HO-SiH-CH3
```

CRN 1066-42-8 CMF C2 H8 O2 Si

IC ICM B32B027-00

ICS B32B007-06; B32B007-12; B32B031-06; G02B001-10; G02B001-11

CC 38-3 (Plastics Fabrication and Uses)

Section cross-reference(s): 39, 73, 74

IT. Acrylic polymers, uses

(Cytop, film, antireflective layer on; transparent crosslinked polysiloxane part used in laminate with release film for bonding optical material with rigid material)

IT Antireflective films

Optical films

Release films

Transparent materials

(transparent crosslinked polysiloxane part used in laminate with release film for bonding optical material with rigid material)

IT 59942-04-0DP, Dimethylsiloxane, vinyl-terminated, reaction products with vinyl Me siloxane and Me H siloxane-dimethylsiloxane copolymer 156118-35-3DP, Dimethylsilanediol-methylsilanediol copolymer, trimethylsilyl-terminated, reaction products with vinyl-terminated dimethylsiloxane and vinyl Me polysiloxane

(rubber; transparent **crosslinked** polysiloxane part used in laminate with release film for bonding optical material with rigid material)

L35 ANSWER 23 OF 33 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2003:796764 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

139:292894

TITLE:

Fluorinated olefin polymers, curable resin

compositions and antireflective

films

INVENTOR(S):

Sugiyama, Naoki; Shimomura, Hiroomi;

Nishikawa, Akira; Yamamura, Tetsuya; Suzuki,

Katsumi; Eriyama, Yuichi

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

JSR Corporation, Japan PCT Int. Appl., 38 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent Japanese

LANGUAGE:

SOURCE:

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

## PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2003082936	A1	20031009	WO 2003-JP3678	2003 0326
HU, IE, IT,	LU, MC,	ΝĻ, PT, RO,	, EE, ES, FI, FR, , SE, SI, SK, TR	
JP 2004307524 EP 1491562		20041/104	JP 2003-74767	2003 0319
EP 1491502	AI	20041229	EP 2003-712962	2003 0326
			, GR, IT, LI, LU, , BG, CZ, EE, HU, JP 2002-97907	
			JP 2002-294727	A 2002 1008
			JP 2003-44461	A 2003 0221
			WO 2003-JP3678	W 2003 0326

- AB Fluorinated olefin polymers contain 10-50 mol% hydroxylated monomer units and have polysiloxane segments in the main chain. Curable resin compns. containing these polymers can be used to produce antireflective films useful for display devices such as LCD. Cured articles obtained from the curable resin compns. show excellent dust removability by wiping. Thus, reaction of hexafluoropropylene 118.3, perfluoro(Pr vinyl ether) 52.7, 4-hydroxybutyl vinyl ether 30.1, VPS 1001 (azo group-containing polysiloxane) 3.0, Adeka Reasoap NE 10 (reactive surfactant) 19.0, and Et vinyl ether 48.9 parts at 60° for 20 h gave a siloxane segment-containing polymer having F content 49.1% and number-average mol. weight 42,000.
- IT 305819-87-8P, Adeka Reasoap NE 30-dimethylsilanediol-Ethyl
   vinyl ether-hexafluoropropylene-2-hydroxyethyl vinyl
   ether-perfluoro(Propyl vinyl ether) block graft
   copolymer 608537-22-0P, Adeka Reasoap NE
   10-dimethylsilanediol-Ethyl vinyl ether
   -hexafluoropropylene-4-hydroxybutyl vinyl ether
   -perfluoro(Propyl vinyl ether) block graft copolymer
   608537-23-1P, Adeka Reasoap NE 30-dimethylsilanediol-Ethyl
   vinyl ether-hexafluoropropylene-4-hydroxybutyl vinyl
   ether-2-hydroxyethyl vinyl ether
   -perfluoro(Propyl vinyl ether) block graft copolymer
   (assumed and actual monomers; fluoropolymer-polysiloxane
   curable resin compns. and antireflective films)

RN 305819-87-8 HCAPLUS CN Silanediol, dimethyl-

Silanediol, dimethyl-, polymer with 2-(ethenyloxy)ethanol, ethoxyethene, 1,1,1,2,2,3,3-heptafluoro-3-[(trifluoroethenyl)oxy]propane, 1,1,2,3,3,3-hexafluoro-1-propene and α-[1-[(nonylphenoxy)methyl]-2-(2-propenyloxy)ethyl]-ω-hydroxypoly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), block, graft (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 111144-60-6 CMF (C2 H4 O)n C21 H34 O3 CCI IDS, PMS

$$D1-(CH_2)_8-Me$$

CM 2

CRN 1623-05-8 CMF C5 F10 O

$$||^{CF_2}$$
  
 $||^{F-C-O-CF_2-CF_2-CF_3}$ 

CM 3

CRN 1066-42-8 CMF C2 H8 O2 Si

CM 4

CRN 764-48-7 CMF C4 H8 O2

HO-CH2-CH2-O-CH=CH2

CM 5

CRN 116-15-4 CMF C3 F6

CF<sub>2</sub> || F- C- CF<sub>3</sub>

CM 6

CRN 109-92-2 CMF C4 H8 O

 $H_3C-CH_2-O-CH=CH_2$ 

RN 608537-22-0 HCAPLUS
CN Silanediol, dimethyl-, polymer with 4-(ethenyloxy)-1-butanol,
 ethoxyethene, 1,1,1,2,2,3,3-heptafluoro-3 [(trifluoroethenyl)oxy]propane, 1,1,2,3,3,3-hexafluoro-1-propene
 and α-[1-[(nonylphenoxy)methyl]-2-(2-propenyloxy)ethyl] ω-hydroxypoly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), block, graft (9CI) (CA
 INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 111144-60-6 CMF (C2 H4 O)n C21 H34 O3 CCI IDS, PMS



 $D1-(CH_2)_8-Me$ 

$$H_2C = CH - CH_2 - O - CH_2 - CH - O - CH_2 - CH_2 - CH_2 - O - CH_2 - CH_2 - O - CH_2 - CH_2 - CH_2 - O - CH_2 - CH_2$$

CRN 17832-28-9 CMF C6 H12 O2

$$H_2C = CH - O - (CH_2)_4 - OH$$

CM 3

CRN 1623-05-8 CMF C5 F10 O

$$F-C-O-CF_2-CF_2-CF_3$$

CM 4

CRN 1066-42-8 CMF C2 H8 O2 Si

CM 5

CRN 116-15-4 CMF C3 F6

CM 6

CRN 109-92-2 CMF C4 H8 O

$$H_3C-CH_2-O-CH=CH_2$$

RN 608537-23-1 HCAPLUS CN Silanediol, dimethyl-, polymer with 4-(ethenyloxy)-1-butanol, 2-(ethenyloxy)ethanol, ethoxyethene, 1,1,1,2,2,3,3-heptafluoro-3-[(trifluoroethenyl)oxy]propane, 1,1,2,3,3,3-hexafluoro-1-propene and  $\alpha$ -[1-[(nonylphenoxy)methyl]-2-(2-propenyloxy)ethyl]- $\omega$ -hydroxypoly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), block, graft (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 111144-60-6 CMF (C2 H4 O)n C21 H34 O3 CCI IDS, PMS



$${\tt D1}^-$$
 (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>8</sub>-Me

$$H_2C = CH - CH_2 - O - CH_2 - CH_2 - CH_2 - CH_2 - OH_2 - CH_2 - OH_2 - OH_2$$

CM 2

CRN 17832-28-9 CMF C6 H12 O2

$$H_2C = CH - O - (CH_2)_4 - OH$$

CM 3

CRN 1623-05-8 CMF C5 F10 O

CM 4

CRN 1066-42-8 CMF C2 H8 O2 Si

CRN 764-48-7 CMF C4 H8 O2

$$HO-CH_2-CH_2-O-CH=CH_2$$

CM 6

CRN 116-15-4 CMF C3 F6

CM 7

CRN 109-92-2 CMF C4 H8 O

$$H_3C-CH_2-O-CH=CH_2$$

IC ICM C08F214-18

CC 37-3 (Plastics Manufacture and Processing)

Section cross-reference(s): 38, 74

ST fluorinated polyolefin polysiloxane antireflection film dust removability

IT Aminoplasts

(Cymel 300, Cymel 303; fluoropolymer-polysiloxane curable resin compns. and antireflective films)

IT Antireflective films

(fluoropolymer-polysiloxane curable resin compns. and antireflective films)

IT Polysiloxanes, preparation

(polyoxyalkylene-, fluorine-containing, block graft; fluoropolymer-polysiloxane curable resin compns. and antireflective films)

IT Fluoropolymers, preparation

(polyoxyalkylene-siloxane-, block graft; fluoropolymer-polysiloxane curable resin compns. and antireflective films)

IT Polyoxyalkylenes, preparation

(siloxane-, fluorine-containing, block graft; fluoropolymerpolysiloxane curable resin compns. and antireflective films)

TΤ 9003-08-1, Melamine resin

(Cymel 300, Cymel 303; fluoropolymer-polysiloxane curable resin compns. and antireflective films)

305819-87-8P, Adeka Reasoap NE 30-dimethylsilanediol-Ethyl TT vinyl ether-hexafluoropropylene-2-hydroxyethyl vinyl

ether-perfluoro (Propyl vinyl ether) block graft

copolymer 608537-22-0P, Adeka Reasoap NE

10-dimethylsilanediol-Ethyl vinyl ether

-hexafluoropropylene-4-hydroxybutyl vinyl ether

-perfluoro (Propyl vinyl ether) block graft copolymer

608537-23-1P, Adeka Reasoap NE 30-dimethylsilanediol-Ethyl

vinyl ether-hexafluoropropylene-4-hydroxybutyl vinyl

ether-2-hydroxyethyl vinyl ether

-perfluoro (Propyl vinyl ether) block graft copolymer

(assumed and actual monomers; fluoropolymer-polysiloxane

curable resin compns. and antireflective films)

7631-86-9, Colloidal silica, uses IT

(colloidal; fluoropolymer-polysiloxane curable resin compns.

and antireflective films)

IT 609779-00-2

> (fluoropolymer-polysiloxane curable resin compns. and antireflective films)

REFERENCE COUNT:

THERE ARE 11 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L35 ANSWER 24 OF 33 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

11

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2002:873711 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

137:371070

TITLE:

Antireflective laminated plastics

and their protective films for imaging devices

INVENTOR(S):

Maeda, Kiyoshige; Ito, Kiyohiko Toray Industries, Inc., Japan; Toyo

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Metallizing Co., Ltd.

SOURCE:

Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 9 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 2002331608	A2	20021119	JP 2001-137363	
			•	2001
				0508
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 2001-137363	
				2001
				0508

AB The laminated plastics comprise substrate layers laminated with hardcoat layers containing polyfunctional (meth) acrylates and polyoxypropylene- and polyoxyethylene-containing silicone surfactants and antireflective layers on ≥1 side. Thus, a PET film (Lumirror) was coated with a composition containing dipentaerythritol hexaacrylate, polyester acrylate,

2-hydroxypropyl acrylate, and polyoxypropylene- and polyoxyethylene-grafted dimethylpolysiloxane surfactant, irradiated with UV, vapor deposited with ITO, SiO2, ITO, and MgF2, and chemical vapor-deposited with perfluorotrimethoxysilane to give a laminate with improved adhesion, surface smoothness, abrasion resistance, and reflectance (550 nm) 0.6%.

IT 156549-36-9, Dimethylsilanediol-methyloxirane-methylsilanediol-oxirane graft copolymer (surfactant; antireflective laminated plastics for protective films of imaging devices)

RN 156549-36-9 HCAPLUS

CN Silanediol, dimethyl-, polymer with methyloxirane, methylsilanediol and oxirane, graft (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 43641-90-3 CMF C H6 O2 Si

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{OH} \\ | \\ \text{HO-}\,\text{SiH-}\,\text{CH}_3 \end{array}$$

CM 2

CRN 1066-42-8 CMF C2 H8 O2 Si

CM 3

CRN 75-56-9 CMF C3 H6 O

CM 4

CRN 75-21-8 CMF C2 H4 O

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IC
     ICM B32B009-00
     ICS B32B027-30; C09D004-02; C09D157-00; C09D183-10; H04N005-72
CC
     38-3 (Plastics Fabrication and Uses)
     Section cross-reference(s): 73, 74
ST
     antireflective film laminate protective imaging device;
     PET laminate pentaerythritol acrylate polyester hydroxypropyl
     polymer; polyoxypropylene polyoxyethylene methylsiloxane
     surfactant hardcoat; ITO silica magnesium fluoride
     antireflective film
TТ
        (abrasion-resistant; antireflective laminated
        plastics for protective films of imaging devices)
IT
     Polyesters, uses
        (acrylic; antireflective laminated plastics for
        protective films of imaging devices)
     Laminated plastic films
     Liquid crystal displays
     Optical imaging devices
     Plasma display panels
     Surfactants
     Television tubes
        (antireflective laminated plastics for protective
        films of imaging devices)
IT
     Oxides (inorganic), uses
        (antireflective layers; antireflective
        laminated plastics for protective films of imaging devices)
IT
     Abrasion-resistant materials
        (films; antireflective laminated plastics for
        protective films of imaging devices)
IT
     Antireflective films
        (multilayer; antireflective laminated plastics for
        protective films of imaging devices)
IT
     Acrylic polymers, uses
        (polyester-; antireflective laminated plastics for
        protective films of imaging devices)
IT
     Polysiloxanes, uses
        (polyoxyalkylene-, graft, surfactant; antireflective
        laminated plastics for protective films of imaging devices)
IT
     Polyoxyalkylenes, uses
        (polysiloxane-, graft, surfactant; antireflective
        laminated plastics for protective films of imaging devices)
ΙT
     Adhesives
        (pressure-sensitive; antireflective laminated
        plastics for protective films of imaging devices)
IT
     Polyesters, uses
        (substrate film; antireflective laminated plastics
        for protective films of imaging devices)
IT
    Acrylic polymers, uses
     Polyesters, uses
        (substrates; antireflective laminated plastics for
        protective films of imaging devices)
IT
     7631-86-9, Silica, uses
                               7783-40-6, Magnesium difluoride
     50926-11-9, ITO
        (antireflective layer; antireflective
        laminated plastics for protective films of imaging devices)
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IT
     999-61-1DP, 2-Hydroxypropyl acrylate, polymer with polyester
     acrylate and dipentaerythritol hexaacrylate 29570-58-9DP,
     Dipentaerythritol hexaacrylate, polymer with polyester acrylate
     and 2-hydroxypropyl acrylate 475196-20-4P, Dipentaerythritol
     hexaacrylate-2-hydroxypropyl acrylate-Macromonomer AN 6S copolymer
        (hardcoat layer; antireflective laminated plastics
        for protective films of imaging devices)
IT
     197394-01-7, AGR 100
        (pressure-sensitive adhesive; antireflective
        laminated plastics for protective films of imaging devices)
IT
     25038-59-9, Lumirror, uses
        (substrate film; antireflective laminated plastics
        for protective films of imaging devices)
IT
     156549-36-9, Dimethylsilanediol-methyloxirane-
     methylsilanediol-oxirane graft copolymer
        (surfactant; antireflective laminated plastics for
        protective films of imaging devices)
L35 ANSWER 25 OF 33 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER:
                         2002:814209 HCAPLÚS
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
                         137:326098
TITLE:
                         Photoreactive and photocurable compositions
                         containing hydrolyzable silicone compounds
                         Takahashi, Katsunori; Fukui, Hiroji; Kawabata,
INVENTOR(S):
                         Kazuhiro; Kuroda, Takeo; Ichitani, Motokuni;
                         Nakatani, Yasyhiro
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):
                         Sekisui Chemi/cal Co., Ltd., Japan
                         PCT Int. App/1., 104 pp.
SOURCE:
                         CODEN: PIXXØ2
DOCUMENT TYPE:
                         Patent
LANGUAGE:
                         Japanese
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:
PATENT INFORMATION:
     PATENT NO.
                                DATE
                                            APPLICATION NO.
                         KIND
                                                                    DATE
                         ----
     WO 2002083764
                                20021024
                          A1
                                            WO 2002-JP3520
                                                                    2002
                                                                    0409
             AE, AG, AL, AM/ AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA,
             CH, CN, CO, CF, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI,
             GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG,
             KP, KR, KZ, ≰C, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK,
             MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, OM, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE,
             SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ,
             VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM
         RW: GH, GM, KX, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AT,
             BE, CH, QY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC,
             NL, PT, SE, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW,
             ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
     JP 2003213001
                             20030730
                                            JP 2002-102854
                          A2
                                                                    2002
                                                                    0404
     CA 2443406
                                20021024
                                            CA 2002-2443406
                          AΑ
                                                                    2002
                                                                    0409
     EP 1391476
                          A1
                                20040225
                                            EP 2002-714550
                                                                    2002
                                                                    0409
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MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR TW 591058  B 20040611  TW 2002-91107029  2002 0409  CN 1524104  A 20040825  CN 2002-807951  2002 0409  US 2004202956  A1 20041014  US 2004-474376  2004 0310  PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:  JP 2001-347708  A 2001 1113  JP 2001-357853  A 2001 1122
CN 1524104 A 20040825 CN 2002-807951  US 2004202956 A1 20041014 US 2004-474376  PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:  JP 2001-110138 A 2001 0409  JP 2001-347708 A 2001 1113  JP 2001-357853 A 2001 1122
CN 1524104  A 20040825  CN 2002-807951  2002 0409  US 2004202956  A1 20041014  US 2004-474376  2004 0310  PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:  JP 2001-347708  A 2001 1113  JP 2001-357853  A 2001 1122
CN 1524104 A 20040825 CN 2002-807951 2002 0409 US 2004202956 A1 20041014 US 2004-474376 2004 0310  PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:  JP 2001-347708 A 2001 1113  JP 2001-357853 A 2001 1122
US 2004202956 A1 20041014 US 2004-474376  PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:  JP 2001-110138 A  2001 0409  JP 2001-347708 A 2001 1113  JP 2001-357853 A 2001 1122
US 2004202956 A1 20041014 US 2004-474376 2004 0310  PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:  JP 2001-110138 A 2001 0409  JP 2001-347708 A 2001 1113  JP 2001-357853 A 2001 1122
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:  JP 2001-110138  A  2001 0409  JP 2001-347708  A  2001 1113  JP 2001-357853  A  2001 11122
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:  JP 2001-110138 A 2001 0409  JP 2001-347708 A 2001 1113  JP 2001-357853 A 2001 11122
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:  JP 2001-110138 A 2001 0409  JP 2001-347708 A 2001 1113  JP 2001-357853 A 2001 1122
JP 2001-347708 A 2001 2001 2001 347708 A 2001 1113  JP 2001-357853 A 2001 1122
JP 2001-347708 A 2001 1113  JP 2001-357853 A 2001 1122
JP 2001-347708 A 2001 1113  JP 2001-357853 A 2001 1122
2001 1113 JP 2001-357853 A 2001 1122
2001 1113 JP 2001-357853 A 2001 1122
JP 2001-357853 A 2001 1122
JP 2001-357853 A 2001 1122
2001 1122
1122
.TP 2002-62421 A
.TP 2002-62421 A
2002
0307
WO 2002 TR2522
WO 2002-JP3520 W
2002 0409

The compns. are useful for pattern formation, elec. conductive materials, elec. insulating materials, antireflective membranes, photoresists, color filters, adhesives, coatings, seals, gas barriers, etc., and contain a hydrolyzable metal compound (A), e.g., alkylalkoxysilane derivs., and a compound (B) capable of accelerating hydrolytic polycondensation and crosslinking of A in the presence of oxygen and under light irradiation. Thus, mixing 100 parts Kaneka MS-S 303 (methyldimethoxysilyl-terminated polypropylene glycol) with 0.5 parts maleic anhydride, and mild-heating gave a title composition, which was exposed under high pressure Hg lamp to give a test sample.

77396-40-8, Kaneka MS-S 303
 (hydrolytically crosslinked; photoreactive and
 photocurable compns. containing hydrolyzable silicone compds.)
77396-40-8 HCAPLUS

CN Poly[oxy(methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)],  $\alpha$ -(dimethoxymethylsilyl)- $\omega$ -[(dimethoxymethylsilyl)oxy]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Me-Si-OMe
OMe
$$\begin{bmatrix}
OMe \\
C3H_6
\end{bmatrix}$$
OMe
OMe
OMe

IT

RN

IC ICM C08G077-00
ICS C08G079-00; C08L087-00; C08L101-10; C09D187-00; C09D201-10;
C09J187-00; C09J201-10; C08J005-18; C09K003-10; G02B001-10;

G02B003-00; G02B005-20; G02B006-13; G03F007-075; H01B001-12; H01B003-46; H01L051-00; H05B033-12; H05B033-14

CC 37-6 (Plastics Manufacture and Processing) Section cross-reference(s): 38, 42, 74, 76

IT Antireflective films
Conducting polymers
Electric insulators
Light-sensitive materials

Optical filters Photoresists

(photoreactive and photocurable compns. containing hydrolyzable silane compds.)

IT 77396-40-8, Kaneka MS-S 303

(hydrolytically crosslinked; photoreactive and

photocurable compns. containing hydrolyzable silicone compds.)

REFERENCE COUNT: 21 THERE ARE 21 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE

IN THE RE FORMAT

L35 ANSWER 26 OF 33 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2002:433296 HCAPLUS 137:317786

DOCUMENT NUMBER: TITLE:

Highly crosslinked polysilane as

antireflective coating for

deep-ultraviolet lithography to improve

durability during SiO2 etching

AUTHOR (S):

Sato, Yasuhiko; Shiobara, Eishi; Onishi,

Yasunobu; Yoshikawa, Sawako; Nakano,

Yoshihiko; Hayase, Shuzi; Hamada, Yoshitaka

CORPORATE SOURCE: Toshiba Corporation, Process and Manufacturing

Engineering Center, Shinsugita-cho, Isogo-ku,

Yokohama, 235-8522, Japan

SOURCE:

Journal of Vacuum Science & Technology, B: Microelectronics and Nanometer Structures

(2002), 20(3), 909-913

CODEN: JVTBD9; ISSN: 0734-211X American Institute of Physics

PUBLISHER:

Journal

DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE:

English

Highly crosslinked polysilanes were recently investigated in an attempt to improve drawbacks of bottom antireflective coatings (BARCs) composed of loosely crosslinked polysilanes that are used for deep-UV lithog. A highly crosslinked structure was prepared by thermally crosslinking poly(phenylmethylsilanemethylhydrosilane-methysilyne) with m-diethynylb-manadumin baking after coating. Resist profiles are achie producing a foot or leaving residue at the botto The refractive indexes at the KrF excimer laser nm) are n = 1.93 and k = 0.32. The reflection i regardless of variation in the thickness of the crosslinked polysilanes improve the melting of 1 polysilanes during BARC etching. They also impr roughness of loosely crosslinked polysilanes aft (-SiO2) etching. The etch selectivity of the hi polysilane BARC/resist during BARC etching is 2. than that of organic BARC/resist (.apprx.1). The the highly crosslinked polysilane during substra times greater than that of the resist. Highly c polysilanes can not only be etched with high sel resist but can also be superior etch mask for su



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IT
     471283-14-4
        (lithog. performance of polysilane highly crosslinked
        with diethynylbenzene as bottom antireflective
        coating for deep-UV lithog.)
     471283-14-4 HCAPLUS
RN
CN
     Silanediol, methylphenyl-, polymer with 1,3-diethynylbenzene and
     methylsilanediol (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
     CM
     CRN
          43641-90-3
     CMF C H6 O2 Si
    OH
HO-SiH-CH3
     CM
          2
     CRN
          3959-13-5
     CMF C7 H10 O2 Si
   Ρh
HO-Si-Me
    OH
     CM
          3
     CRN
          1785-61-1
     CMF
          C10 H6
HC≡ C
                  ≡сн
     9004-73-3, Poly[oxy(methylsilylene)] 49718-23-2
IT
     156894-03-0 471283-13-3
        (partially crosslinked; properties of partially
        crosslinked polysilanes and polysilanes highly
```

crosslinked with diethynylbenzene as bottom
antireflective coating for deep-UV lithog.)

Poly[oxy(methylsilylene)] (8CI, 9CI) (CA\_INDEX\_NAME)

RN

CN

9004-73-3 HCAPLUS

1

CRN 471283-12-2 CMF C3 H6 O2 Si

CRN 43641-90-3 CMF C H6 O2 Si

CM 3

CRN 947-42-2 CMF C12 H12 O2 Si

CC 74-5 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and Other Reprographic Processes)
ST crosslinked polysilane antireflective coating deep UV lithog; photolithog deep UV crosslinked polysilane antireflective coating

IT Polysilanes

(crosslinked; properties of partially crosslinked polysilanes and polysilanes highly crosslinked with diethynylbenzene as bottom antireflective coating for deep-UV lithog.)

IT Photoresists

(deep-UV; polysilanes highly crosslinked with diethynylbenzene as bottom antireflective coating for deep-UV lithog.)

IT Optical reflection

Refractive index

Surface roughness

(lithog. performance of polysilane highly crosslinked with diethynylbenzene as bottom antireflective coating for deep-UV lithog.)

IT Polycarbosilanes

(polyacetylene-; lithog. performance of polysilane highly crosslinked with diethynylbenzene as bottom antireflective coating for deep-UV·lithog.)

IT Polyacetylenes, properties

(polycarbosilane-; lithog. performance of polysilane highly crosslinked with diethynylbenzene as bottom antireflective coating for deep-UV lithog.)

IT Antireflective films

(properties of partially crosslinked polysilanes and polysilanes highly crosslinked with diethynylbenzene as bottom antireflective coating for deep-UV lithog.)

IT Etching

(sputter, ion-beam, reactive; lithog. performance of polysilane highly crosslinked with diethynylbenzene as bottom antireflective coating for deep-UV lithog.)

IT Crosslinking

(thermal; properties of partially crosslinked polysilanes and polysilanes highly crosslinked with diethynylbenzene as bottom antireflective coating for deep-UV lithog.)

IT 115-25-3, Perfluorocyclobutane 630-08-0, Carbon monoxide, uses 7440-37-1, Argon, uses 7782-44-7, Oxygen, uses (RIE; lithog. performance of polysilane highly crosslinked with diethynylbenzene as bottom antireflective coating for deep-UV lithog.)

IT 471283-14-4

(lithog. performance of polysilane highly crosslinked with diethynylbenzene as bottom antireflective coating for deep-UV lithog.)

IT 7631-86-9, Silica, processes

(lithog. performance of polysilane highly crosslinked with diethynylbenzene as bottom **antireflective** coating for deep-UV lithog.)

IT 1785-61-1, m-Diethynylbenzene

(lithog. performance of polysilane highly crosslinked with diethynylbenzene as bottom **antireflective** coating for deep-UV lithog.)

IT 9004-73-3, Poly[oxy(methylsilylene)] 49718-23-2 156894-03-0 471283-13-3

(partially crosslinked; properties of partially crosslinked polysilanes and polysilanes highly crosslinked with diethynylbenzene as bottom antireflective coating for deep-UV lithog.)

IT 95584-36-4, Phenyldichlorosilane homopolymer, sru 99936-07-9, Phenyldichlorosilane homopolymer

(properties of partially crosslinked polysilanes and polysilanes highly crosslinked with diethynylbenzene as bottom antireflective coating for deep-UV lithog.)

REFERENCE COUNT:

THERE ARE 8 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L35 ANSWER 27 OF 33 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

8

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2002:291857 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

136:316933

TITLE:

Antireflective porogens for forming

porous organo polysilica dielec. materials in

fabrication of electronic devices

INVENTOR(S):

Zampini, Anthony; Gallagher, Michael K.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Shipley Company L.L.C., USA

SOURCE: Eur. Pat. Appl., 19 pp.

CODEN: EPXXDW

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent English

LANGUAGE:

Englisi

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE

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1	ΕP	1197	998			A2		2002	0417	ΕP	200	1-3	3086	29			
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		2002	06533			7.1		2002	0.5.2.0		200		740				1010
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																	1011
1	ITC	6576	681			B2		2003	0610								1011
		2002						2002		IIS	200	12 - 1	5450	14			
	-			-						0.5				•			2002
																	0524
1	US	6599	951			В2		2003	0729								
1	US	2003	02295	53		A1		2003	0130	US	200	2-1	9289	93			
																	2002
																	0711
1	US	6596	405			B2		20030	0722								
PRIOR	ITY	APP	LN. ]	INFO	. :					US	200	0-2	3902	26P	1	2	
																	2000
																	1010
										US	200	1-9	740	72	1	73	
																	2001
																	1011

AB The present invention relates to removable porogen composition useful for forming porous organo polysilica dielec. materials in the fabrication of electronic devices, wherein the porogen comprises one or more chromophores. The porogens of the present invention are useful in reducing dielec. consts. of organo polysilica dielec. materials. Also disclosed are methods of forming electronic devices including the step of forming a relief image on an organo polysilica dielec. materials, wherein the relief image is formed without the use of antireflective coatings.

IT 352694-64-5, Divinylbenzene-poly(propylene glycol)methyl ether acrylate-vinyltrimethylsilane copolymer

(porogen; antireflective porogens for forming porous organo polysilica dielec. materials in fabrication of electronic devices)

RN 352694-64-5 HCAPLUS

CN Silane, ethenyltrimethyl-, polymer with diethenylbenzene and  $\alpha$ -(1-oxo-2-propenyl)- $\omega$ -methoxypoly[oxy(methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 83844-54-6

CMF (C3 H6 O)n C4 H6 O2

CCI IDS, PMS

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CM 2

CRN 1321-74-0

CMF C10 H10

CCI IDS
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IC ICM H01L021-312

 $Me_3Si-CH=CH_2$ 

CC 74-5 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and Other Reprographic Processes)
Section cross-reference(s): 35, 38, 76

ST antireflective porogens polysilica dielec layer; electronic device fabrication

IT Electronic device fabrication

(antireflective porogens for forming porous organo polysilica dielec. materials in)

IT Antireflective films

(antireflective porogens for forming porous organo polysilica dielec. materials in fabrication of electronic devices)

IT Silsesquioxanes

(antireflective porogens for forming porous organo polysilica dielec. materials in fabrication of electronic devices)

IT Dielectric films

(porous; antireflective porogens for forming porous organo polysilica dielec. materials in fabrication of electronic devices)

1T 92068-44-5, Methylsilanetriol-phenylsilanetriol copolymer 104133-11-1, Methylsilanetriol homopolymer 153315-80-1 (antireflective porogens for forming porous organo

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polysilica dielec. materials in fabrication of electronic devices)
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IT 115775-34-3, Butyl acrylate-trimethylolpropane trimethacrylate-3-(trimethoxysilyl)propyl methacrylate copolymer 352694-60-1, Butyl acrylate-hydroxypropyl methacrylatetrimethylolpropane trimethacrylate-3-(trimethoxysilyl)propyl methacrylate copolymer 352694-61-2, Butyl acrylatedivinylbenzene-vinyltrimethoxysilane copolymer 352694-62-3, Divinylbenzene-poly(propylene glycol)methyl ether acrylate-vinyltrimethoxysilane copolymer 352694-64-5, Divinylbenzene-poly(propylene glycol)methyl ether acrylate-vinyltrimethylsilane copolymer 352694-69-0, Butyl acrylate-trimethylolpropane trimethacrylate-vinyltrimethylsilane copolymer 405296-71-1, 9-Anthracenyl methacrylate-2-hydroxyethyl methacrylate-methyl methacrylate-trimethylolpropane trimethacrylate copolymer 410536-27-5, Divinylbenzenepolyethylene glycol methyl ether acrylate-vinyltrimethoxysilane copolymer 410536-28-6, 9-Anthryl methacrylate-polyethylene glycol methyl ether acrylate-trimethylolpropane trimethacrylate-vinyltrimethoxysilane copolymer 410536-29-7, Hexyl acrylate-methyl methacrylate-polyethylene glycol methyl ether acrylate-trimethylolpropane trimethacrylatevinyltrimethoxysilane copolymer (porogen; antireflective porogens for forming porous

(porogen; antireflective porogens for forming porous organo polysilica dielec. materials in fabrication of electronic devices)

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L35 ANSWER 28 OF 33 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
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ACCESSION NUMBER:

2001:919091 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

136:38624

TITLE:

Dimensionally stable optical retardation films

with good adhesion and gas impermeability for

liquid crystal displays

INVENTOR(S):

Washimi, Koichi; Miyamoto, Yoshikazu;

Kumasawa, Hideaki JSR Ltd., Japan

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): SOURCE:

Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 10 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE:

Patent Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 2001350017	A2	20011221	JP 2000-167163	
01 2001330017	A4	20011223	01 2000 107103	2000 0605
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 2000-167163	
		/		
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 2000-167163	2000 0605

AB The films comprising thermoplastic saturated norbornene resins show residual phase difference 100-500 nm. Thus, a film of hydrogenated 1-Hexene-8-methyl-8-carboxymethyltetracyclo[4.4.0.12, 5.17,10]-3-dodecene homopolymer (prepared by ring-opening polymerization) was coated on one side with a fluoropolymer and bonded to glass via a pressure-sensitive adhesive containing Bu acrylate-2-hydroxyethyl methacrylate-divinylbenzene copolymer to give an

optical retarder showing dimensional change 0.5% after 300-h storage at 85° and relative humidity 80%. IT 380885-47-2P, Adeka Reasoap NE 30-ethyl vinyl ether-4-hydroxybutyl vinyl ether-perfluoropropyl vinyl ether-VPS 1001 block graft copolymer (antireflective layer; dimensionally stable optical retardation films with good adhesion and gas impermeability for liquid crystal displays) RN 380885-47-2 HCAPLUS Pentanoic acid, 4,4'-azobis[4-cyano-, polymer with CN $\alpha$ -[(3-aminopropyl)dimethylsilyl]- $\omega$ -[[(3aminopropyl)dimethylsilyl]oxy]poly[oxy(dimethylsilylene)], 4-(ethenyloxy)-1-butanol, ethoxyethene, 1/1,1,2,2,3,3-heptafluoro-3-[(trifluoroethenyl)oxy]propane and  $\alpha$ -[1-[(nonylphenoxy)methyl]-2-(2-propenyloxy)ethyl]- $\omega$ hydroxypoly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), block, graft (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) CM 1 111144-60-6 CRN (C2 H4 O)n C21 H34 O3 CCI IDS, PMS

$$\begin{array}{c|c} & \text{D1-O-CH}_2 \\ \text{H}_2\text{C} = \text{CH-CH}_2 - \text{O-CH}_2 - \text{CH}_2 - \text{CH}_2 - \text{CH}_2 - \text{OH}_2 - \text{CH}_2 - \text{$$

CM 2

CRN 97917-34-5

CMF (C2 H6 O Si)n C10 H28 N2 O Si2

CCI PMS

CM 3

CRN 17832-28-9

CMF C6 H12 O2

 $H_2C = CH - O - (CH_2)_4 - OH$ 

CM 4

CRN 2638-94-0 CMF C12 H16 N4 O4

CM 5

CRN 1623-05-8 CMF C5 F10 O

CM 6

CRN 109-92-2 CMF C4 H8 O

 $H_3C-CH_2-O-CH=CH_2$ 

IC ICM G02B005-30

ICS C08J005-18; G02B001-11; C08L045-00; C08L065-00

CC 38-3 (Plastics Fabrication and Uses)

Section cross-reference(s): 74

IT Adhesives

Antireflective films

Liquid crystal displays

Optical films

(dimensionally stable optical retardation films with good adhesion and gas impermeability for liquid crystal displays)

IT 380885-47-2P, Adeka Reasoap NE 30-ethyl vinyl

ether-4-hydroxybutyl vinyl ether-perfluoropropyl

vinyl ether-VPS 1001 block graft copolymer

380885-48-3P

(antireflective layer; dimensionally stable optical retardation films with good adhesion and gas impermeability for

## liquid crystal displays)

L35 ANSWER 29 OF 33 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:911493 HCAPLUS DOCUMENT NUMBER: 136:254453 TITLE: Low-dielectric constant bisbenzocyclobutene and fluorinated polyarylene ether films as bottom anti-reflective coating layers for ArF lithography Chen, H. L.; Chu, T. C.; Li, M. Y.; Ko, F. H.; AUTHOR (S): Cheng, H. C.; Huang, T. Y. CORPORATE SOURCE: National Nano Device Laboratory, Hsinchu, 300, Taiwan SOURCE: Journal of Vacuum Science & Technology, B: Microelectronics and Nanometer Structures (2001), 19(6), 2381-2384 CODEN: JVTBD9; ISSN: 0734-211X PUBLISHER: American Institute of Physics DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English The authors demonstrate a bottom anti-reflective coating (BARC) layer for ArF lithog. The antireflective layers are composed of a com. low-dielec. constant bisbenzocyclobutene (BCB) - and fluorinated polyarylene ether (FLARE) -based films. By adding an optimized etching hard-mask layer, reflectance of <1% at the resist/Si substrate interface can be achieved. BCB and FLARE also have great potential to be used as BARC layers on highly reflective substrates for metal interconnect applications. It is easy to reduce reflectance without adding an extra BARC layer for patterning low-dielec. materials. It is convenient to use this BARC structure in ArF lithog. Suitable etching characteristics and thermal stability of BCB- and FLARE-based BARC layers are also described. 124221-30-3 IT (low-dielec. constant anti-reflective coating layer composed of bisbenzocyclobutene and fluorinated polyarylene ether films as bottom/antireflective coating layer for ArF/lithog.) RN124221-30-3 HCAPLUS CN Disiloxane, 1,3-bis(2-bicyclo[4.2/.0]octa-1,3,5-trien-3-ylethenyl)-1,1,3,3-tetramethyl-, homopolymer (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) CM 1 CRN 117732-87-3 CMF C24 H30 O Si2 Me Me Si = CH $\cdot$ Mé Me 74-5 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and CC

USHA SHRESTHA EIC 1700 REM 4B28

Photographic and Other Reprographic Processes)

(ArF; low-dielec. constant anti-reflective

IT

Photolithography

```
coating layer composed of bisbenzocyclobutene and fluorinated
        polyarylene ether films as bottom anti-
        reflective coating layer for ArF lithog.)
IT
     Sputtering
        (etching, reactive; low-dielec. constant anti-
        reflective coating layer composed of
        bisbenzocyclobutene and fluorinated polyarylene ether films as
        bottom anti-reflective coating layer for
        ArF lithog.)
IT
     Antireflective films
     Dielectric constant
     Electric insulators
     Photomasks (lithographic masks)
     Photoresists
     Thermal stability
        (low-dielec. constant anti-reflective coating
        layer composed of bisbenzocyclobutene and fluorinated
        polyarylene ether films as bottom anti-
        reflective coating layer for ArF lithog.)
IT
     Fluoropolymers, uses
     Silsesquioxanes
        (low-dielec. constant anti-reflective coating
        layer composed of bisbenzocyclobutene and fluorinated
        polyarylene ether films as bottom anti-
        reflective coating layer for ArF lithog.)
IT
     Etching
        (sputter, reactive; low-dielec. constant anti-
        reflective coating layer composed of
        bisbenzocyclobutene and fluorinated polyarylene ether films as
        bottom anti-reflective coating layer for
        ArF lithog.)
IT
     75-46-7
               7727-37-9, Nitrogen, reactions
                                                7782-44-7, Oxygen,
     reactions
        (etchant; low-dielec. constant anti-reflective
        coating layer composed of bisbenzocyclobutene and fluorinated
        polyarylene ether films as bottom anti-
        reflective coating layer for ArF lithog.)
     124221-30-3
IT
        (low-dielec. constant anti-reflective coating
        layer composed of bisbenzocyclobutene and fluorinated
        polyarylene ether films as bottom anti-
        reflective coating layer for ArF lithog.)
     11105-01-4, Silicon nitride oxide
                                        272115-24-9
        (low-dielec. constant anti-reflective coating
        layer composed of bisbenzocyclobutene and fluorinated
        polyarylene ether films as bottom anti-
        reflective coating layer for ArF lithog.)
IT
     403804-25-1, DHA 1000
        (photoresist; low-dielec. constant anti-
        reflective coating layer composed of
        bisbenzocyclobutene and fluorinated polyarylene ether films as
        bottom anti-reflective coating layer for
        ArF lithog.)
IT
    7429-90-5, Aluminum, uses
                                 7440-21-3, Silicon, uses
                                                             7440-33-7,
                     7440-50-8, Copper, uses 12033-62-4, Tantalum
     Tungsten, uses
                     25583-20-4, Titanium nitride (TiN)
    nitride (TaN)
        (substrate; low-dielec. constant anti-
        reflective coating layer composed of
        bisbenzocyclobutene and fluorinated polyarylene ether films as
        bottom anti-reflective coating layer for
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ArF lithog.)

REFERENCE COUNT:

14 THERE ARE 14 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L35 ANSWER 30 OF 33 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2001:143712 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

134:179709

TITLE:

Crosslinkable silicon polymer compositions and

plasma-etchable antireflective films

with good abrasion resistance and strength for

resists

INVENTOR(S):

Mori, Shigeru; Hamada, Yoshitaka; Tabei,

Eiichi

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Shin-Etsu Chemical Industry Co., Ltd., Japan

SOURCE:

Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 8 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 2001055512	A2	20010227	JP 1999-231969	
				1999
				0818
JP 3562569	В2	20040908		
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 1999-231969	
				1999
				0818

The compns. contain (a) Si polymers (Mw 500-500,000) having Si-Si bond and ≥2 Si-H group, (b) HC.tplbond.CAC.tplbond.C(SiR1R2 C.tplbond.CAC.tplbond.C) nH or (YC.tplbond.CAC.tplbond.C) 3-aSi(R3)a(Q)bSi(R3)c(C.tplbond.CAC.tplbond.CY)3-c [A = (un)substituted phenylene; R1, R2 = H, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, aryl, alkoxy, amino, C.tplbond.CAC.tplbond.CH; Y = H, [SiR1R2(Q)bSiR1R2C.tplbond.CAC.tplbond.C]nH; Q = O, (CH2)m, (un)substituted phenylene; R3 = H, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, aryl, alkoxy; n = 1-10; m = 0-6; a, c = 0, 1, 2; b = 0, 1], and (c) hydrosilylation catalysts. Thus, a composition containing [(MePhSi)2(MeHSi)2(Me2Si)2]n (Mn 2470, Mw 5330) 100, (p-HC.tplbond.CC6H4C.tplbond.C)2SiPhH 20, and BTTB 25 (peroxy benzophenone) 20 parts was spin-coated and cured to give a film showing pencil hardness 5H and no solubility in toluene.

IT 326856-21-7P 326856-25-1P 326856-31-9P 326856-35-3P 326859-60-3P

(crosslinkable polysilane compns. for plasma-etchable
antireflective films for resists)

RN 326856-21-7 HCAPLUS

CN Silane, dichlorodimethyl-, polymer with bis[(4ethynylphenyl)ethynyl]phenylsilane, dichloromethylphenylsilane and dichloromethylsilane (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM . 1

CRN 326856-20-6 CMF C25 H16 Si

$$\begin{array}{c|c} Ph & C = CH \\ \hline \\ C = C - SiH - C = C \end{array}$$

CRN 149-74-6 CMF C7 H8 Cl2 Si

CM 3

CRN 75-78-5 CMF C2 H6 Cl2 Si

CM 4

CRN 75-54-7 CMF C H4 Cl2 Si

$$^{\text{Cl}}_{\mid}$$
  $^{\text{Cl-sih-CH}_3}$ 

RN 326856-25-1 HCAPLUS

CN Silane, dichlorodimethyl-, polymer with dichloromethylphenylsilane, dichloromethylsilane and tris[(4-ethynylphenyl)ethynyl]phenylsilane (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 326856-24-0 CMF C36 H20 Si

$$C = C$$
 $C = C$ 
 $C = C$ 
 $C = C$ 
 $C = C$ 
 $C = C$ 

CRN 149-74-6 CMF C7 H8 Cl2 Si

CM 3

CRN 75-78-5 CMF C2 H6 Cl2 Si

CM 4

CRN 75-54-7 CMF C H4 Cl2 Si

RN 326856-31-9 HCAPLUS

CN Disilane, 1,2-bis[(4-ethynylphenyl)ethynyl]-1,1,2,2-tetramethyl-, polymer with dichlorodimethylsilane, dichloromethylphenylsilane and dichloromethylsilane (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CRN 326856-30-8 CMF C24 H22 Si2

CM 2

CRN 149-74-6 CMF C7 H8 Cl2 Si

CM 3

CRN 75-78-5 CMF C2 H6 Cl2 Si

CM 4

CRN 75-54-7 CMF C H4 Cl2 Si

RN 326856-35-3 HCAPLUS

CN Silane, bis[(3-ethynylphenyl)ethynyl]dimethyl-, polymer with dichlorodimethylsilane, dichloromethylphenylsilane and dichloromethylsilane (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 326856-34-2 CMF C22 H16 Si

$$C = C - Si - C = C$$
 $C = CH$ 

CM 2

CRN 149-74-6 CMF C7 H8 Cl2 Si

CM 3

CRN 75-78-5 CMF C2 H6 Cl2 Si

CM 4

CRN 75-54-7 CMF C H4 Cl2 Si

$$^{\text{Cl}}_{\mid}$$
  $^{\text{Cl-sih-CH}_3}$ 

RN 326859-60-3 HCAPLUS

CN Silane, phenylenebis[chlorodimethyl-, polymer with bis[(4-ethynylphenyl)ethynyl]phenylsilane, dichlorodiphenylsilane and dichloromethylsilane (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 326856-20-6 CMF C26 H16 Si

$$C = C$$

CRN 30443-36-8 CMF C10 H16 C12 Si2 CCI IDS

CM 3

CRN 80-10-4 CMF C12 H10 C12 Si

CM 4

CRN 75-54-7 CMF C H4 Cl2 Si

$$^{\text{Cl}}_{\mid}$$
  $^{\text{Cl-sih-CH}_3}$ 

IT 184886-16-6P 326856-50-2P
 (oligomeric, crosslinking agent;
 crosslinkable polysilane compns. for plasma-etchable
 antireflective films for resists)

RN 184886-16-6 HCAPLUS

CN Silane, dichlorodimethyl-, polymer with 1,3-diethynylbenzene (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 1785-61-1 CMF C10 H6

CM 2

CRN 75-78-5 CMF C2 H6 Cl2 Si

RN 326856-50-2 HCAPLUS

CN Disilane, 1,2-dichloro-1,1,2,2-tetramethyl-, polymer with 1,3-diethynylbenzene (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 4342-61-4 CMF C4 H12 Cl2 Si2

CM 2

CRN 1785-61-1 CMF C10 H6

```
HC== C
                 C== CH
```

IC ICM C08L083-16

ICS C08G077-60; G03F007-11; H01L021-027

38-3 (Plastics Fabrication and Uses)

Section cross-reference(s): 74

ST silicon polymer plasma etchable antireflective film; hydrogen polysilane ethynylsilane compn antireflective film; resist antireflective film crosslinked polysilane

ITAntireflective films

Photoresists

(crosslinkable polysilane compns. for plasma-etchable antireflective films for resists)

IT Polysilanes

> (crosslinkable polysilane compns. for plasma-etchable antireflective films for resists)

326856-21-7P 326856-25-1P 326856-31-9P IT 326856-35-3P 326856-39-7P 326856-42-2P

326859-60-3P

(crosslinkable polysilane compns. for plasma-etchable antireflective films for resists)

IT 184287-08-9P 326856-55-7P 327596-35-0P 327596-36-1P (crosslinking agent; crosslinkable polysilane compns. for plasma-etchable antireflective films for resists)

TΤ 98-13-5, Phenyltrichlorosilane

> (in preparation of crosslinking agent for plasma-etchable antireflective polysilane films for resists)

IT 184886-21-3P 184886-16-6P 184899-03-4P. Dichlorophenylsilane-p-diethynylbenzene copolymer 326856-50-2P

> (oligomeric, crosslinking agent; crosslinkable polysilane compns. for plasma-etchable antireflective films for resists)

TT 1785-61-1

> (reactant for crosslinking agent; in preparation of crosslinking agent for plasma-etchable antireflective polysilane films for resists)

L35 ANSWER 31 OF 33 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1998:287383 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

129:10762

TITLE:

Composition for surface modification, antistaining layer therefrom, and optical

filter and display device using same

INVENTOR(S):

Kondo, Hirofumi; Hanaoka, Hideaki; Kobayashi,

Tomio

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Sony Corp., Japan

SOURCE:

Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 10 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent Japanese

LANGUAGE: FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.

KIND DATE APPLICATION NO.

DATE

JP 10120443 A2 19980512 JP 1996-276315

1996
1018
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:

JP 1996-276315

1018

The title composition comprises alkoxysilanes Rf[R1R2Si(OR3)3]j and/or

AB The title composition comprises alkoxysilanes Rf[R1R2Si(OR3)3]j and/or Rf[Si(OR3)3]j [Rf = fluoroalkyl, perfluoropolyether; R1 = 2-valent atom or atomic group; R2 = (substituted) 2-valent hydrocarbyl; R3 = (substituted) monovalent hydrocarbyl; j = 1, 2] as lubricants which are dissolved in a mixture of an alc. solvent and a hydrocarbon solvent. The antistaining layer is obtained by applying the composition on an inorg. support. An optical filter having the antistaining layer on a plastic substrate via a monoor multilayered antireflective film and a display device having the filter are also claimed. The antistaining layer is useful for optical imaging devices such as cathode-ray tube displays, liquid-crystal displays, plasma displays, and so on. The antistaining layer also has good properties in surface sliding and scratch resistance.

IT 207449-08-9

(composition of alkoxysilane in alc./hydrocarbon solvent mixture for antistaining coating on display device)

RN 207449-08-9 HCAPLUS

CN Silane, triethoxy(2,2,3,3,4,4,5,5,6,6,7,7,8,8,9,9,10,10,10nonadecafluorodecyl) - (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

IC ICM C03C017-30

ICS G02B001-11; G09F009-00; H01J005-08; H01J029-89; G02F001-1335

CC 74-13 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and Other Reprographic Processes)
Section cross-reference(s): 38, 42

IT 207449-08-9

(composition of alkoxysilane in alc./hydrocarbon solvent mixture for antistaining coating on display device)

L35 ANSWER 32 OF 33 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1997:443157 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

127:73037

TITLE:

Composition and solventless process for digital laser imagable lithographic printing

plate production

INVENTOR(S):

Nguyen, My T.; Laksin, Mikhail; Pappas, S. Peter; Shimazu, Ken-ichi; Hallman, Robert W.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Sun Chemical Corporation, USA

SOURCE:

Can. Pat. Appl., 19 pp. CODEN: CPXXEB

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent English

LANGUAGE:

USHA SHRESTHA EIC 1700 REM 4B28

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
 CA 2186177	AA	19970323	CA 1996-2186177	
				1996
ZA 9607894	Α	19970407	ZA 1996-7894	0923
ZA 9607694	А	19970407	ZA 1990-7894	1996
				0918
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 1995-532912 A	
				1995
				0922

AB The invention comprises a waterless, multilayered lithog. printing plate imagable by digitally controlled laser ablation. The plate exhibits superior impression life and is produced by solventless methods to yield low volatile organic components. The plate contains a first solid substrate layer, a second IR-absorbing polymeric layer containing crosslinked functionality, and a polysiloxane top layer containing crosslinked functionality. At least the second layer and top layer contain interlayer crosslinked bonds. Optionally, the plate may contain a prime polymeric layer interposed between the first and second layers.

IT 106-92-3, Allyl glycidyl ether 9004-73-3,

Syl-off 7367 59942-04-0, Ps-445

(lithog. plate manufacture using digital laser imagable compns. containing)

RN 106-92-3 HCAPLUS

CN Oxirane, [(2-propenyloxy)methyl] - (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 9004-73-3 HCAPLUS

CN Poly[oxy(methylsilylene)] (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 59942-04-0 HCAPLUS

CN Poly[oxy(dimethylsilylene)],  $\alpha$ -(ethenyldimethylsilyl)- $\omega$ -[(ethenyldimethylsilyl)oxy]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

IC ICM G03F007-075

ICS G03F007-36; B41N001-12

CC 74-6 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and Other Reprographic Processes)

96-08-2, Limonene dioxide 106-92-3, Allyl glycidyl ether IT 5495-84-1, Quantacure ITX 7473-98-5 9003-11-6, Ps-072 9003-17-2D, Poly(1,3-butadiene), internally epoxidized 9004-73-3, Syl-off 7367 25085-98-7, Cyracure UVR 6110 42978-66-5, Viscoat 310HP **59942-04-0**, Ps-445 94108-97-1, SR 355 102641-31-6, Ebecryl 657 117502-97-3, Uvecryl P 115 119313-12-1, Irgacure 369 134633-08-2, Byk-361 189201-19-2, SarCat CD 1010 (lithog. plate manufacture using digital laser imagable compns.

L35 ANSWER 33 OF 33 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

containing)

1990:592459 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

113:192459

TITLE:

Synthesis and properties of photoreactive polysiloxanes containing pendant functional

groups

AUTHOR (S):

Coqueret, Xavier; Hajaier, Adel;

Lablache-Combier, Alain; Loucheux, Claude;

Mercier, Regis; Pouliquen, Lydie; Randrianarisoa-Ramanantsoa, Lili

CORPORATE SOURCE:

Lab. Chim. Org. Macromol., Univ. Sci. Tech. Lille Flandres-Artois, Villeneuve d'Ascq,

59655, Fr.

SOURCE:

Pure and Applied Chemistry (1990), 62(8),

1603-14

CODEN: PACHAS; ISSN: 0033-4545

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Journal

LANGUAGE:

English

AB - Functional polysiloxanes containing photoreactive pendant groups were prepared by multistep modification of silicone copolymers containing methylhydrosiloxane units. One method based on Pt-catalyzed hydrosilylation of vinylsilyl-terminated photoreactive esters allowed preparation of liquid silicone polymers containing photodimerizable esters. Another method based on the esterification of pendant epoxy groups previously grafted on the silicone main chain was a general and very powerful alternative route for preparation of photo-reactive polysiloxanes. The method was applied to synthesize polysiloxanes containing various functional side groups such as dimerizable esters, aromatic carbonyl compds. or dyes which possess properties of photochem. interest. The reactivity, the ability to be photosensitized as well as some practical properties of different photo-crosslinkable polysiloxanes modified either by cinnamic, furacrylic or  $\alpha$ -cyano β-styrylacrylic ester groups were examined A kinetic investigation of the reactivity of the polysiloxane-bound dimerizable chromophores indicated the effect of the silicone matrix in comparison with more classical hydrocarbon

photopolymers.

IT 106-92-3DP, reaction products with polysiloxanes and acids 108527-03-3DP, reaction products with hydromethylsiloxanes and epoxy ether siloxanes 117523-13-4DP, reaction products with hydromethylsiloxanes and epoxy ether siloxanes 117523-14-5DP, reaction products with hydromethylsiloxanes and epoxy ether siloxanes

(photosensitive, preparation and crosslinking of, mechanism and kinetics of)

RN 106-92-3 HCAPLUS

CN Oxirane, [(2-propenyloxy),methyl] - (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 108527-03-3 HCAPLUS

CN 2-Propenoic acid, 3-phenyl-, (ethenyldimethylsilyl)methyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 117523-13-4 HCAPLUS

CN 2-Propenoic acid, 3-(2-furanyl)-, (ethenyldimethylsilyl)methyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 117523-14-5 HCAPLUS

CN 2,4-Pentadienoic acid, 2-cyano-5-phenyl-, (ethenyldimethylsilyl)methyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

IT 130313-15-4P

(preparation and hydrogenation of, as model for modification of polysiloxanes)

RN 130313-15-4 HCAPLUS

CN Trisiloxane, 3-[(1-methoxy-3-phenyl-1-propenyl)oxy]-1,1,1,3,5,5,5-heptamethyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

IT 1873-88-7

(reaction of, with Me cinnamate, as model for modification of polysiloxanes)

RN 1873-88-7 HCAPLUS

CN Trisiloxane, 1,1,1,3,5,5,5-heptamethyl- (6CI, 7CI, 8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CC 37-3 (Plastics Manufacture and Processing)

Section cross-reference(s): 35, 74

ST polysiloxane photoreactive ester prepn; functional pendant group polysiloxane; photochem crosslinking polysiloxane pendant group; kinetics crosslinking polysiloxane pendant group

IT Siloxanes and Silicones, preparation

(photosensitive, with photosensitive pendant groups, preparation and crosslinking of, mechanism and kinetics of)

IT Kinetics of crosslinking

(photochem., of polysiloxanes with photosensitive pendant groups)

IT Crosslinking

(photochem., of polysiloxanes with photosensitive pendant groups, mechanism of)

106-92-3DP, reaction products with polysiloxanes and acids 621-82-9DP, Cinnamic acid, reaction products with epoxy siloxanes 24139-57-9DP, reaction products with epoxy siloxanes 25037-57-4DP, Octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane homopolymer, demethylated, reaction products with vinyl esters and allyl glycidyl ether 108527-03-3DP, reaction products with hydromethylsiloxanes and epoxy ether siloxanes 117523-13-4DP, reaction products with hydromethylsiloxanes and epoxy ether siloxanes and epoxy ether siloxanes 117523-14-5DP, reaction products with hydromethylsiloxanes and epoxy ether siloxanes (photosensitive, preparation and crosslinking of, mechanism and kinetics of)

IT 130313-15-4P

(preparation and hydrogenation of, as model for modification of polysiloxanes)

IT 1873-88-7

(reaction of, with Me cinnamate, as model for modification of polysiloxanes)